

Yealink Technical White Paper

Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN)

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About VLAN

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is used to logically divide a physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or connections. Grouping devices with a common set of requirements regardless of their physical location can greatly simplify network design. VLANs can address issues such as scalability, security, and network management.

IEEE 802.1Q

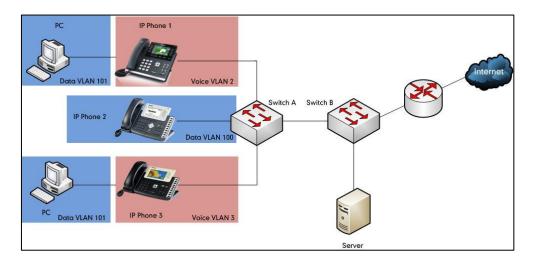
IEEE 802.1Q is the networking standard that supports VLANs on an Ethernet network. The specification defines a standard method for tagging Ethernet packets with VLAN membership information. A VLAN-aware device is the one which understands VLAN memberships and VLAN formats. When a packet from the IP phone enters the VLAN-aware portion of the network, a tag is added to represent the VLAN membership of the IP phone. Each packet must be distinguishable as being within exactly one VLAN. A packet in the VLAN-aware portion of the network that does not contain a VLAN tag is assumed to be flowing on the native (or default) VLAN.

802.1Q adds a 4-byte tag between the source MAC address and the Ethernet type fields of the Ethernet frame. Two bytes are used for the tag protocol identifier (TPID), the other two bytes for tag control information (TCI). The TCI field is further divided into PCP (Priority Code Point), CFI (Canonical Format Indicator), and VID (VLAN ID).

Voice VLAN

As voice traffic is delay and jitter sensitive for the IP phone, it requires higher priority over data traffic to reduce delay and packet loss during transmission. To simplify configuration procedures and better manage voice transmission policies, the connected switch can be configured to provide voice VLAN function and transmit the voice traffic of the IP phone in a dedicated VLAN, called voice VLAN. Voice VLAN is a special access port feature of the switch which allows IP phones to be automatically configured and easily associated with a logically separate VLAN. This feature provides various benefits, but one particular benefit is that when voice VLAN is enabled on a switch port, this port is also enabled to allow simultaneous access for a PC. This feature allows a PC to be daisy chained to an IP phone and the connection for both PC and IP phone to be trunked through the same physical Ethernet cable.

The purpose of VLAN configurations on the IP phone is to insert tag with VLAN information to the packets generated by the IP phone. When VLAN is properly configured for the ports (Internet port and PC port) on the IP phone, the IP phone will tag all packets from these ports with the VLAN ID. The switch receives and forwards the tagged packets to the corresponding VLAN according to the VLAN ID in the tags described in IEEE Std 802.3.



Major Benefits of Using VLANs

VLANs offer many benefits that are not found in typical LANs. Major benefits of segregating IP phones into VLAN(s) are listed as below:

- **Performance Enhancements:** VLAN is used to minimize the broadcast domain. Creating smaller domain for IP phone can reduce overhead and limit resource utilization. Additionally, less traffic will need to be routed, and the latency added by routers will be reduced.
- Ease of Administration: Much of the cost associated with network additions and relocations can be saved through the use of VLANs. IP phone can be shifted from one workgroup or department to another without installing new network cabling and reconfiguring hubs or routers.
- Security: VLANs can be used to create secure user groups and prevent others
 outside of the broadcast domain from receiving sensitive data of the IP phone.
 They can also be used to enhance firewall functions and restrict network access for
 one or more users. By segregating IP phones into VLANs, security filters can be
 implemented in the network to prevent the IP phones from receiving unnecessary
 traffic from other devices. This helps prevent disruption due to DoS attacks or

attempts to compromise the devices. It also allows locking down access to configuration and signaling servers to only allow access from the IP phones.

Yealink IP Phones Compatible with VLAN Method

There are four ways to get VLAN ID for Internet (WAN) port, but the VLAN used is chosen by the priority of each method (from highest to lowest): LLDP/CDP>Manual>DHCP VLAN. There is only one way to get VLAN ID for PC port: Manual.

Yealink SIP VP-T49G IP phones support VLAN in the wireless network. The method that the phones use to obtain VLAN ID in the wireless network is the same as the one in the wired network.

Note

LLDP and CDP methods have the same priority to get VLAN ID. Normally, the VLAN ID get for the IP phone by LLDP and CDP methods will be the same.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
LLDP	All IP phones	All Versions
Manual	All IP phones Note : The Manual method for PC port is not available on Yealink W52P, W56P and VP530 IP phones.	All Versions
	W52P	Firmware version 40 or later.
	T28P, T26P, T22P, T20P, T21P, T19P, T46G, T42G, T41P and CP860	Firmware version 71 or later
DHCP VLAN	T48G	Firmware version 72 or later.
	T49G, T40P, T29G, T27P, T23P/G, T21(P) E2, T19(P) and W56P	Firmware version 80 or later
CDP	T49G, T48G, T46G, T42G, T41P, T40P, T29G, T27P, T23P/G, T21(P) E2,	

The table below lists the methods supported by Yealink SIP IP phones with different versions.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
	T19(P) E2, CP860	

VLAN Discovery Method on Yealink IP Phones

Automatic Discovery Method for VLAN

LLDP

Introduction

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information that is learned about other devices. Information gathered with LLDP is stored in the device as a management information database (MIB) and can be queried with the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as specified in RFC 2922. LLDP transmits information as packets called LLDP Data Units (LLDPDUs). An LLDPDU consists of a set of Type-Length-Value (TLV) elements, each of which contains a particular type of information about the device or port transmitting it.

Each of the TLV components has the following basic structure:

Туре	Length	Value
7 bits	9 bits	0-511 octets

LLDP supports advertising the following TLVs:

- Mandatory LLDP TLVs: Chassis ID, Port ID, and Time to Live (TTL) are included in an LLDPDU by default.
- **Optional LLDP TLVs**: System Name, System Description and so on, the phone sends the optional TLVs along with the mandatory TLVs in an LLDPDU.
- Organizationally Specific TLVs: MAC/PHY Configuration/Status and Port VLAN ID, which are defined in IEEE Standard 802.3 and 802.1 respectively.

The LLDP frame ends with a special TLV, named **end of LLDPDU** in which both the **type** and **length** fields are 0.

LLDP-MED

LLDP-MED (Media Endpoint Discovery) is published by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA). It is an extension to LLDP that operates between endpoint devices and network connectivity devices. LLDP-MED specifically provides support for voice over IP (VoIP) applications and provides the following capabilities:

- Capabilities Discovery—allows LLDP-MED endpoints to determine the capabilities that the connected device supports and has enabled. It can be used to indicate whether the connected device is a phone, a switch, a repeater, etc.
- Voice VLAN Configuration—provides a mechanism for a switch to notify a device which VLAN to use, which enables "plug and play" networking.
- Power Management—provides information related to how the device is powered, power priority, and how much power the device needs.
- Inventory Management—provides a means to manage device and the attributes of the device such as model number, serial number, software revision, etc.
- Location Identification Discovery—provides location information from the switch to the device when placing an emergency call.

In addition to the TLVs advertised by LLDP, LLDP-MED also supports advertising the following TLVs:

- LLDP-MED capabilities TLV
- Network policy TLV
- Power management TLV
- Inventory management TLV
- Location identification TLV (not supported by IP phones)

It should be noted that either LLDP or LLDP-MED—but not both—can be used at any given time on an interface between two devices.

LLDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

LLDP provides exceptional interoperability benefits, IP telephony troubleshooting, automatic deployment of policies and advanced PoE (Power over Ethernet). When LLDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected LLDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive LLDP packets from the connected switch. When the application type is "voice", IP phones decide whether to update the VLAN configurations obtained from the LLDP packets. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Supported TLVs of IP Phones

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description
	Chassis ID	Specifies the IP address of the IP phone.
	Port ID	Specifies the MAC address of the IP phone.
Mandatory TLVs	Time to Live	Specifies the lifetime of the transmitted information on the IP phone. The default value is 180s.
	End of LLDPDU	Marks the end of the TLV sequence in the LLDPDU. No further processing of TLVs after this is necessary. This is a mandatory TLV and therefore must be present at the end of the data stream.
	System Name	Specifies the administratively-assigned name for the IP phone (per RFC3418). For more information, refer to Appendix B: System
		Names on page 30.
	System Description	Specifies the description of the IP phone.
		Specifies the supported and enabled capabilities of the IP phone.
	System Capabilities	For Yealink VP530, SIP-T28P/T26P/T22P/T21P/T20P/T19P:
Optional TLVs		The supported capabilities are Bridge, Telephone and Router.
		The enabled capabilities are Bridge and Telephone by default.
		For Yealink CP860, W52P, W56P, SIP VP-T49G/SIP-T48G/T46G/T42G/T41P/T40P/T29G/T27P/T2 3P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2:
		The supported capabilities are Telephone.
		The enabled capabilities are Telephone by default.
	Port Description	Specifies the description of the sending port. The default value is "WAN PORT".
IEEE Std 802.3 Organizatio nally	MAC/PHY Configuration/S tatus	Specifies duplex and bit rate settings of the IP phone. The Auto-Negotiation is supported and enabled by default.

TLVs supported by IP phones are summarized in the following table:

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description
Specific TLV		The advertised capabilities of PMD Auto-Negotiation are: 10BASE-T (half duplex mode) 10BASE-T (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (half duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 1000BASE-T (full duplex mode). Note: By default, all phones have the PMD Advertised Capability set for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX. Yealink CP860/SIP VP-T49G/SIP-T48G/T46G/T42G/T29G/T23G phones that have Gigabit Ethernet support PMD Advertise Capability also contains set 1000BASE-T.
	Media Capabilities	 Specifies the MED device type of the IP phone and the supported LLDP-MED TLV type can be encapsulated in LLDPDU. The supported LLDP-MED TLV types are: LLDP-MED Capabilities Network Policy Extended Power via MDI-PD Inventory
LLDP-MED TLVs	Network Policy Extended Power-via-MDI	Specifies the port VLAN ID, application type, L2 priority and DSCP value. Specifies power type, source, priority and value. For more information on power value, refer to
	Inventory – Hardware Revision	Appendix D: Power Values on page 31. Specifies the hardware revision of IP phone.
	Inventory – Firmware Revision	Specifies the firmware revision of IP phone.
	Inventory – Software Revision	Specifies the software revision of IP phone.
	Inventory –	Specifies the serial number of IP phone.

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description
	Serial Number	
	Inventory – Manufacturer Name	Manufacturer name of IP phone. The default value is "Yealink".
	Inventory – Model Name	Specifies the model name of IP phone. For more information, refer to Appendix C: Model Names on page 31.
	Asset ID	Specifies the asset identifier of IP phone.

Configuring LLDP Feature

LLDP is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure LLDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of LLDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s. The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 80 as examples.

To configure LLDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the LLDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the Packet Interval (1~3600s) field.

				Log Out
Yealink 1466	Status	Network DSS	Key Features Settings	Directory
	Account		incy reactines Sectings	Directory
Basic	LLDP 🕜			NOTE
		Active	Enabled 💌	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
Advanced	CDP 🕜			physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN
		Active	Disabled	membership can be configured through software instead of
		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	physically relocating devices or connections.
	VLAN 🕜			The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		VID (1-4094)	1	NAT Traversal
		Priority	0	It is a general term for techniques that establish and
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal
		VID (1-4094)	1	techniques.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click OK to reboot the IP phone.

To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
network.lldp.enable	0 or 1	1					
Description:							
Enables or disables LLDP on the IP phone.							
0-Disabled	0-Disabled						
1-Enabled							
network.lldp.packet_interval Integer from 1 to 3600 60							
Description:							
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP phone to send the LLDP request.							

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files:

```
network.lldp.enable = 1
```

```
network.lldp.packet_interval = 60
```

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2_Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

Verifying the Configuration

After LLDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., hardware revision, firmware revision, serial number) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows LLDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Supports the MAC/PHY configuration (e.g., speed rate, duplex mode).
- Obtains VLAN info from the network policy, which takes precedence over manual settings.

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (before obtaining VLAN ID).

Ele g	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatis	istics Telephony <u>T</u> ools <u>I</u> ntern	als <u>H</u> elp					
	a 😂 🕷 🕷 📄 🔚 🌌 🗶 😂 🔒 I	् 🗢 🔿 7 👱 🛙	1 🗐 🔍 Q. Q. 🖭 🖉 🛯 🐁 🔆 💢					
Filter:	lldp	▼ Ex	vression Clear Apply					
	Time Source D	Destination Proto						
		LLDP_Multicast LLDP	60 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 0					
	37.0954890 xiamenye_41:46:dd L		221 chassis Id = 0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = SIP-T46G					
		LLDP_Multicast LLDP	221 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = SIP-T46G					
336	38.1003050 C1sco_5d:42:98 L	LLDP_Multicast LLDP	545 Chassis Id = C0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fal/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cisco					
		LLDP_Multicast LLDP	545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cisco					
		LLDP_Multicast LLDP	545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-ciscd					
		LLDP_Multicast LLDP	545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-ciscd					
798	93 4243020 cisco 5d+42+98 I	INP Multicast IINP	545 chassis Td = c0+62+6h+5d+42+80 Port Td = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = vealink-risco					
n Cra	ame 328: 221 bytes on wire (176	58 hits) 221 bytes capt	ured (1768 hits)					
			DSt:LLDP_Multicast (01:80:c2:00:00:0e)					
	nk Laver Discovery Protocol							
	hassis Subtype = Network addre	255						
• F	Port Subtype = MAC address							
± 1	Fime To Live = 180 sec							
	5ystem Name = SIP-T46G							
	System Description = 28.80.208.	.78						
	Capabilities							
	Port Description = WAN PORT							
	IEEE 802.3 - MAC/PHY Configurat	tion/Status						
	TIA - Media Capabilities							
• 1	TIA - Network Policy		e (177)					
	1111 111 = TLV Type: organization Specific (127) 							
organization unique code: TIA (0x0012bb)								
Media Subtype: Network Policy (0x02)								
	Application type: Voice (1)							
	1 = Policy:	: Unknown						
	.0 = Tagged:							
	0 0000 0000 000. = VLAN Id							
	0 00 = L2 Prio	ority: 0						
	00 0000 = DSCP value: 0							

The following figure shows the LLDP packet received by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (sent by the switch).

Eie	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew (<u>io C</u> apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> ta	atistics Telephony <u>T</u> oo	ls <u>I</u> nternals <u>H</u> el	0			
		K 🖻 🖬 🗙 😂 🖴	। 🔍 🗢 🏟 🖓 🚡		€ €	0, 🖭	🖉 📧 🥦 🔆 💢	
Filter	: Ildp			Expression	Clear	Apply		
	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length I	Info		
			LLDP_Multicast	LLDP			Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealin	
			LLDP_Multicast	LLDP			Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealin	
			LLDP_Multicast	LLDP			Id = 10.10.222.19 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = SI	
1125	123.380655	cisco_5d:42:98	LLDP_Multicast	LLDP	545		Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealin	k-cisco
*							m	•
		iscovery Protocol						
		btype = MAC address		42:80				
		pe = Interface name,	, Id: Fa1/0/22					
		ve = 120 sec						
		e = yealink-cisco375				a (c.275	0-IPSERVICESK9-M), Version 12.2(55)SE6, RELEASE SOFTWARE (fc1)\nTechnical	Cupper
		iption = FastEtherne		ware, C5750 :	sortwar	e (C5/5	U-IPSERVICESK9-M), VERSION 12.2(33)SED, RELEASE SUFTWARE (ICI) (INECHINICAT	suppor
	Capabiliti		ec1/0/22					
	Management							
	Management							
٠	TIA - Medi	a Capabilities						
۲	TIA - Inve	ntory - Hardware Rev	vision					
		ntory - Software Rev						
		ntory - Manufacturer	r Name					
		ntory - Model Name						
-	TIA - Netw							
		= TLV T)		Specific (12)	0			
		0 0000 1000 = TLV Le						
	organization Unique Code: TIA (0x0012bb) Media Subtype: Network Policy (0x02)							
1	Application type: Voice (1)							
1		= Policy	v: Defined					
1		= Tagged						
		1 1011 110. = VLAN 1						
1		1 01 = L2 Pri						
	10 1110	0 = DSCP value: 46						

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (after obtaining VLAN ID).

<u>Ele</u>	Ele Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Iools Internals Help							
24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2								
Filter:	Filter Idp Expression Clear Apply							
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info			
330 355 79 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	5 38.100305 5 38.100305 2 40.113751 5 63.417699 3 93.424302 5 97.416899 1 94.24302 5 97.41689 1 94.24302 5 97.41689 1 94.24302 5 97.41689 1 94.24302 5 97.41689 1 94.24302 1 94.24302	covery Protocol ype = Network addres = MAC address = 180 sec = SIP-T466 iption = 28.80.208.7 tion = WAN PORT MAC/PHY Configurati capabilities	bits), 221 bytes d (00:15:65:41:46: s 8 on/Status : Organization Spe th: 8 (0x0012bb) (0x02) Defined Yes 2222	dd), Dst: i	LLDP_Multicast (01:80:c2:00:00:0e)			

CDP

Introduction

CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information from/to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information about other devices.

CDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

When CDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected CDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive CDP packets from the connected switch. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Configuring CDP Feature

CDP is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure CDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of CDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s. The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 80 as examples.

To configure CDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the CDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the Packet Interval (1~3600s) field.

				Log Out
Yealink 1466	Status	t Network DSS	Key Features Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜			NOTE
		Active	Enabled	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
Advanced	CDP 🕜			physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN
		Active	Enabled 💌	membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or
		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	connections.
	VLAN 🕜			The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		VID (1-4094)	1	NAT Traversal
		Priority	0	It is a general term for techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal
		VID (1-4094)	1	techniques.

5. Click Confirm to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click OK to reboot the IP phone.

To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit CDP parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default							
network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	0							
Description:									
Enables or disables CDP on the IP phone.									
0-Disabled									
1-Enabled									
network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60							
Description:									
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IF	P phone to send the CDP	request.							

The following shows an example of CDP configuration in configuration files:

```
network.cdp.enable = 1
network.cdp.packet interval = 60
```

 Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2_Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

Verifying the Configuration

After CDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., software revision, device ID, power consumption) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows CDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Obtains VLAN ID of connecting ports.

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID-with VLAN Query field).

<u>File</u>	it. View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Iools Internals Help
	8 8 8 6 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 1 9 9 9 9 1 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Filter:	cdp Ckpression Clear Apply
No.	Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info
105	2 102.491507 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 116 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
	9 103.395614 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
	5 118.399333 Xiamenye_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAqP/UDCDP 124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
	8 119.396632 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
	9 119.409462 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
	0 120.407969 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
	5 121.414332 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
	6 181.067700 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 116 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
1/1	6 181.419248 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
-	m
🗉 Fran	me 1198: 124 bytes on wire (992 bits), 124 bytes captured (992 bits)
	E 802.3 Ethernet
	ical-Link control
	to Discovery Protocol
	ersion: 2
	FL: 180 seconds
	necksum: 0xc241 [correct]
	avice ID: T460015654146DD
	ldresses
	ort ID: WAN PORT
	apabilities oftware version
	Jutare version Jatform: T46
	nation. 140
	wer Consumption: 8000 mw
	IP VLAN Query: 512
	Type: VDF VLAN Query (0x000f)
	Length: 8
	Data
	voice vLAN: 512

The following figure shows the CDP packet received by the IP phone (with VLAN Reply field).

<u>File Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Teleph</u>	
■ ■ ■ ● ■ ■ ■ ■ ● ● ●	* • • 7 ½ E = • , • , • , • # M 💀 % #
Filter: cdp	Expression Clear Apply
No. Time Source Destinatio	ion Protocol Length Info
1052 102.491507 xiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP	P/DTP/PAQP/UDCDP 116 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
	P/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
1185 118. 399333 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP	
1198 119. 396632 xiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP	
	P/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
1210 120.407969 X1amenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VIP	
4	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Eugical-Link Control	
Cisco Discovery Protocol	
Version: 2	
TTL: 180 seconds	
 Checksum: 0x3706 [correct] Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com 	
Device ID: yealink-cisco3/50.yealink.com Software Version	70
Bittorm: cisco W5-C3750V2-24T5	
Addresses	
Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22	
Capabilities	
Protocol Hello: Cluster Management	
TP Management Domain: yealink	
Native VLAN: 5	
🖲 Duplex: Half	
voip vlan Reply: 222	
Type: VOIP VLAN Reply (0x000e)	
Length: 7	
Data	
Voice VLAN: 222	
Trust Bitmap: 0x00	
Untrusted port CoS: 0x00 Management Addresses	
Management Addresses Location: \003\002	
EDCation: (005/002 Bower Available: 0 mm 4204067205 mm	
U DOMOR AVALIANIAL U MM 4204067205 MM	

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (after obtaining VLAN ID-without VLAN Query field).

Eile E	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> a	apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatist	ics Telephony <u>T</u> ools	Internals Help							
		e 🖪 🗙 😂 🗄 🗆	् 🗢 🗢 🕹 🔏 🏾		କ୍ର୍ଷ୍ 🖭	¥ 🕅 🕵 💥	B				
Filter:	cdp			Expression	. Clear Apply						
105	59 103.395614 C	ource Tamenre_41:40:00 isco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP,	UDCDP	517 Device	ID: yealink-ci		k.com Port	ID: FastEthernet	1/0/22	
119 119	98 119.396632 x 99 119.409462 c	(iamenYe_41:46:dd (iamenYe_41:46:dd (isco_5d:42:98 (iamenYe_41:46:dd	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP, CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP,	UD CDP UD CDP	124 Device 517 Device	ID: T460015654 ID: yealink-ci	146DD Port ID 146DD Port ID sco3750.yealin 146DD Port ID	: WAN PORT k.com Port	ID: FastEthernet	1/0/22	
122	25 121.414332 C		CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGP	UDCDP	517 Device	ID: yealink-ci		k.com Port	ID: FastEthernet	1/0/22	_
E IEE	me 1706: 116 b E 802.3 Etherr rical-Link Cont co Discovery F	trol	bits), 116 bytes	captured (9	928 bits)						
V T ⊞ C	rersion: 2 TL: 180 second hecksum: 0xfa3 evice ID: T460	ds 3d [correct]									
E A	ddresses Type: Address Length: 17 Number of add	ses (0x0002) dresses: 1									
H P	ort ID: WAN PC apabilities oftware Versic latform: T46	DRT									
	uplex: Half ower Consumpti	ion: 8000 mW									

DHCP VLAN

IP phones support VLAN discovery via DHCP. When the VLAN Discovery method is set to DHCP, the IP phone will detect DHCP option for a valid VLAN ID. The predefined option 132 is used to supply the VLAN ID by default. You can customize the DHCP option used to detect the VLAN ID.

Configuring DHCP Option on a DHCP Server

Before using DHCP VLAN feature on IP phones, you must make sure that the DHCP option on the DHCP server is configured properly. This section provides instructions on how to configure a DHCP option for windows using DHCP Turbo.

To configure DHCP option on a DHCP server:

- 1. Start the DHCP Turbo application.
- 2. Right click Option Types, and then select New Option Type.

🍇 DHCP Turbo on 🛛	ocal	host (modif	ied)				_								x
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>B</u> indi	ings	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp													
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Servers /		Fil	ter [Standar	d Optio	ns				ŀ	-				
🛓 🛃 Scopes			εV			Opti	on								•
			і Туре	Ctrl		P0P3	servers servers								
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		<u>D</u> elete		Del		Devio	e FQDN								
		Select <u>A</u> ll		Ctrl	+A		7 Ågent et Selec	Informati	. on						
		<u>F</u> ind		Ctrl	+F		Server	cron							
	R	Properties		Ctrl	+P			ient Coni e Test VI	figuration						-
Create a new option t	Type	Des	cripti	on											

3. Enter the desired option in the Tag field.

The custom options range from 128 to 254.

4. Enter the desired name in the Name field.

5. Select string from the pull-down list of Type.

Option Properties	X
Tag 132 🚔	
Name Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	
Type string 💌	
🗌 Signed 🔲 Arrayed	
Description	
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	

- 6. Click OK to finish setting the option properties.
- 7. Click igarrow i to accept the change.
- 8. Double click Named Policies.
- 9. Right click Global, and then select New Option.

🍇 DHCP Turbo	on lo	calhost								
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>B</u> indin	gs <u>T</u> ool	s <u>H</u> elp							
4	Þ	0		×	×	9	0	%	k ?	
Servers 🛆			Tag	∇			Name			Value
- Docalhost										
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🧭 HT Ex 🖆			Ct	Ί+V						
🦾 🌍 Datał 🕊) Un	do		Ί+Ζ						
	Ref	lo	Ct	'l+Y	_					
4	Cu		Ct	l+X						
L C	b <u>C</u> op	у	Ct	l+C						
	Pas		Ct	l+V						
2	<u>d</u> De	ete	De							
	Sel	ect <u>A</u> ll	Ct	1+A						
9	🤾 <u>F</u> in	ł	Ct	1+F						
5	Pro	perties	. Ct	'l+P						
					_					
Add a new option	n to th	is policy								

Filter	Standard Options	*	
Tag $ abla$	Name		<u> </u>
🖅6	Magic cookie		
/ 🖅 – 5	Home directory		
🖅 1	Boot file		
🚛 1	Subnet mask		
🚝 2	Time offset		
/ 🖅 🖅	Gateways		
/ 🖅 🕹	Time servers		
/ 🖅 5	IEN116 name servers		
/ 🖅 🖅	Domain name servers		
🖅 7	Log servers		
	Cookie/Quote servers		
/ 🖅 9	LPR servers		
/ 🖅 10	Impress servers		
🚛 11	RLP servers		
🚛 12	Hostname		
/ 🖅 13	Boot file size		
/ 🖅 🖅	Merit dump file		
/ 🖅 15	Domain name		
🚛 16	Swap servers		
🖅 17	Root path		
🖅 18	Extensions path		
🖅 19	IP forwarding		•
Description			5
bescription			3
		OK	Cancel

The Option Selector screen displays as below:

- **10.** Scroll down and double click the option created above.
- 11. Fill the VLAN ID to be assigned in the input field.

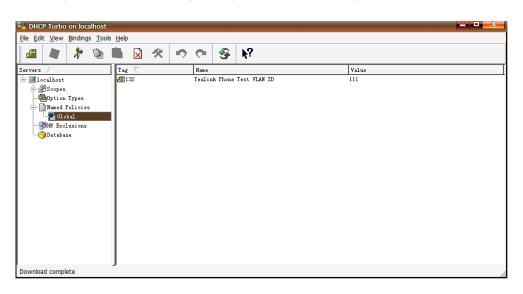
Three formats of valid values: VLAN-A=*VLANID*, *VLANID* and VID=*VLANID*. VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094.

4 Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	
111	
Expression	Build
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	\underline{A} dvanced $>>$

12. Click OK to finish setting a custom option.

13. Click 📓 to accept the change.

Then you can find the configured option under Global option.



Configuring DHCP Option on Yealink IP Phones

DHCP VLAN is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure DHCP VLAN via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the DHCP option. The default DHCP option is 132. The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 80 as examples.

To configure DHCP VLAN feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of DHCP VLAN Active.
- 4. Enter the desired value in the **Option** field.

You can specify 5 options at most and separate options by commas. The default value is 132.

ealink 1466					Log Ot		
	Status Accoun	t Network DS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security		
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE		
PC Port		Active	Enabled]	VLAN		
		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		It is used to logically divide a		
Advanced	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured		
		Active	Enabled 💌		through software instead of physically relocating devices or		
		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		connections.		
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to		
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled]	lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN		
		VID (1-4094)	1		NAT Traversal		
		Priority	0]	It is a general term for techniques that establish and maintain IP connections		
	PC Port	Active	Disabled 💌]	traversing NAT gateways. STU		
		VID (1-4094)	1		techniques.		
		Priority	0 💌]	You can configure NAT travers for the IP phone.		
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled 🗸]	Quality of Service (QoS)		
		Option (1-255)	132		It is the ability to provide different priorities for different		

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default									
network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1									
Description:											
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature on the IP phone.											
0-Disabled											
1-Enabled											
network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132									
Description:	Description:										
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the	VLAN ID.										
You can specify 5 options at most and separe	ate options by commas.										

The following shows an example of DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

```
network.vlan.dhcp_enable = 1
network.vlan.dhcp option = 132
```

Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.
 For more information on auto provisioning, refer to Yealink_SIP-T2_Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Verifying the Configuration

When the IP phone is configured to use DHCP for VLAN discovery, and the DHCP option is set to 132, the following processes occur:

- 1. The IP phone broadcasts a DHCP Discover message to find out if there is a DHCP server available.
- 2. If the DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132, the phone will accept the Offer, send a DHCP Request, and save the VLAN ID provided by the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.
- After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, the phone will release the leased IP address and start a new DHCP Discover cycle with the now known Voice VLAN ID tag.

After this process, the phone will send all packets with the VLAN ID obtained from the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.

The following figure shows the DHCP Discover message sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID):

Ele g	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	Capture Analyze Stat	istics Telephony <u>T</u> ools In	ternals <u>H</u> elp									
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Filter:	bootp			Expression	Clear Apply								
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info								
- [3 0.110993	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Discove	- Tra	nsaction	ID 0x83	952d00			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP		offer			ID 0X83				
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Request	- Tra	nsaction	ID 0xbd	aa1562			
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				ID 0xbd				
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP					ID 0x83				
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				ID 0x83				
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP					ID 0xc4				
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP				ID 0xc4				
	11 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP					ID 0xc4				
	12 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Tra	nsaction	ID 0xc4	8e620			
Int		ol version 4, Src	: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0), : bootpc (68), Dst Po			255.255.2	55.255)						
	tstrap Proto			sootpo	()								
N	lessage_type:	Boot Request (1)											
	lardware type				7								
		ess length: 6	Click here to know mo	re information.									
	lops: 0				1								
		D: 0x83952d00											
	Seconds_elaps												
		0x0000 (Unicast)											
		ress: 0.0.0.0 (0. IP address: 0.0.											
		P address: 0.0.0.											
		P address: 0.0.0.											
			1:27:b1 (00:15:65:11:	27 · b1)									
			g: 000000000000000000000000000000000000										
0020	2d 00 00 64	00 00 00 00 00 0	2a 01 01 06 00 83 95 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 27 b1 00 00 00 00 00	D.C., d									

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ter: b	ootp		-	Expression.	Clear Apply						
	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info						
3											
		5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				D 0x83952d00		
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP					D 0xbdaa1562		
		5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				D 0xbdaa1562		
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP					D 0x83952d00		
	0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				D 0x83952d00		
	10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP					D 0xc48e620		
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP				D 0xc48e620		
	10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP					D 0xc48e620		
12	10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Transad	tion I	D 0xc48e620		
Yo Ne: Re C1 C1 Bo Ma ■ Op ■ Op ■ Op ■ Op	ur (client) kt server I lay agent I ient MAC ad ient hardwa ver host n tfile nam gic cookie: ifon: (t=51 tfon: (t=51 tfon: (t=52 tfon: (t=52) tfon: (t=52) tf	re address paddir ame not given pHCP ,1=1) DHCP Messag ,1=7) Client ider ,1=12) Vendor cla	0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 1;27:bl (00:15:65:11 g: 00000000000000000 e Type = DHCP Discovi tifier s: identifier = "udhr r-specific Informati P Message Size = 576	2000 2r 2p 1.10.3"]						
En	d Option dding	,,									

The following figure shows the DHCP Offer message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132):

<u>File</u>	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	<u>Capture</u> <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> ta	tistics Telephon <u>y T</u> ools <u>I</u> n	ternals <u>H</u> elp						
		📄 🔏 🗶 🎜 🖴	🔍 🗢 🛸 📣 🚡 👱		କ୍ର୍ଷ୍ 🖭	🏼 🖾 📲	3 🕺 🛙 🔀			
Filter:	bootp			Expression	Clear Apply					
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
	3 0.110993		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction		_	
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	6 0.154213 7 0.200977	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP			- Transaction			
	9 10.068604		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP	342 DHCP					
	9 10.068604 0.0.0.0 255.255.255.255.255 DHCP 594 DHCP 0156:cover - Transaction ID 0xc48e620 10 10.074079 10.10.111.254 10.10.111.2 DHCP 346 DHCP 0ffer - Transaction ID 0xc48e620									
	11 10.161676 0.0.0.0 255.255.255 DHCP 594 DHCP Request - Transaction ID Oxc48e620									
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP		- Transaction			
< [
	Next server IP address: 5.5.5.2 (5.5.5.2) Relay agent IP address: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0.0.0) Client MAC address: Xiamenve_11:27:b1 (00:15:65:11:27:b1) Client Machaine address paddring: 000000000000000000000000000000000000									
. € C	<pre>n option: (t=12, 1=3) PKE - undefined (vendor specific) option: (t=22, 1=3) Unassigned @ option: (t=22, 1=4) Unassigned @ option: (t=24, 1=5) DOCSIS full security server IP [TODO] @ option: (t=54, 1=4) DHCP Server Identifier = 5.5.5.2 End option Padding</pre>									
0120 0130	ff ff 00 33 04 00 00 2a	04 00 00 54 60 30 03 04 05 05	63 35 01 02 01 04 ff 3b 04 00 00 49 d4 3a 05 01 84 03 31 31 31 34 36 04 05 05 05 02	c. 31 *0	şc5 					

The following figure shows the DHCP message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sent the ACK message to the phone):

<u>File Edit View Go Capt</u>	ture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools <u>I</u> r	Internals Help
	📅 🗶 😂 📇 🔍 🗢 🌳 🚳 😵 生	L 🗐 🗐 Q, Q, Q, 🗹 👹 🕺 🧏 🙀
Filter: bootp		Expression Clear Apply
No. Time Sou	rce Destination	Protocol Length Info
	0.0.0 255.255.255.255	DHCP 590 DHCP Discover - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
4 0.115183 5.5		DHCP 342 DHCP Offer - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
5 0.150004 0.0		DHCP 590 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0xbdaa1562
6 0.154213 5.5 7 0.200977 0.0		DHCP 342 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0xbdaa1562 DHCP 590 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
8 0, 205328 5, 5		DHCP 590 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0x83952d00 DHCP 342 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
9 10.068604 0.0		DRCP 542 DRCP ACK - Haisaction ID 0xc486520
10 10.074079 10.		DHCP 346 DHCP OFFer - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
11 10.161676 0.0		DHCP 594 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
12 10.163676 10.	10.111.254 10.10.111.2	DHCP 346 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
4		III. •
Next Server Tra a Relay agent Tra Client MAC addre Client Hardware Boot file namedware Boot file namedware Doption: (t=53, 1= Doption: (t=54, 1=) Doption: (t=54, 1=) Doption: (t=222, 1)	<pre>CP</pre>	s , 15 minutes fic)

After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, IP phone will release the leased IP address (5.5.5.18) and start a new DHCP Discover message with the VLAN-tag 111.

The following figure shows the DHCP messages received by the IP phone:

File Edit View	e Edit. View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Iools Internals Heb								
		Q ⇔ ⇒ ⊗ 7 ½			n ale i 1998				
		🔨 🖗 🖗 🖗 😤] 🖷 🖂 🛛	9 70 I HH				
Filter: bootp		-	Expression Clear Apply						
No. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol Length Inf	,					
3 0.11099		255.255.255.255			- Transaction				
	3 5.5.5.2			CP Offer	- Transaction				
	4 0.0.0.0				- Transaction				
	3 5.5.5.2			CP ACK	- Transaction				
	7 0.0.0.0				- Transaction				
	8 5.5.5.2		DHCP 342 DH		- Transaction				
	04 0.0.0.0				- Transaction				
	79 10.10.111.254			CP Offer	- Transaction				
	11.10.161676 0.0.0 255.255.255.255.04CP 594 DHCP Request - Transaction 10 0xc48e620 12.10.163676 10.10.111.254 10.10.111.2 DHCP 346 DHCP ACK - Transaction 10 0xc48e620								
12 10.1636	76 10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2			- Transaction	ID 0xc48e620			
H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H									
<pre>Ethernet II (VLAN tagged), src: cisco_5d:42:c4 (c0:62:6b:5d:42:c4), bst: xlamerve_l1:27:b1 (00:15:65:11:27:b1)</pre>									
Client IP	s: 0x0000 (Unicast) address: 0.0.0.0 (0 nt) IP address: 10.	0.0.0) 10.111.2 (10.10.111.2)							
0030 06 00 0c 0040 6f 02 00	48 e6 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 0a 0a 00 00 15 65 11 27 b1	H						

After this process, the phone has obtained an IP address (10.10.111.2) from the DHCP server in the VLAN 111.

Manual Configuration for VLAN

VLAN is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure VLAN via web user interface or phone user interface or using configuration files. Before configuring VLAN on the IP phone, you need to obtain the VLAN ID from your network administrator. When you configure VLAN feature, the most important issue is to confirm the type of the connected port (access, trunk, and hybrid) on the switch. This ensures that the traffics (tagged/untagged) from the IP phones can be transmitted properly. VLAN feature could affect the ability of the IP phones to function in the network. Contact your network administrator for more information before configuration.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the Internet (WAN) port and PC port respectively. The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 80 as examples.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of WAN Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.

5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

7 is the highest priority.

Yealink 1466									Log Out
	Status	Account	Network	DSSK	ley	Features	Settings	Directory	Security
Basic	LLDP	0						NOTE	
PC Port		-	Active Packet Interval (1~36	00s)	Enabled 60	1	•	physical netw	ogically divide a ork into several
	CDP	0	Active Packet Interval (1~36	00s)	Enabled	1	×	through softv	nains. VLAN an be configured vare instead of cating devices or
	VLAN	0	i denormientar († 55		00			method (from	
	WAI	N Port	Active		Enabled	1		configuration-	/CDP->manual >DHCP VLAN
			VID (1-4094)		77			NAT Travers It is a general	term for
			Priority		5			maintain IP co	
	PC F	ort	Active		Disabled	ł	•	traversing NA is one of the	T gateways. STUN NAT traversal
			VID (1-4094)		1			techniques.	
			Priority		0			You can confi for the IP pho	gure NAT traversal me.

6. Click Confirm to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click OK to reboot the IP phone.

To configure VLAN for PC port via web user interface:

- Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential. The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".
- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of PC Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of Priority.

7 is the highest priority.

Yealink 1466				Log Out
	Status Acco	unt Network DS	SKey Features	Settings Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜			NOTE
PC Port		Active Packet Interval (1~3600s)	Enabled	VLAN It is used to logically divide a physical network into several
Advanced	CDP 🕜	Active	Enabled	prostant devoirs incoversion several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or
	VLAN 🕜	Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	connections. The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to
	WAN Port	Active	Enabled 💌	lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		VID (1-4094) Priority	77 5	NAT Traversal It is a general term for techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
	PC Port	Active VID (1-4094)	Enabled 76	traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
		Priority	3	You can configure NAT traversal for the IP phone.
	DHCP VLAN	Active Option (1-255)	Enabled I32	Quality of Service (QoS) It is the ability to provide different priorities for different packets in the network,

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click OK to reboot the IP phone.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via phone user interface:

- Press Menu->Settings->Advanced Settings (password: admin)
 ->Network->VLAN->WAN Port.
- Press (•) or (•), or the Switch soft key to select the desired value from VLAN Status field.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID field.
- 4. Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.

7 is the highest priority.

	WAI	N Port	
1. VLAN Statu	IS:	Enabled	$\triangleleft \triangleright$
2. VID Numbe	er:	77	
3. Priority:		5	
Back	123	Delete	Save

5. Press the **Save** soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

To configure VLAN for PC port via phone user interface:

- 1. Press Menu->Settings->Advanced Settings (password: admin) ->Network->VLAN->PC Port.
- Press (•) or (•), or the Switch soft key to select the desired value from VLAN Status field.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID field.
- 4. Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.
 - 7 is the highest priority.

2. VID Number: 76 3. Priority: 3
3. Priority: 3
, i nondy.

5. Press the Save soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

1. Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters Permitted Values Defo							
network.vlan.internet_port_enable 0 or 1 0							
Description: Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID in packets sent from the Internet (WAN) port. 1 -Disabled							
0-Disabled 1-Enabled							
network.vlan.internet_port_vid Integer from 1 to 4094 1							
Description:							
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with	the particular VLAN.						

Parameters Permitted Values Defau								
network.vlan.internet_port_priority Integer from 0 to 7 0								
Description:								
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VL	AN packets.							
network.vlan.pc_port_enable 0 or 1 0								
Description: Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID in packets sent from the PC port. 0-Disabled 1-Enabled								
network.vlan.pc_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1						
Description: Configures the VLAN ID that associates with	the particular VLAN.							
network.vlan.pc_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0						
Description:								
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VL	Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN packets.							

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

```
network.vlan.internet_port_enable = 1
network.vlan.internet_port_vid = 77
network.vlan.internet_port_priority = 5
network.vlan.pc_port_enable = 1
network.vlan.pc_port_vid = 76
network.vlan.pc_port_priority = 3
```

Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.
 For more information on auto provisioning, refer to Yealink_SIP-T2_Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wireless Network

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the wireless network. It is only applicable to SIP VP-T49G IP phones. VLAN feature in the wireless

network can be configured using the configuration files only.

To configure VLAN feature in the wireless network using configuration file:

1. Add/Edit VLAN for wireless network parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

wifi.vlan_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables VLAN discovery feature in the wireless network for the IP phone.								
0-Disabled								
1-Enabled								
network.vlan.wifi_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables manual configuration of VLAN feature in the wireless network for								
the IP phone.								
0-Disabled								
1-Enabled								
network.vlan.wifi_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1						
Description:								
Configures VLAN ID in the wireless network for t	he IP phone.							
network.vlan.wifi_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0						
Description:								
Configures VLAN priority in the wireless network	t for the IP phone.							

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

```
wifi.vlan_enable = 1
network.vlan.wifi_enable = 1
network.vlan.wifi_vid = 77
network.vlan.wifi_priority = 3
```

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2_Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

Verifying the Configuration

The IP phone reboots after VLAN feature has been enabled. After starting up, the IP phone will be assigned with a subnet address defined for VLAN 77.

The following figure shows the VLAN ID sent and received by the IP phone:

Eile	.	<u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u> o	⊆apture <u>A</u> nalyze ;	Statistics Telephony	<u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp	
			¥ 📄 🖬 🗙	28 🔍 🔶	چ چ	77 👱 🗐 📑 €, Q, 00, 177 👪 🕅 畅 % 193
Filte	er:	sip				▼ Expression Clear Apply
No.		Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1	11	2.449322	10.2.11.216	10.2.1.199	SIP/SDF	PRequest: INVITE sip:201@10.2.1.199, with session description
		2.451191	10.2.1.199	10.2.11.216	SIP	Status: 100 Trying
			10.2.1.199	10.2.8.216		PRequest: INVITE sip:201@10.2.8.216:5062, with session description
			10.2.8.216	10.2.1.199	SIP	Status: 100 Trying
		3.649007	10.2.8.216	10.2.1.199	SIP	Status: 180 Ringing
			10.2.1.199	10.2.11.216	SIP	Status: 180 Ringing
			10.2.8.216	10.2.1.199		Status: 200 OK, with session description
		4.415661	10.2.1.199	10.2.11.216		Status: 200 OK, with session description
			10.2.11.216	10.2.8.216	SIP	Request: ACK sip:201010.2.8.216:5062
	23	4.496749	10.2.11.216	10.2.8.216	SIP	Request: ACK sip:201010.2.8.216:5062
4						
						captured (7264 bits)
					:65:12:2	2:f9), Dst: Cisco_40:da:55 (6c:50:4d:40:da:55)
= 8				CFI: 0, ID: 77		
				ority: Excellent	: Etfort	(3)
			= CFI:			
			$100 \ 1101 = ID:$	11		
_ L		гуре: IP (С				
						Dst: 10.2.1.199 (10.2.1.199)
			ation Protocol	Purt: na-local	ise (506	2), Dst Port: sip (5060)
E B	262	ssion Initi	action Protocol			

Appendix

Appendix A: Glossary

IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) –a professional association headquartered in New York City that is dedicated to advancing technological innovation and excellence.

TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association) –accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to develop voluntary, consensus-based industry standards for a wide variety of ICT products.

IEEE 802.3 – a working group and a collection of IEEE standards produced by the working group defining the physical layer and data link layer's media access control (MAC) of wired Ethernet.

Port-based VLAN –a port-based VLAN is a group of ports on a Gigabit Ethernet Switch that form a logical Ethernet segment. Each port of a port-based VLAN can belong to only one VLAN at a time.

Port and Protocol-based VLAN –initially defined in IEEE 802.1v (currently amended as part of 802.1Q-2003) enables data frame classification and assignment to unique VLANs based on the received data frame type and the protocol information in its payload.

TPID (tag protocol identifier) –a 16-bit field set to a value of 0x8100 in order to identify the frame as an IEEE 802.1Q-tagged frame. It is used to distinguish the frame from untagged frames.

PCP (Priority Code Point) -a 3-bit field which refers to the IEEE 802.1p priority. It indicates

the frame priority level. Values are from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest); 1 represents the lowest priority.

CFI (Canonical Format Indicator) –used for compatibility reason between Ethernet type network and Token Ring type network. It is always set to zero for Ethernet switches. If a frame received at an Ethernet port has a CFI set to 1, then that frame should not be forwarded as it is to an untagged port.

Appendix B: System Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their system names:

Model	System Name
CP860	CP860
W52P/W56P	W52P
VP530	V4X
SIP-T28P	SIP-T28P
SIP-T26P	SIP-T26P
SIP-T22P	SIP-T22P
SIP-T21P	T21D
SIP-T20P	SIP-T20P
SIP-T19P	T21D
SIP VP-T49G	SIP VP-T49G
SIP-T48G	SIP-T48G
SIP-T46G	SIP-T46G
SIP-T42G	SIP-T42G
SIP-T41P	SIP-T41P
SIP-T40P	SIP-T40P
SIP-T29G	SIP-T29G
SIP-T27P	SIP-T27P
SIP-T23P	SIP-T23P
SIP-T23G	SIP-T23G
SIP-T21(P) E2	SIP-T21P_E2
SIP-T19(P) E2	SIP-T19P_E2

Appendix C: Model Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their model names:

Model	Model Name
CP860	CP860
W52P/W56P	W52P
VP530	VideoPhone
SIP-T28P	SIP-T28P
SIP-T26P	SIP-T26P
SIP-T22P	SIP-T22P
SIP-T21P	T21D
SIP-T20P	SIP-T20P
SIP-T19P	T19D
SIP VP-T49G	Т49
SIP-T48G	T48
SIP-T46G	T46
SIP-T42G	T42
SIP-T41P	T41
SIP-T40P	T40
SIP-T29G	Т29
SIP-T27P	T27
SIP-T23P/G	T23
SIP-T21(P) E2	T21P_E2
SIP-T19(P) E2	T19P_E2

Appendix D: Power Values

The following table outlines the power value sent in LLDP-MED:

Model	Power Value
CP860	8100mW
W52P/W56P	1500mW

Model	Power Value
VP530	6900mW
SIP-T28P	3100mW
SIP-T26P	2700mW
SIP-T22P	2900mW
SIP-T21P	3600mW
SIP-T20P	2800mW
SIP-T19P	3600mW
SIP-T48G	10600mW
SIP-T46G	8000mW
SIP-T42G	5900mW
SIP-T41P	3200mW
SIP-T40P	5300mW
SIP-T29G	8100mW
SIP-T27P	4000mW
SIP-T23P	6500mW
SIP-T23G	2600mW
SIP-T21P E2	4000mW
SIP-T19P E2	4000mW

Appendix E: Normative References

LLDP and LLDP-MED: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Link_Layer_Discovery_Protocol

CDP: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cisco_Discovery_Protocol

IEEE 802.3: http://www.ieee802.org/3/

VLAN: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual_LAN

IEEE 802.1q: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/802.1Q

LLDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12.2_55_s e/configuration/guide/swlldp.html

CDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12-2_5

5_se/configuration/guide/scg3750/swcdp.html

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