

VLAN Feature on Yealink IP Phones



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About VLAN

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is used to logically divide a physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or connections. Grouping devices with a common set of requirements regardless of their physical location can greatly simplify network design. VLANs can address issues such as scalability, security, and network management.

IEEE 802.1Q

IEEE 802.1Q is the networking standard that supports VLANs on an Ethernet network. The specification defines a standard method for tagging Ethernet packets with VLAN membership information. A VLAN-aware device is the one which understands VLAN memberships and VLAN formats. When a packet from the phone enters the VLAN-aware portion of the network, a tag is added to represent the VLAN membership of the phone. Each packet must be distinguishable as being within exactly one VLAN. A packet in the VLAN-aware portion of the network that does not contain a VLAN tag is assumed to be flowing on the native (or default) VLAN.

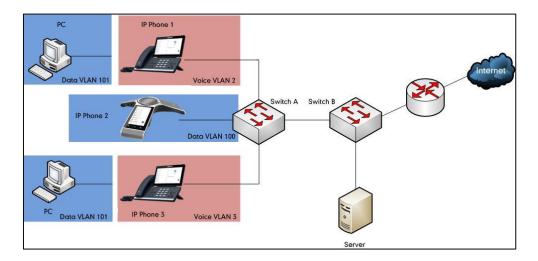
802.1Q adds a 4-byte tag between the source MAC address and the Ethernet type fields of the Ethernet frame. Two bytes are used for the tag protocol identifier (TPID), the other two bytes for tag control information (TCI). The TCI field is further divided into PCP (Priority Code Point), CFI (Canonical Format Indicator), and VID (VLAN ID).

Voice VLAN

As voice traffic is delay and jitter sensitive for the phone, it requires higher priority over data traffic to reduce delay and packet loss during transmission. To simplify configuration procedures and better manage voice transmission policies, the connected switch can be configured to provide voice VLAN function and transmit the voice traffic of the phone in a dedicated VLAN, called voice VLAN.

Voice VLAN is a special access port feature of the switch which allows phones to be automatically configured and easily associated with a logically separate VLAN. This feature provides various benefits, but one particular benefit is that when voice VLAN is enabled on a switch port, this port is also enabled to allow simultaneous access for a PC. This feature allows a PC to be daisy chained to a phone and the connection for both PC and phone to be trunked through the same physical Ethernet cable.

The purpose of VLAN configurations on the phone is to insert tag with VLAN information to the packets generated by the phone. When VLAN is properly configured for the ports (Internet port and PC port) on the phone, the phone will tag all packets from these ports with the VLAN ID. The switch receives and forwards the tagged packets to the corresponding VLAN according to the VLAN ID in the tags described in IEEE Std 802.3.



Major Benefits of Using VLANs

VLANs offer many benefits that are not found in typical LANs. Major benefits of segregating phones into VLAN(s) are listed as below:

- **Performance Enhancements:** VLAN is used to minimize the broadcast domain. Creating smaller domain for phone can reduce overhead and limit resource utilization. Additionally, less traffic will need to be routed, and the latency added by routers will be reduced.
- **Ease of Administration:** Much of the cost associated with network additions and relocations can be saved through the use of VLANs. phone can be shifted from one workgroup or department to another without installing new network cabling and reconfiguring hubs or routers.
- Security: VLANs can be used to create secure user groups and prevent others outside of the broadcast domain from receiving sensitive data of the phone. They can also be used to enhance firewall functions and restrict network access for one or more users. By segregating phones into VLANs, security filters can be implemented in the network to prevent the phones from receiving unnecessary traffic from other devices. This helps prevent disruption due to DoS attacks or attempts to compromise the devices. It also allows locking down access to configuration and signaling servers to only allow access from the phones.

Yealink Phones Compatible with VLAN Method

There are four ways to get VLAN ID for Internet (WAN) port, but the VLAN used is chosen by the priority of each method (from highest to lowest): LLDP/CDP>Manual>DHCP VLAN. There is only one way to get VLAN ID for PC port: Manual. The Manual method for PC port is not available on CP960 Teams IP Phones.

Note LLDP and CDP methods have the same priority to get VLAN ID. Normally, the VLAN ID get for the phone by LLDP and CDP methods will be the same.

VLAN Discovery Method on Yealink Phones

Automatic Discovery Method for VLAN

LLDP

Introduction

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) allows phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information that is learned about other devices. Information gathered with LLDP is stored in the device as a management information database (MIB) and can be queried with the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as specified in RFC 2922. LLDP transmits information as packets called LLDP Data Units (LLDPDUs). An LLDPDU consists of a set of Type-Length-Value (TLV) elements, each of which contains a particular type of information about the device or port transmitting it.

Each of the TLV components has the following basic structure:

Туре	Length	Value
7 bits	9 bits	0-511 octets

LLDP supports advertising the following TLVs:

- Mandatory LLDP TLVs: Chassis ID, Port ID, and Time to Live (TTL) are included in an LLDPDU by default.
- **Optional LLDP TLVs**: System Name, System Description and so on, the phone sends the optional TLVs along with the mandatory TLVs in an LLDPDU.
- **Organizationally Specific TLVs**: MAC/PHY Configuration/Status and Port VLAN ID, which are defined in IEEE Standard 802.3 and 802.1 respectively.

The LLDP frame ends with a special TLV, named **end of LLDPDU** in which both the **type** and **length** fields are 0.

LLDP-MED

LLDP-MED (Media Endpoint Discovery) is published by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA). It is an extension to LLDP that operates between endpoint devices and network connectivity devices. LLDP-MED specifically provides support for voice over IP (VoIP) applications and provides the following capabilities:

- Capabilities Discovery–allows LLDP-MED endpoints to determine the capabilities that the connected device supports and has enabled. It can be used to indicate whether the connected device is a phone, a switch, a repeater, etc.
- Voice VLAN Configuration-provides a mechanism for a switch to notify a device which VLAN to use, which enables "plug and play" networking.
- Power Management-provides information related to how the device is powered, power priority, and how much power the device needs.
- Inventory Management-provides a means to manage device and the attributes of the device such as model number, serial number, software revision, etc.
- Location Identification Discovery–provides location information from the switch to the device when placing an emergency call.

In addition to the TLVs advertised by LLDP, LLDP-MED also supports advertising the following TLVs:

- LLDP-MED capabilities TLV
- Network policy TLV
- Power management TLV
- Inventory management TLV
- Location identification TLV (not supported by phones)

It should be noted that either LLDP or LLDP-MED-but not both-can be used at any given time on an interface between two devices.

LLDP Feature on Yealink Phones

LLDP provides exceptional interoperability benefits, IP telephony troubleshooting, automatic deployment of policies and advanced PoE (Power over Ethernet). When LLDP feature is enabled on phones, the phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected LLDP-enabled switch. The phones can also receive LLDP packets from the connected switch. When the application type is "voice", phones decide whether to update the VLAN configurations obtained from the LLDP packets. When the VLAN configurations on the phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Supported TLVs of Phones

TLVs supported by phones are summarized in the following table:

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description						
	Chassis ID	Specifies the IP address of the phone.						
	Port ID	Specifies the MAC address of the phone.						
Mandatory TLVs	Time to Live	Specifies the lifetime of the transmitted information on the phone. The default value is 180s.						
	End of LLDPDU	Marks the end of the TLV sequence in the LLDPDU. No further processing of TLVs after this is necessary. This is a mandatory TLV and therefore must be present at the end of the data stream.						
	System Name	Specifies the administratively-assigned name for the phone (per RFC3418). For more information, refer to Appendix B: System Names on page 1.						
Optional	System Description	Specifies the description of the phone.						
TLVs	System Capabilities	Specifies the supported and enabled capabilities of the phone. The Telephone capability is supported and enabled by default.						
	Port Description	Specifies the description of the sending port. The default value is "WAN PORT".						
IEEE Std 802.3 Organization ally Specific TLV	MAC/PHY Configuration/St atus	 Specifies duplex and bit rate settings of the phone. The Auto-Negotiation is supported and enabled by default. The advertised capabilities of PMD Auto-Negotiation are: 10BASE-T (half duplex mode) 10BASE-T (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (half duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 100BASE-T (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 100BASE-T (full duplex mode) 						

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description							
		Yealink T58A/T56A Teams phones that have Gigabit Ethernet support 1000BASE-T.							
	Media Capabilities	Specifies the MED device type of the phone and the supported LLDP-MED TLV type can be encapsulated in LLDPDU. The supported LLDP-MED TLV types are: LLDP-MED Capabilities Network Policy Extended Power via MDI-PD Inventory							
	Network Policy	Specifies the port VLAN ID, application type, L2 priority and DSCP value.							
	Extended Power-via-MDI	Specifies power type, source, priority and value. For more information on power value, refer to Appendix D: Power Values on page 2.							
LLDP-MED TLVs	Inventory - Hardware Revision	Specifies the hardware revision of phone.							
	Inventory - Firmware Revision	Specifies the firmware revision of phone.							
	Inventory - Software Revision	Specifies the software revision of phone.							
	Inventory - Serial Number	Specifies the serial number of phone.							
	Inventory - Manufacturer Name	Manufacturer name of phone. The default value is "Yealink".							
	Inventory - Model Name	Specifies the model name of phone. For more information, refer to Appendix C: Model Names on page 2.							
	Asset ID	Specifies the asset identifier of phone.							

Configuring LLDP Feature

LLDP is enabled on phones by default. You can configure LLDP via web user interface or using

configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of LLDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s. The followings take configurations of a T58A Teams IP phone as examples.

To configure LLDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the LLDP block, turn on the LLDP feature.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the **Packet Interval (1~3600s)** field.

Yealink TS8			
Status ~	LLDP		
So Network	Active		0
	Packet Interval (1-3800s)	60	0
PC Port	CDP 🔞		
Advanced	Active		0
😍 Features 🛛 👻	Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	0
Settings	VLAN 🕜		
Security ~	WAN Port		
	Active		0
	VID (1-4094)		0
	Priority		• 0

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the phone.

To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default								
static.network.lldp.enable	0 or 1	1								
Description:										
Enables or disables LLDP on the phone.										
0-Disabled										
1-Enabled										
static.network.lldp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60								
Description:										
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the phon	e to send the LLDP request									

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files: static.network.lldp.enable = 1 static.network.lldp.packet_interval = 60

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to

Yealink_Teams_HD_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Verifying the Configuration

After LLDP feature is enabled, the phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., hardware revision, firmware revision, serial number) of the phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows LLDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Supports the MAC/PHY configuration (e.g., speed rate, duplex mode).
- Obtains VLAN info from the network policy, which takes precedence over manual settings.

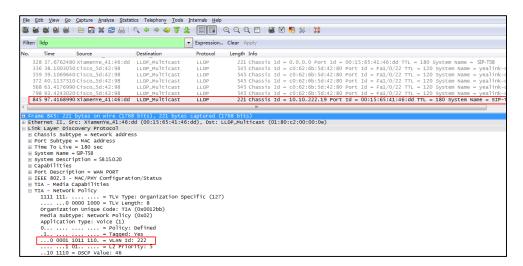
The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (before obtaining VLAN ID).

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The following figure shows the LLDP packet received by the phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (sent by the switch).

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The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (after obtaining VLAN ID).



CDP

Introduction

CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) allows phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information from/to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information about other devices.

CDP Feature on Yealink Phones

When CDP feature is enabled on phones, the phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected CDP-enabled switch. The phones can also receive CDP packets from the connected switch. When the VLAN configurations on the phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Configuring CDP Feature

CDP is disabled on phones by default. You can configure CDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of CDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s.

Configuring CDP via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a T58A Teams phone as examples.

To configure CDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the CDP block, turn on the CDP feature.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the Packet Interval (1~3600s) field.

Yealink	T58			
Status	~	LLDP		
Network	^	Active		0
		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60	0
PC Port		CDP		
Advanced		Active		0
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Security	ř	WAN Port		
		Active	COFF	0
		VID (1-4094)		0
		Priority	0	· 0

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the phone.

To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit CDP parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
static.network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default							
Enables or disables CDP on the phone.									
0-Disabled									
1-Enabled									
static.network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60							
Description:									
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the phon	e to send the CDP request.								
The following shows an example of CDP configura	tion in configuration files:								

static.network.cdp.enable = 1

static.network.cdp.packet_interval = 60

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to Yealink_Teams_HD_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Verifying the Configuration

After CDP feature is enabled, the phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., software revision, device ID, power consumption) of the phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows CDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Obtains VLAN ID of connecting ports.

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the phone (before obtaining VLAN ID-with VLAN Query field).

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The following figure shows the CDP packet received by the phone (with VLAN Reply field).

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The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the phone (after obtaining VLAN ID-without VLAN Query field).

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1185 118. 399333 xiamenye_41:46:do		124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
1198 119. 396632 xiamenYe_41:46:do		124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
1199 119.409462 cisco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UD CDP	517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
1210 120.407969 XiamenYe_41:46:do		124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
1225 121.414332 cisco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP	517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22
1706 181.067700 XiamenYe_41:46:do	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP	116 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT
<[m
□ Frame 1706: 116 bytes on wire (9	8 bits), 116 bytes captured ((928 bits)
IEEE 802.3 Ethernet		
E Logical-Link Control		
Cisco Discovery Protocol version: 2		
TTL: 180 seconds		
Checksum: 0xfa3d [correct]		
Device ID: T460015654146DD		
Addresses		
Type: Addresses (0x0002)		
Length: 17		
Number of addresses: 1		
IP address: 10.10.222.19		
Port ID: WAN PORT		
Capabilities Software Version		
Platform: T46		
Duplex: Half		
Power Consumption: 8000 mW		

DHCP VLAN

Phones support VLAN discovery via DHCP. When the VLAN Discovery method is set to DHCP, the phone will detect DHCP option for a valid VLAN ID. The predefined option 132 is used to supply the VLAN ID by default. You can customize the DHCP option used to detect the VLAN ID.

Configuring DHCP Option on a DHCP Server

Before using DHCP VLAN feature on phones, you must make sure that the DHCP option on the DHCP server is configured properly. This section provides instructions on how to configure a DHCP option for windows using DHCP Turbo.

To configure DHCP option on a DHCP server:

- **1.** Start the DHCP Turbo application.
- 2. Right click **Option Types**, and then select **New Option Type**.

Ele Edit View Bindings Iools Help	
Servers / Filter Standard Options]
E Scopes Detion	<u> </u>
Children New Option Type Ctrl+V SNTP servers Brased Policic Made Volicic Undo Ctrl+Z NNTP servers	
Database 🕅 Redo Ctrl+Y WWW servers	
Cut Ctrl+X IRC servers	
Copy Ctrl+C Streettalk servers	
Paste Ctrl+V Streettalk DA servers User class	
Delete Del Device FQDN	
Select All Ctrl+A Relay Agent Information	
Subset Zill Current Subset Selection	
Properties Ctrl+P	
Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	<u> </u>
Create a new option type	

3. Enter the desired option in the Tag field.

The custom options range from 128 to 254.

- 4. Enter the desired name in the Name field.
- 5. Select string from the pull-down list of Type.

/ Opt	ion Properties	X
Tag	132	
Name	Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	
Туре	string 💌	
🔲 Si	gned 🗌 Arrayed	
Descri	ption	
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	

- 6. Click **OK** to finish setting the option properties.
- 7. Click 🔄 to accept the change.
- 8. Double click Named Policies.

9. Right click Global, and then select New Option.

le <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>B</u> indings <u>T</u> ools	-	[[]]		
🖪 💐 将 🐚 I	🖿 🔀 🦻	8 9 9	Sr k ?		
rvers 🛆	Tag 🗸	Name		Value	
localhost					
E-BScopes					
- Doption Types - Named Policies					
Glabal					
- 🧭 🕅 Ex 🖅 New Option	. Ctrl+V				
🤐 🎯 Datat 🔊 Undo	Ctrl+Z				
C Redo	Ctrl+Y				
Cut	Ctrl+X				
🕒 Сору	Ctrl+C				
Paste	Ctrl+V				
Delete	Del				
Select <u>A</u> II	Ctrl+A				
🥰 <u>F</u> ind	Ctrl+F				
🛠 Properties	Ctrl+P				

The Option Selector screen displays as below:

/ Option Se	lector	
Filter	Standard Options	
Tag $ abla$	Name	<u>^</u>
	Magic cookie	
	Home directory	
	Boot file	
	Subnet mask	
	Time offset	
	Gateways	
	Time servers	
	IEN116 name servers	
	Domain name servers	
/ 🖅 7	Log servers	
	Cookie/Quote servers	
	LPR servers	
	Impress servers	
🚛 11	RLP servers	
/ 🖅 12	Hostname	
	Boot file size	
/ 🖅 14	Merit dump file	
/ 🖅 🖅	Domain name	
🚛 16	Swap servers	
/ 🖅 17	Root path	
/ 🖅 18	Extensions path	
/ 🖅 19	IP forwarding	<u>•</u>
Description		8
Description		<u> </u>
1		
		<u>OK</u> ancel

- **10.** Scroll down and double click the option created above.
- **11.** Fill the VLAN ID to be assigned in the input field.

Three formats of valid values: VLAN-A=*VLANID*, *VLANID* and VID=*VLANID*. VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094.

/ Yealink Pho	ne Test VLAN ID	X
111		
Expressi	.on	Build
<u> </u>	Cancel	\underline{A} dvanced $>>$

- **12.** Click **OK** to finish setting a custom option.
- **13.** Click **accept the change**.

Then you can find the configured option under **Global** option.

🌯 DHCP Turbo on localhost			
<u>File Edit View Bindings Tools</u>	s <u>H</u> elp		
4	🛋 🔀 🛠	୬ ୯ ୬ ୪ ?	
Servers 🛆	Tag $ abla$	Name	Value
Iocalhost Bocpes Gool Gool Database	d ∰ 132	Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	111
Download complete	J		

Configuring DHCP Option on Yealink Phones

DHCP VLAN is enabled on phones by default. You can configure DHCP VLAN via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the DHCP option. The default DHCP option is 132. The followings take configurations of a T58A Teams phone as examples.

To configure DHCP VLAN feature via web user interface:

- Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential. The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".
- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, turn on the DHCP VLAN feature.
- 4. Enter the desired value in the **Option** field.

You can specify 5 options at most and separate options by commas. The default value is

132.

Yealink		Packet Interval (1-3600s)	60	0
Status	Ť	VLAN		
Network	^	WAN Port		
		Active	(INF	0
PC Port		VID (1-4094)		0
Advanced		Priority		• 0
Features	~	PC Port		
Settings	~	Active		0
Security	~	VID (1-4094)	1	0
		Priority		· 0
		DHCP VLAN		
		Active		0
		Option (1-255)	132	0

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the phone.

To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default							
static.network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1							
Description:									
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature	Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature on the phone.								
0-Disabled									
1-Enabled									
static.network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132							
Description:									
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the VL	AN ID.								
You can specify 5 options at most and separate of	options by commas.								

The following shows an example of DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.dhcp_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.dhcp_option = 132

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to Yealink_Teams_HD_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Verifying the Configuration

When the phone is configured to use DHCP for VLAN discovery, and the DHCP option is set to 132, the following processes occur:

- **1.** The phone broadcasts a DHCP Discover message to find out if there is a DHCP server available.
- If the DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132, the phone will accept the Offer, send a DHCP Request, and save the VLAN ID provided by the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.
- **3.** After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, the phone will release the leased IP address and start a new DHCP Discover cycle with the now known Voice VLAN ID tag.

After this process, the phone will send all packets with the VLAN ID obtained from the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.

The following figure shows the DHCP Discover message sent by the phone (before obtaining VLAN ID):

<u>F</u> le J	<u>Edit View Go C</u> a	apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatistic	cs Telephony <u>T</u> ools Inte	ernals <u>H</u> elp					
		⊨ 🐻 🗙 😂 占 । 🤇	् 🗢 🔿 주 👱		L QL 🖭 👪 I	3 🕵 💥 🗮			
Filter:	bootp		• 1	Expression Clea	Apply				
lo.	Time So	ource	Destination	Protocol Ler	ngth Info				
	3 0.110993 0	.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP Disc	ver - Transacti	on ID 0x83952d00	1	
				DHCP	342 DHCP Offer		on ID 0X83952d00	_	
							on ID Oxbdaa1562		
	6 0.154213 5			DHCP	342 DHCP ACK		on ID 0xbdaa1562		
	7 0.200977 0			DHCP			on ID 0x83952d00		
	8 0.205328 5			DHCP	342 DHCP ACK		on ID 0x83952d00		
	9 10.068604 0 10 10.074079 1			DHCP	346 DHCP D1SC	ver - Transacti	on ID 0xc48e620 on ID 0xc48e620		
	10 10.0/40/9 1 11 10.161676 0					st - Transacti			
	12 10.163676 1			DHCP	346 DHCP ACK		on ID 0xc48e620		
	12 10.1050/0 1	0.10.111.234	10.10.111.2	DHCF	SHO DHEF ACK	- IT ansacci	JII 10 0XC48E020		
€ 9 Int US€ BOC H H E C Y	Source: Xiameny Type: IP (0x080 ternet Protocol er Datagram Pro Distrap Protoco ReSsage-type: B ardware addrese tops: 0 Transaction ID: Seconds elapsed sootp flags: 0x client IP addres I vour (client) I Vext server IP Vealay agent IP	l version 4, src: 0 tocol, src Port: b bl soot Request (1) Tethernat s length: 6 : 0x83952d00 i: 100 (unicast) 0x0000 (unicast) 0x0.0.0.0 (0.0.0 P address: 0.0.0.0 address: 0.0.0.0	<pre>:65:11:27:b1) 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0), D bootpc (68), Dst Por Click here to know more 0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0)</pre>	t: bootps (67)		5.255.255)			
0	lient hardware	address padding:	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0					

		🖹 🔏 🗶 🛃 🖴	। 🔍 🗢 🛸 😜 7 👱		0,0,0,11 👪 🖾	💀 💥 🖬		
Filter:	bootp		•	Expression.	Clear Apply			
lo.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP		- Transaction I		
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP		- Transaction I		
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK	- Transaction I		
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP		- Transaction I - Transaction I		
	8 0.205328 9 10.068604		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK	- Transaction I r - Transaction I		
		10.10.111.254	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346 DHCP DISCOVE	 Transaction I Transaction I 		
	1 10.161676		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP		- Transaction I		
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP ACK	- Transaction I		
-	2 10.1050/0	10.10.111.1.54	10.10.111.1	brief	III	in ansaccion 1	.0 000400020	
Yi R C C B M M 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	our (client) ext server I lient MAC ad lient hardwa erver host n oot file nam agic cookie: ption: (t=61 ption: (t=60 ption: (t=52 ption: (t=52 ption: (t=52)	re address paddir ame not given e not given DHCP ,l=1) DHCP Messag ,l=7) Client ider ,l=12) Vendor cla 5,l=37) V-I vendo	0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 1.127 bil (00:15:65:11 1g: 00000000000000000 1:137 bil (00:15:65:11 1g: 000000000000000000 1:157 bil (00:15:10 1:15 identifier = "udh or-specific Informati: P Message Size = 576	2000 Pr 2p 1.10.3"]			
	nd Option adding							

The following figure shows the DHCP Offer message received by the phone (DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132):

<u>File</u>	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	<u>Capture</u> <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatis	tics Telephon <u>y T</u> ools <u>I</u> nt	ternals <u>H</u> elp							
		🖹 🔏 🗶 🎜 🗎	् 🗢 🛸 🥥 春 👱		ଇ୍ପ୍ରୁ 🖭	📓 🗹 👯	3 🖗 🛙 🛱 👘				
Filter:	bootp		-	Expression	Clear Apply						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info						
	3 0.110993	0.0.0.0	255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Discover	- Transaction	ID 0x83952d00			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction				
	5 0.150004	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Request	- Transaction	ID Oxbdaa1562			
	6 0.154213	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction				
	7 0.200977	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Request	- Transaction	ID 0x83952d00			
	8 0.205328	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP	ACK	- Transaction	ID 0x83952d00			
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction				
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP		- Transaction				
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction				
1	12 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Transaction	ID 0xc48e620			
<					m						
C S B H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O	Relay agent IP address: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0) Client Macdadress: Ximmervelli27:15:101 (00:15:65:11:27:b1) Client hardware address padding: 000000000000000000 Server host name: mid0507-dc2a398 Boot file name not given Magic Cookie: DKC I option: (r=3, 1-1) DHCP Message Type = DHCP Offer I option: (r=3, 1-4) DHDP Message Type = DHCP Offer I option: (r=3, 1-4) Submet Mask = 25:.255.255. Shours I option: (r=3, 1-4) Rebrinding Time value = 5 hours, 15 minutes I option: (r=3, 1-4) Rebrinding Time value = 3 hours, 15 minutes I option: (r=3, 1-4) Rebrinding time value = 3 hours, 15 minutes I option: (r=3, 1-4) Rubret Mask = 25.5.1 I option: (r=3, 1-4) Rubret J mark value = 3 hours										
B Option: (1=22,1=1) Unassigned B Option: (1=22,1=5) D0CSIS full Security server IP [TODO] Ø Option: (1=54,1=4) DHCP Server Identifier = 5.5.5.2 End Option Padding											
0120 0130	00 00 00 00 ff ff 00 33 04 00 00 2a	00 00 63 82 53 63 04 00 00 54 60 38 30 03 04 05 05 05	3 35 01 02 01 04 ff 0 04 00 00 49 d4 3a 5 01 84 03 31 31 31 3 6 04 05 05 05 02	с. зт *0	şc5 ; 						

The following figure shows the DHCP message received by the phone (DHCP server sent the ACK message to the phone):

<u>File Edit View Go</u>	Ele Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Telephony Iools Internals Help									
與緊緊緊緊緊	🕒 🛃 🗶 😂 占	역 수 수 🖓 🐼 🕹		QQ 🕅	📓 🗹 🍢	× 🕅				
Filter: bootp		-	Expression	Clear Apply						
No. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info						-
		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP		Discover	- Transaction	TD 0x83952d00			
4 0.115183	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP	offer	- Transaction	ID 0x83952d00			
5 0.150004	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Request	- Transaction	ID 0xbdaa1562			
6 0.154213	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP	ACK	- Transaction	ID 0xbdaa1562			
7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0x83952d00			
8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ID 0x83952d00			
9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP				1D 0XC48e620			
	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP			ID 0xc48e620			
11 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP	346 DHCP			ID 0xc48e620			
12 10.1636/6	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP		ACK	- Transaction	1D 0XC48e620			
<				III						,
<pre>client IP address: c0.0.0 (0.0.0.0) Vour (client) IP address: 5.5.5.18 (5.5.5.18) Next server IP address: 5.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0.0) Client Mac address: N.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0) Client Mac address: N.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0) Client Mac address: Address is 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0) Client hardware address padding: 0.00000000000000000 Server host name: mid0507-dc2a398 Boot file name not given Magic cookie: DKP @ option: (c-3),1-1) DKP Message Type = DKP ACK @ option: (c-3),1-1) DKP Message Type = DKP ACK @ option: (c-3),1-4) DKP Message Time = 6 hours @ option: (c-5),1-4) IP Address is a Time = 0 hours, 15 minutes @ option: (c-5),1-4) IP Address is a Time = 3 hours, 15 minutes @ option: (c-3),1-4) Abdredingt Time value = 3 hours, 15 minutes @ option: (c-3),1-4) Abdredingt Time value = 3 hours, 15 minutes @ option: (c-3),1-4) Abdress I time = 5.</pre>										

After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, phone will release the leased IP address (5.5.5.18) and start a new DHCP Discover message with the VLAN-tag 111.

The following figure shows the DHCP messages received by the phone:

File E	dit View Go	Capture Analyze	Statistics Telephony Tools I	ternals Help						
			= = 0, 0 0 7 4		0, Q, Q, 🗹	🖬 🗹 🕴	8 % 1			
-				1						
Filter:	bootp		•	Expression.	. Clear Apply					
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
	3 0.110993		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0x83952d00		
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ID 0x83952d00		
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0xbdaa1562		
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ID 0xbdaa1562		
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0x83952d00		
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ID 0x83952d00		
	9 10.068604	0.0.0.0 10.10.111.254	255.255.255.255 10.10.111.2	DHCP	594 DHCP 346 DHCP		- Transaction	1 ID 0xc48e620 1 ID 0xc48e620		
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP			ID 0xc48e620	-	
_ L *	2 10.1030/0	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DICF	540 DICF	ACK	- IT ansaccitor	10 0XC40E020		
			c: Cisco_5d:42:c4 (c0:6)							
□ VLAN tag: VLAN-111, Priority-Best Effort (default) Identifier: 802.10 virtual LAN (0x8100) 000 Priority: Best Effort (default) (0) 										
			src: 10.10.111.254 (10.1			111.2 (1	0.10.111.2)			
			ort: bootps (67), Dst P	ort: bootp	c (68)					
	tstrap Proto									
Message type: Boot Reply (2) Hardware type: Ethernet Hardware address length: 6										
Hops: 0 Transaction ID: 0x0c48e620										
	econds_elaps									
		0x0000 (Unicast								
		ress: 0.0.0.0 IP address: 1	(0.0.0.0) 0.10.111.2 (10.10.111.2)							
1030 1040	06 00 0c 48 6f 02 00 00	e6 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0a 0a 00 00 00 15 65 11 27 b1		e					

After this process, the phone has obtained an IP address (10.10.111.2) from the DHCP server in the VLAN 111.

Manual Configuration for VLAN

VLAN is disabled on phones by default. You can configure VLAN via web user interface or phone user interface or using configuration files. Before configuring VLAN on the phone, you need to obtain the VLAN ID from your network administrator. When you configure VLAN feature, the most important issue is to confirm the type of the connected port (access, trunk, and hybrid) on the switch. This ensures that the traffics (tagged/untagged) from the phones can be transmitted properly. VLAN feature could affect the ability of the phones to function in the network. Contact your network administrator for more information before configuration.

Configuring VLAN Feature

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the Internet (WAN) port and PC port respectively. PC port is not applicable on CP960 Teams IP phones. The followings take configurations of a T58A Teams IP phone as examples.

Configuring VLAN Feature via Web User Interface

To configure VLAN for Internet port via web user interface:

- 1. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 2. In the VLAN block, turn on WAN Port feature.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.

4. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

Yealink 158					About
🕽 Status 🗸 🗸	LLDP				NOTE
Network ^	Active		0		Network advance
Basic	Packet Interval (1-3600s)	60	0		Click here to get more product docum
PC Port	CDP 🕜				
Advanced	Active		0		
Features Y	Packet Interval (1-3600s)	60	0		
Settings ~	VLAN 🕜				
Security ~	WAN Port				
	Active		0		
	VID (1-4094)	1	0		
	Priority	0	· 0		

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

A dialog box pops up to prompt that the settings will take effect after a reboot.

6. Click **OK** to reboot the phone.

To configure VLAN for PC port via web user interface:

- 1. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 2. In the PC Port block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 4. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of Priority.

Yealink T58				
Status ¥		LDP 🕜		
Network ^		Active		0
		Packet Interval (1-3600s)		0
			60	U
Advanced	c	Active		0
🙂 Features 🗸 🗸		Packet Interval (1~3600s)		0
Settings ~			60	U
💿 Security 🗸 🗸	ľ	WAN Port		
				0
		Active		
		VID (1-4094)	1	0
	Г	Priority	0	• 0
		PC Port	_	
		Active		0
		VID (1-4094)	1	0
	L	Priority	0	• 0

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

A dialog box pops up to prompt that the settings will take effect after a reboot.

6. Click **OK** to reboot the phone.

To configure VLAN for Internet port (or PC port) via phone user interface:

- **1.** Tap = ->Settings->Device Settings->Network(default password: admin)->VLAN->WAN Port (or PC Port).
- 2. Turn on WAN Port (or PC Port).

A dialog box pops up to prompt that the settings will take effect after a reboot.

3. Tap CANCEL.

- 4. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the **VID** field.
- 5. Enter the priority value (0-7) in the **Priority** field.
- **6.** Tap \checkmark to accept the change.

A dialog box pops up to prompt that the settings will take effect after a reboot.

7. Tap **OK** to reboot the phone.

Configuring VLAN Feature Using Configuration Files

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

1. Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in configuration files.

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default						
static.network.vlan.internet_port_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables the phone to tag VLAN ID in	packets sent from the Inter	net (WAN)						
port.								
0 -Disabled								
1-Enabled								
static.network.vlan.internet_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1						
Description:								
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the particular VLAN.								
static.network.vlan.internet_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0						
Description:								
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN packets.								
static.network.vlan.pc_port_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables the phone to tag VLAN ID in packets sent from the PC port.								
Note : It is not applicable on CP960 Teams IP phones.								
0-Disabled								
1-Enabled								
static.network.vlan.pc_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1						

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default						
Description:								
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the particular VLAN.								
Note : It is not applicable on CP960 Teams IP phones.								
static.network.vlan.pc_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0						
Description:								
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN packets.								

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.internet_port_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.internet_port_vid = 77

static.network.vlan.internet_port_priority = 5

static.network.vlan.pc_port_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.pc_port_vid = 76

static.network.vlan.pc_port_priority = 3

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to Yealink_Teams_HD_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide.

Verifying the Configuration

The phone reboots after VLAN feature has been enabled. After starting up, the phone will be assigned with a subnet address defined for VLAN 77.

The following figure shows the VLAN ID sent and received by the phone:

Eile	<u>E</u> dit ⊻	ew <u>G</u> o	⊆apture ≜	Inalyze	Statistics	Telephon <u>y</u>	Tools He	lp									
	e 0	e i	🕷 🗁 🕻	- ×	28	0, 4	🧼 🌍	Ŧ	₽ ■	3 0	Q	11, E	9 🌌	M 🕅	5 %	1	
Filter	: sip							•	Expression	Clear A	pply						
	Time		Source		Destinati		Protocol										
	L 2.449		10.2.11.			1.199	SIP/SI		quest: IN			L @1 0.2	.1.199	, with	sess	ion des	cription
	2 2.451		10.2.1.1			11.216	SIP		atus: 100								
	3 2.452		10.2.1.1		10.2.							L @1 0.2	.8.216	:5062,	with	sessio	n description
	1 2.489		10.2.8.2		10.2.3		SIP		atus: 100								
	7 3.649		10.2.8.2			1.199			atus: 180								
	3 3.651		10.2.1.1			11.216	SIP		atus: 180								
	0 4.411		10.2.8.2		10.2.				atus: 200								
	L 4.41		10.2.1.1			11.216			atus: 200								
	2 4.496		10.2.11.		10.2.		SIP		quest: AC								
2.	3 4.496	5749	10.2.11.	216	10.2.	8.216	SIP	Re	quest: AC	< s1p:2	01010).2.8.	216:50	62			
4																	
			3 bytes or														
			Src: Xian					22:f	9), Dst:	cisco_4	0:da:	:55 (6	<:50:4	d:40:d	a:55)		
= 8			al LAN, PF						_								
								t (3	0								
						nical (0)											
			0100 1101	= ID:	77												
			0×0800)														
			tocol, sro														
			n Protoco		Port:	na-local	1se (50	62),	Dst Port	: sip (5060;)					
⊞ S	ession	Init	iation Pro	TOCOL													

Appendix

Appendix A: Glossary

IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) –a professional association headquartered in New York City that is dedicated to advancing technological innovation and excellence.

TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association) –accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to develop voluntary, consensus-based industry standards for a wide variety of ICT products.

IEEE 802.3 –a working group and a collection of IEEE standards produced by the working group defining the physical layer and data link layer's media access control (MAC) of wired Ethernet.

Port-based VLAN –a port-based VLAN is a group of ports on a Gigabit Ethernet Switch that form a logical Ethernet segment. Each port of a port-based VLAN can belong to only one VLAN at a time.

Port and Protocol-based VLAN –initially defined in IEEE 802.1v (currently amended as part of 802.1Q-2003) enables data frame classification and assignment to unique VLANs based on the received data frame type and the protocol information in its payload.

TPID (tag protocol identifier) –a 16-bit field set to a value of 0x8100 in order to identify the frame as an IEEE 802.1Q-tagged frame. It is used to distinguish the frame from untagged frames.

PCP (Priority Code Point) –a 3-bit field which refers to the IEEE 802.1p priority. It indicates the frame priority level. Values are from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest); 1 represents the lowest priority.

CFI (Canonical Format Indicator) –used for compatibility reason between Ethernet type network and Token Ring type network. It is always set to zero for Ethernet switches. If a frame received at an Ethernet port has a CFI set to 1, then that frame should not be forwarded as it is to an untagged port.

Appendix B: System Names

Model	System Name
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58
SIP-T56A	SIP-T56A
SIP-CP960	SIP-CP960

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their system names:

Appendix C: Model Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their model names:

Model	Model Name
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58
SIP-T56A	SIP-T56A
SIP-CP960	SIP-CP960

Appendix D: Power Values

The following table outlines the power value sent in LLDP-MED:

Model	Power Value
SIP-T58A	11400mW
SIP-T56A	8800mW
SIP-CP960	12000mW

Appendix E: Normative References

LLDP and LLDP-MED: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Link_Layer_Discovery_Protocol

CDP: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cisco_Discovery_Protocol

IEEE 802.3: http://www.ieee802.org/3/

VLAN: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual_LAN

IEEE 802.1q: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/802.1Q

LLDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12.2_55_se/configuration/guide/swlldp.html

CDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12-2_55_se/configuration/guide/scg3750/swcdp.html

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