Server Redundancy on Yealink IP Phones

This guide provides detailed information on how to configure and use server redundancy on Yealink IP phones.

This information applies to the following Yealink IP phones:

- SIP-T58A, SIP VP-T49G, SIP-T48G, SIP-T46G, SIP-T42G, SIP-T41P, SIP-T40P, SIP-T29G, SIP-T23P, SIP-T23G, SIP-T21(P) E2, SIP-T19(P) E2, CP860, CP960 and W56P IP phones running firmware version 80 or later.
- SIP-T54S, SIP-T52S, SIP-T48S, SIP-T46S, SIP-T42S, SIP-T41S, SIP-T40G, SIP-T27G, W52P, CP920 and W60P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later.
- W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later.

Introduction

Server redundancy is often required in VoIP deployments to ensure continuity of phone service, for events where the server needs to be taken offline for maintenance, the server fails, or the connection between the IP phone and the server fails.

Two types of server redundancy are possible. In some cases, a combination of the two may be used:

- **Failover:** In this mode, the full phone system functionality is preserved by having a second equivalent capability call server take over from the one that has gone down or off-line. This mode of operation should be done using the DNS mechanism from the primary to the secondary server.
- Fallback: In this mode, there are two types of the registration modes: Concurrent
 registration and Successive registration. IP phones support configurations of two servers
 per SIP registration for this purpose. For more information on two registration modes, refer
 to Phone Registration.

Glossary

The following terms may assist in understanding server redundancy feature:

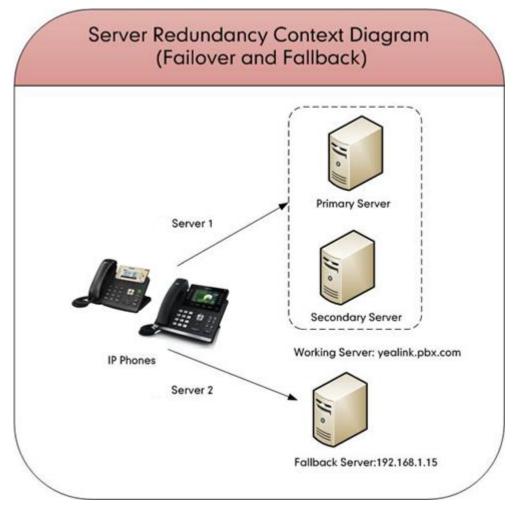
Working and Fallback Servers: The working and fallback servers are two separate servers used for per line registration.

Primary Server: The primary server has the highest priority in a group of servers gained from the DNS server.

Secondary Server: The secondary server backs up a primary server when the primary server fails. A secondary server may offer the same or less functionality than the primary server.

Server Redundancy Implementation

To assist in explaining the server redundancy behavior, an illustrative example of how an IP phone may be configured is shown as below. In the example, server redundancy for fallback and failover purposes is deployed. Two separate servers (a working server and a fallback server) are configured for per line registration.



Working Server: Server 1 is configured with the domain name of the working server. For example, yealink.pbx.com. DNS mechanism is used such that the working server is resolved to multiple servers for failover purpose. The working server is deployed in redundant pairs, designated as primary and secondary servers. The primary server has the highest priority in a cluster of servers resolved by the DNS server. The secondary server backs up a primary server when the primary server fails, and offers the same functionality as the primary server.

Fallback Server: Server 2 is configured with the IP address of the fallback server. For example, 192.168.1.15. A fallback server offers less functionality than the working server.

Phone Registration

Registration method of the failover mode:

The IP phone must always register to the primary server first except in failover conditions. If this is unsuccessful, the phone will re-register as many times as configured until the registration is successful. When the primary server registration is unavailable, the secondary server will serve as the working server.

Registration methods of the fallback mode include:

- Concurrent registration (default): The IP phone registers to two SIP servers (working server and fallback server) at the same time. In a failure situation, a fallback server can take over the basic calling capability, but without some advanced features (for example, shared lines, call recording and MWI) offered by the working server. It is not applicable to outbound proxy servers.
- Successive registration: The IP phone only registers to one server at a time. The IP phone
 first registers to the working server. In a failure situation, the IP phone registers to the
 failback server.

Server Domain Name Resolution

If a domain name is configured for a server, the IP address(es) associated with that domain name will be resolved through DNS as specified by RFC 3263. The DNS query involves NAPTR, SRV and A queries, which allows the IP phone to adapt to various deployment environments. The IP phone performs NAPTR query for the NAPTR pointer and transport protocol (UDP, TCP and TLS), the SRV query on the record returned from the NAPTR for the target domain name and the port number, and the A query for the IP addresses.

If an explicit port (except 0) is specified and the transport type is set to DNS-NAPTR, A query will be performed only. If a server port is set to 0 and the transport type is set to DNS-NAPTR, NAPTR and SRV queries will be tried before falling to A query. If no port is found through the DNS query, 5060 will be used.

For more information, refer to Appendix A: DNS SRV.

If your phone is not configured with a DNS server, or the DNS query returns no result from a DNS server, you can configure static DNS cache for the IP phone. The IP phone will attempts to resolve the domain name of the server with static DNS cache. For more information on static DNS cache, refer to Appendix B: Static DNS Cache.

Configuring Yealink IP Phones

Configuring Server Redundancy via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware 82 as examples.

To configure server redundancy for fallback purpose via web user interface:

- 1. Click on Account->Register.
- 2. Select the desired account from the pull-down list of Account.
- 3. Configure registration parameters of the selected account in the corresponding fields.
- 4. Configure parameters of SIP server 1 and SIP server 2 in the corresponding fields.

			Log Out English(English) 🗸
Yealink 1466	Status Account Network	DSSKey Features Settings	
	Status Account Network	DSSRey reatures Securitys	Directory Security
Register	Account	Account 1 🗸 🦿	NOTE
Basic	Register Status	Registered	Account Registration
	Line Active	Enabled 👻 🕜	Registers account(s) for the IP phone.
Codec	Label	4605	Server Redundancy
Advanced	Display Name	4605	It is often required in VoIP
	Register Name	4605	deployments to ensure continuity of phone service, for
	User Name	4605	events where the server needs to be taken offline for
	Password	•••••• Ø	maintenance, the server fails, or the connection between the IP
	SIP Server 1 🕜		phone and the server fails.
	Server Host	192.168.1.14 Port 5060 🕜	A general term for techniques
	Transport	UDP 🗸 🕜	that establish and maintain IP connections traversing NAT
	Server Expires	3600	gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	Server Retry Counts	3	
	SIP Server 2 🕜		You can configure NAT traversal for this account.
	Server Host	192.168.1.15 Port 5060 🕜	
	Transport	UDP 🔻 🕜	
	Server Expires	3600	
	Server Retry Counts	3	
	Enable Outbound Proxy Server	Disabled 🗸 🕜	
	Outbound Proxy Server 1	Port 5060 (?)	
	Outbound Proxy Server 2	Port 5060 (?)	
	Proxy Fallback Interval	3600	
	NAT	Disabled 🗸 🕜	
	Confirm	Cancel	

- 5. If you use outbound proxy servers, do the following:
 - 1) Select Enabled from the pull-down list of Enable Outbound Proxy Server.

2) Configure parameters of outbound proxy server 1 and outbound proxy server 2 in the corresponding fields.

e estive la l			_	Log 0 English(English)
alink 146G	Status Account Network	DSSKey Features	Settings	Directory
Register	Account	Account 1 👻 🥜		NOTE
	Register Status	Registered		
Basic	Line Active	Enabled 👻 💡		Account Registration Registers account(s) for the IP
Codec	Label	4605		phone.
Advanced	Display Name	4605		Server Redundancy It is often required in VoIP
	Register Name	4605		deployments to ensure continuity of phone service, for
	User Name	4605		events where the server needs to be taken offline for
	Password	•••••• 🕜		maintenance, the server fails, or the connection between the IP
	SIP Server 1 🕜			phone and the server fails.
	Server Host	192.168.1.14 Port 5	6060 🕜	NAT Traversal A general term for techniques
	Transport	UDP 👻 💡		that establish and maintain IP connections traversing NAT
	Server Expires	3600		gateways. STUN is one of the
	Server Retry Counts	3		NAT traversal techniques.
	SIP Server 2 🕜			You can configure NAT traversa
	Server Host	192.168.1.15 Port 1	6060	for this account.
	Transport	UDP 👻 🕜		
	Server Expires	3600		
	Server Retry Counts	3		
	Enable Outbound Proxy Server	Enabled 👻 💡		
	Outbound Proxy Server 1	10.1.8.11 Port 5	6060 🕜	
	Outbound Proxy Server 2	10.1.8.12 Port 5	6060 🕜	
	Proxy Fallback Interval	3600		
	NAT	Disabled 👻 🕜		
	Confirm	Cancel		

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

To configure server redundancy for failover purpose via web user interface:

- 1. Click on Account->Register.
- 2. Select the desired account from the pull-down list of Account.
- 3. Configure registration parameters of the selected account in the corresponding fields.
- **4.** Configure parameters of the SIP server 1 or SIP server 2 in the corresponding fields. You must set the port of SIP server to 0 for NAPTR, SRV and A queries.

Yealink 1466	Status Account Ne	twork DSSKey Features	Log Out English(English) - Settings Directory Security
Register	Account	Account 1 🔹	NOTE
Basic Codec Advanced	Register Status Line Active Label Display Name Register Name User Name Password SIP Server 1 7	Registered Enabled 4605 4605 4605 4605 4605 605 605 605 605 605 605	Account Registration Registers account(s) for the IP phone. Server Redundancy It is often required in VoIP deployments to ensure continuity of phone service, for events where the server needs to be taken offline for maintenance, the server fails, or the connection between the IP phone and the server fails.
	Server Host Transport Server Expires Server Retry Counts	yealink.pbx.com Port 50 DNS-NAPTR • 0 3600 0 3 0	50 Q A general term for techniques that establish and maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal techniques.

5. Select DNS-NAPTR from the pull-down list of Transport.

- 6. If you use outbound proxy servers, do the following:
 - 1) Select Enabled from the pull-down list of Enable Outbound Proxy Server.
 - **2)** Configure parameters of outbound proxy server 1 or outbound proxy server 2 in the corresponding fields.

You must set the port of outbound proxy to 0 for NAPTR, SRV and A queries.

			Log C English(English)
Yealink 146G	Status Account Network	k DSSKey Features	Settings Directory Security
Register	Account	Account 1 👻 💡	NOTE
Basic	Register Status	Registered	Account Registration
Dasic	Line Active	Enabled 🗸 🕜	Registers account(s) for the IP
Codec	Label	4605	phone.
Advanced	Display Name	4605	Server Redundancy It is often required in VoIP
	Register Name	4605	deployments to ensure continuity of phone service, for
	User Name	4605	events where the server needs to be taken offline for
	Password	••••••• 🕜	maintenance, the server fails, o the connection between the IP
	SIP Server 1 🕜		phone and the server fails.
	Server Host	yealink.pbx.com Port 5060	A general term for techniques
	Transport	DNS-NAPTR -	that establish and maintain IP connections traversing NAT
	Server Expires	3600	gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	Server Retry Counts	3	ivar u aversai techniques.
	SIP Server 2 🕜		You can configure NAT traversa for this account.
	Server Host	Port 5060	
	Transport	UDP 🔻 🕜	
	Server Expires	3600	
	Server Retry Counts	3	
	Enable Outbound Proxy Server	Enabled 👻 📀	
	Outbound Proxy Server 1	yealink.sbc.com Port 5060	
	Outbound Proxy Server 2	Port 5060	0 0
	Proxy Fallback Interval	3600	
	NAT	Disabled 👻 🕜	
	Confirm	Cancel	

7. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

Configuring Server Redundancy Using Configuration Files

To configure server redundancy feature using configuration files:

 Add/Edit server redundancy parameters in configuration files. The following table lists the information of parameters: (For SIP-T58A/SIP VP-T49G/SIP-T54S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T29G: X ranges from 1 to 16; For SIP-T52S/T42G/T42S: X ranges from 1 to 12; For W53P/W60P/CP930W-Base: X ranges from 1 to 8. For SIP-T41P/T41S/T27G: X ranges from 1 to 6; For W52P/W56P: X ranges from 1 to 5; For SIP-T40P/T40G/T23P/T23G: X ranges from 1 to 3; For SIP-T21(P) E2: X ranges from 1 to 2; For SIP-T19(P) E2/CP860/CP920/CP960: X is equal to 1; Y ranges from 1 to 2)

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
account.X.enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Enables or disables the account X.		
0 -Disabled		
1-Enabled		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Line Active		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Ac	tivation	
account.X.label	String	Blank
Description:		
Configures the label displayed on the LCD screen for a specifi	c account.	
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Label		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Lal	bel	
account.X.display_name	String	Blank

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Description:		
Configures the display name for a specific account.		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Display Name		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Dis	splay Name	
account.X.auth_name	String	Blank
Description:		
Configures the user name for register authentication for a spe	ecific account.	
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Register Name		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Re	gister Name	
account.X.user_name	String	Blank
Description:		
Configures the register user name for a specific account.		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->User Name		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Us	er Name	
account.X.password	String	Blank
Description:		
Configures the password for register authentication for a spec	cific account.	
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Password		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Pas	ssword	
account.X.sip_server.Y.address	String within 256 characters	Blank
Description:	L	
Configures the IP address or domain name of the SIP server Y	' that accepts registi	rations a
specific account.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->SIP Server Y->Server Host		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Accounts->SI	P ServerY	
	Integer	
account.X.sip_server.Y.port	from 0 to	5060
	65535	
Description:		
Configures the port of the SIP server Y that specifies registrat	ions for a specific ac	count.
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->SIP Server Y->Port		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.sip_server.Y.transport_type	0, 1, 2 or 3	0
Description:		
Configures the transport method the IP phone uses to comm	unicate with the SIP	server for a
specific account.		
0-UDP 1-TCP		
2 -TLS		
3-DNS-NAPTR		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->SIP Server Y->Transport		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
	Integer	
account.X.sip_server.Y.expires	from 30 to	3600
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2147483647	
Description:		
Description: Configures the registration expires (in seconds) of the SIP ser	ver Y a specific acco	unt.
	ver Y a specific acco	unt.
Configures the registration expires (in seconds) of the SIP ser	ver Y a specific acco	unt.

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
None		
account.X.sip_server.Y.retry_counts	Integer from 0 to 20	3
Description: Configures the retry times for the IP phone to resend request unavailable or there is no response from the SIP server Y for a Web User Interface: Account->Register->SIP Server Y->Server Retry Counts Phone User Interface: None account.X.outbound_proxy_enable Description: Enables or disables the phone to use the outbound proxy ser 0-Disabled 1-Enabled	s when the SIP serve a specific account. 0 or 1	0
Web User Interface: Account->Register->Enable Outbound Proxy Server Phone User Interface: Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Ou	itbound Status	
account.X.outbound_host	IP address or domain name	Blank
Description: Configures the IP address or domain name of the outbound p account. Note: It is only applicable to IP phones (except SIP-T58A/CP9 version 80 or prior. Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server 1		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Ou	itbound Proxy1	
account.X.outbound_port	Integer from 0 to 65535	5060

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Description:		
Configures the port of the outbound proxy server 1 a specific	account.	
Note: It is only applicable to IP phones (except SIP-T58A/CP9	50 IP phones) runnir	ng firmware
version 80 or prior.		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server 1->Port		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.backup_outbound_host	IP Address or Domain Name	Blank
Description:		
Configures the IP address or domain name of the outbound paccount.	proxy server 2 for a s	specific
Note : It is only applicable to IP phones (except SIP-T58A/CP9) version 80 or prior.	60 IP phones) runnir	ng firmware
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server 2		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Ou	tbound Proxy2	
	Integer	
account.X.backup_outbound_port	from 0 to 65535	5060
Description:		
Configures the port of the outbound proxy server 2 for a spec	cific account.	
Note : It is only applicable to IP phones (except SIP-T58A/CP96) version 80 or prior.	60 IP phones) runnir	ng firmware
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server 2->Port		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
	IP Address or	
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.address	Domain Name	Blank
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Configures the IP address or domain name of the outbound paccount.	proxy server Y for a s	specific
Note : It is only applicable to SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones and firmware version 81 or later.	other IP phones run	ning
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server Y		
Phone User Interface:		
Menu->Advanced (default password: admin) ->Account->Ou	tbound ProxyY	
	Integer	
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.port	from 0 to 65535	5060
Description:		
Configures the port of the outbound proxy server Y for a spec	cific account.	
Note: It is only applicable to SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones and	other IP phones run	ning
firmware version 81 or later.		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Outbound Proxy Server Y->Port		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.retry_counts	Integer from 0 to 20	-1
Description:		
Configures the retry times for the IP phone to resend request server Y is unavailable or there is no response from the outbo specific account.		
If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the para	meter	
"account.X.sip_server.Y.retry_counts" to take effect.		
Example:		
account.1.outbound_proxy.1.retry_counts = 3		
The IP phone moves to the next available outbound proxy set	ver after three faile	d attempts.
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Fallback Mode		
account.X.fallback.redundancy_type	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Configures the registration mode for the IP phone in fallback	mode.	
0 -Concurrent Registration		
1-Successive Registration		
Note: It is not applicable to outbound proxy servers.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.fallback.timeout	Integer from 10 to 2147483647	120
Description:		
Configures the time interval (in seconds) for the IP phone to server is available by sending the registration request after th control.		-
Note: It works only if the value of the parameter "account.X.f	allback.redundancy_	type" is set
to 1 (Successive Registration). It is not applicable to outboun	d proxy servers.	
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.outbound_proxy_fallback_interval	Integer	3600
Description:		
Configures the time interval (in seconds) for the IP phone to outbound proxy server is available by sending the registratio server takes over call control.		-
Note: It is only applicable to outbound proxy servers.		
Web User Interface:		
Account->Register->Proxy Fallback Interval		
Phone User Interface:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Defaul
Failover Mode for SIP server		1
account.X.sip_server.Y.register_on_enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Enables or disables the IP phone to register to the seconda to it for a specific account when encountering a failover.	ry server before sendi	ng reques
0-Disabled		
1-Enabled		
If it is set to 0 (Disabled), the IP phone won't attempt to reg since the phone assumes that the primary and secondary s information. So the IP phone will directly send the requests If it is set to 1 (Enabled), the IP phone will register to the se send the requests to it.	ervers share registration to the secondary servers	on /er.
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.sip_server.Y.only_signal_with_registered	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Enables or disables the IP phone to only send requests to t account when encountering a failover.	he registered server fo	or a specif
0-Disabled		
1-Enabled		
Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware v	ersion 81 or later.	
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts	Integer from 1 to 10	3
Description:		1
Configures the number of retries attempted before sending server for a specific account when encountering a failover.	g requests to the next	available

Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware version 81 or later.

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default		
Web User Interface:				
None				
Phone User Interface:				
None				
account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_mode	0, 1, 2 or 3	0		
Description:				
Configures the way in which the phone fails back to the prim	ary server.			
0 -newRequests: all requests are sent to the primary server fir that was used.	st, regardless of the	last server		
1 -DNSTTL: the IP phone will send requests to the last used set DNSTTL on the server expires, the phone will retry to send re				
2 -registration: the IP phone will send requests to the last use expires, the phone will retry to send requests to the primary s		egistratior		
3 -duration: the IP phone will send requests to the last registered server first. If the time defined by the parameter "account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_timeout" expires, the phone will retry to send requests to the primary server.				
Note : DNSTTL, Registration and duration mode can only be idle (that is, no incoming/outbound calls, no active calls or m		IP phone i		
Web User Interface:				
None				
Phone User Interface:				
None				
account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_timeout	0, Integer from 60 to 65535	3600		
Description:				
Configures the timeout (in seconds) for the phone to retry to server after failing over to the current working server for a sp		e primary		
If you set the parameter to 0, the IP phone will not send requark a failover event occurs with the current working server.	lests to the primary s	server unti		
	da			
If you set the parameter from 1 to 59, the timeout will be 60	seconas.			
		mode" is		

None

Phone User Interface:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default				
None						
account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_subscribe.enable	0 or 1	0				
Description:						
Enables or disables the IP phone to retry to re-subscribe after registering to the secondary server with different IP address for a specific account when encountering a failover.						
0 -Disabled						
1-Enabled						
If it is set to 1 (Enabled), the IP phone will immediately re-sub for ensuring the normal use of the features associated with su Note : It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers the value of the parameter "account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_me	bscription (e.g., BLF ion 81 or later. It wo	, SCA). orks only if				
Web User Interface:						
None						
Phone User Interface:						
None						
Failover Mode for outbound proxy server						
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.register_on_enable	0 or 1	-1				
Description:						
Enables or disables the IP phone to register to the secondary sending requests to it for a specific account when encountering		rver before				
0 -Disabled, the IP phone won't attempt to register to the second since the phone assumes that the primary and secondary out registration information. So the IP phone will directly send the outbound proxy server.	bound proxy servers	s share				
1 -Enabled, the IP phone will register to the secondary outbound proxy server first, and then send the requests to it.						
If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the parameter "account.X.sip_server.Y.register_on_enable" to take effect.						
Web User Interface:						
None						
Phone User Interface:						
None						

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.only_signal_with_registered	0 or 1	-1
Description:		
Enables or disables the IP phone to only send requests to the server for a specific account when encountering a failover.	registered outbour	nd proxy
0-Disabled		
1-Enabled		
If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.retry_counts" to take effect.	neter	
Note: It works only if the value of the parameter		
"account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.register_on_enable" is set to 1 (I parameter "account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode" is set		lue of the
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers	ion 82 or later.	
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.invite_retry_counts	Integer from 1	
account.n.outbound_proxy.r.mvite_retry_counts	to 10	-1
Description:	-	-1
	to 10	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover.	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover.	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect.	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover.	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface:	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover.	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover.	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface:	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover. meter	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover. meter	
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover. neter	available
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending re outbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover. neter ion 82 or later. 0, 1, 2 or 3	available
Description: Configures the number of retries attempted before sending reoutbound proxy server for a specific account when encounter If it is set to -1, the IP phone will invoke the value of the parar "account.X.sip_server.Y.invite_retry_counts" to take effect. Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode Description:	to 10 equests to the next ing a failover. neter ion 82 or later. 0, 1, 2 or 3	available

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default				
"account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_mode" to take effect.						
O -newRequests: all requests are sent to the primary outbound of the last server that was used. If the primary outbound prov correctly, the IP phone will try to send requests to the second	y server does not re	spond				
1 -DNSTTL: the IP phone will send requests to the last register If the TTL for the DNS A records on the registered outbound will retry to send requests to the primary outbound proxy ser	proxy server expires,					
2 -Registration: the IP phone will send requests to the last reg first. If the registration expires, the phone will retry to send re outbound proxy server.		•				
3 -duration: the IP phone will send requests to the last register. If the time defined by the parameter "account.X.outbound_protect the phone will retry to send requests to the primary outbound.	oxy.Y.failback_timeo					
Note: DNSTTL, Registration and duration mode can only be p	processed when the	IP phone is				
idle (that is, no incoming/outbound calls, no active calls or m	eetings, and so on.).					
Web User Interface:						
None						
Phone User Interface:						
None						
Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers	sion 82 or later.					
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_timeout	0, Integer from 60 to 65535	-1				
Description:						
Configures the timeout (in seconds) for the phone to retry to outbound proxy server after failing over to the current working	·					
If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the para "account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_timeout" to take effect.	meter					
If you set the parameter to 0, the IP phone will not send requ proxy server until a failover event occurs with the current wo		outbound				
If you set the parameter from 1 to 59, the timeout will be 60	seconds.					
Note: It works only if the value of the parameter "account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode" is set to 3 (dura	Note: It works only if the value of the parameter					
Web User Interface:						
None						
Phone User Interface:						
None						

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default				
Note : It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers	Note : It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware version 82 or later.					
account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_subscribe.enable	0 or 1	-1				
Description:						
Enables or disables the IP phone to retry to re-subscribe after outbound proxy server with different IP address for a specific failover.						
0-Disabled						
1-Enabled, the IP phone will immediately re-subscribe to the secondary outbound proxy server, for ensuring the normal use of the features associated with subscription (e.g., BLF, SCA).						
If it is set to -1 , the IP phone will invoke the value of the para "account.X.sip_server.Y.failback_subscribe.enable" to take effe						
Note: It works only if the value of the parameter						
"account.X.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode" is set to 1, 2 or 3.						
Web User Interface:						
None						
Phone User Interface:						
None						
Note: It is only applicable to IP phones running firmware vers	ion 82 or later.					

The following shows an example of failover configurations for account 1 in the <y000000000xx.cfg> configuration file:

```
##Account1 Registration
account.1.enable = 1
account.1.label = 4605
account.1.display_name = 4605
account.1.auth_name = 4605
account.1.user_name = 4605
account.1.user_name = 4605
account.1.sip_server.1.address = yealink.pbx.com
account.1.sip_server.1.port = 0
account.1.sip_server.1.retry_counts = 3
account.1.outbound_proxy_enable = 1
account.1.outbound_proxy.1.address = yealink.pbx.com
```

account.1.outbound_proxy.1.port = 0 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.retry_counts = 3 ##DNS SRV account.1.sip_server.1.transport_type = 3 ##Failover Mode for SIP server account.1.sip server.1.register on enable = 0 account.1.sip_server.1.only_signal_with_registered = 1 account.1.sip_server.1.invite_retry_counts = 5 account.1.sip_server.1.failback_mode = 3 account.1.sip_server.1.failback_timeout = 3600 account.1.sip_server.1.failback_subscribe.enable = 1 ##Failover Mode for outbound proxy server account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.register_on_enable = -1 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.only_signal_with_registered = -1 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.invite_retry_counts = -1 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_mode = -1 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_timeout = -1 account.1.outbound_proxy.Y.failback_subscribe.enable = -1

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to the latest Auto Provisioning Guide for your phone on Yealink Technical Support.

Using Server Redundancy on Yealink IP Phones

Fallback Scenario

The following introduces a REGISTER fallback scenario. The SIP server 1 (working server) and SIP server 2 (fallback server) are configured with the IP address respectively for account 1. The parameter "account.1.fallback.redundancy_type" is configured as 1 (Successive Registration). You do not use the outbound proxy servers.

REGISTER Fallback

The phone has ability to fail over to a fallback server when the working server has no response to a REGISTER request.

- 1. The phone sends a REGISTER request to the working server.
- 2. The phone retries to send REGISTER requests to the working server (three times by default).
- **3.** After no response from the working server, the phone sends a REGISTER request to the fallback server after the registration time defined for the working server expires.

4. The fallback server responds with 200 OK to the REGISTER request.

The phone sends REGISTER requests to the working server to detect whether the server is available at intervals defined by the "account.1.fallback.timeout" parameter after failing over to the fallback server. When the working server recovers, the phone has ability to fail back next REGISTER request to the working server.

The following introduces an INVITE fallback scenario. The SIP server 1 (working server) and SIP server 2 (fallback server) are configured with the IP address respectively for account 1. The parameter "account.1.fallback.redundancy_type" is configured as 0 (Concurrent Registration).

INVITE Fallback

The phone has ability to fail over to a fallback server when the working server has no response to an INVITE request.

- 1. Phone A places a call to Phone B.
- 2. Phone B answers the call.

The following SIP messages appear:

- Phone A sends an INVITE request to the working server.
- Phone A retries INVITE requests to the working server (three times by default).
- After no response from the working server, the phone sends an INVITE request to the fallback server.
- The fallback server responds with 200 OK to the INVITE request.

Phone A sends REGISTER requests to the working server to detect whether the server is available. When the working server recovers, the phone has ability to fail back the INVITE request to the working server.

Failover Scenario

The following introduces a REGISTER failover scenario. The SIP server 1 is configured with the domain name of the working server for account 1. The working server is resolved to two SIP servers (primary server and secondary server) using the DNS mechanism. The parameter "account.1.sip_server.1.failback_mode" is configured as 0 (newRequests) and "account.1.sip_server.1.register_on_enable" is configured as 0 (Disabled). You do not use the outbound proxy servers.

REGISTER Failover

The phone has ability to fail over to a secondary server when the primary server has no response to a REGISTER request.

- 1. The phone sends REGISTER request to the primary server.
- 2. The phone retries REGISTER requests to the primary server (three times by default).
- **3.** After no response from the primary server, the phone sends a REGISTER request to the secondary server.
- 4. The secondary server responds with 200 OK to the REGISTER request.

The phone waits until next REGISTER attempt and then sends next REGISTER request to the primary server. When the primary server recovers, the phone has ability to fail back next REGISTER request to the primary server.

INVITE Failover

The phone has ability to fail over to a secondary server when the primary server has no response to an INVITE request.

- 1. Phone A places a call to Phone B.
- 2. Phone B answers the call.

The following SIP messages appear:

- Phone A sends an INVITE request to the primary server.
- Phone A retries INVITE requests to the primary server (three times by default).
- After no response from the primary server, the phone sends an INVITE request to the secondary server.
- The secondary server responds with 200 OK to the INVITE request.

When phone A places a call to Phone B again, the phone sends an INVITE request to the primary server first. When the primary server recovers, the phone has ability to immediately fail back INVITE request to the primary server after failing over to the secondary server.

Appendix A: DNS SRV

The following details the procedures of DNS query for the IP phone to resolve the domain name (e.g., yealink.pbx.com) of working server into the IP address, port and transport protocol.

NAPTR (Naming Authority Pointer)

First, the IP phone sends NAPTR query to get the NAPTR pointer and transport protocol. Example of NAPTR records:

	order	pref	flags	service	regexp	replacement	
IN NAPTR	90	50	"s"	"SIP+D2T"		_siptcp.yealink.pbx.c	com
IN NAPTR	100	50	"s"	"SIP+D2U"		_sipudp.yealink.pb	x.com

Parameters are explained in the following table:

Parameter	Description
order	Specifies preferential treatment for the specific record. The order is from lowest to highest, lower order is more preferred.
pref	Specifies the preference for processing multiple NAPTR records with the same order value. Lower value is more preferred.
flags	The flag "s" means to perform an SRV lookup.
service	Specify the transport protocols supported:

Parameter	Description
	SIP+D2U: SIP over UDP
	SIP+D2T: SIP over TCP
	SIP+D2S: SIP over SCTP
	SIPS+D2T: SIPS over TCP
regexp	Always empty for SIP services.
replacement	Specifies a domain name for the next query.

The IP phone picks the first record, because its order of 90 is lower than 100. The pref parameter is unimportant as there is no other record with order 90. The flag "s" indicates performing the SRV query next. TCP will be used, targeted to a host determined by an SRV query of "_sip._tcp.yealink.pbx.com". If the flag of the NAPTR record returned is empty, the IP phone will perform NAPTR query again according to the previous NAPTR query result.

SRV (Service Location Record)

The IP phone performs an SRV query on the record returned from the NAPTR for the host name and the port number. Example of SRV records:

	Priority	Weight	Port	Target
IN SRV	0	1	5060	server1.yealink.pbx.com
IN SRV	0	2	5060	server2.yealink.pbx.com

Parameters are explained in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Priority	Specifies preferential treatment for the specific host entry. Lower priority is more preferred.
Weight	When priorities are equal, weight is used to differentiate the preference. The preference is from highest to lowest. Again, keep the same to load balance.
Port	Identifies the port number to be used.
Target	Identifies the actual host for an A query.

SRV query returns two records. The two SRV records point to different hosts and have the same priority 0. The weight of the second record is higher than the first one, so the second record will be picked first. The two records also contain a port "5060", the IP phone uses this port. If the Target is not a numeric IP address, the IP phone performs an A query. So in this case, the IP phone uses "server1.yealink.pbx.com" and "server2.yealink.pbx.com" for the A query.

A (Host IP Address)

The IP phone performs an A query for the IP address of each target host name. Example of A records:

Server1.yealink.pbx.com IN A 192.168.1.13 Server2.yealink.pbx.com IN A 192.168.1.14 The IP phone picks the IP address "192.168.1.14" first.

Appendix B: Static DNS Cache

Yealink IP phones allow you to statically configure a set of NAPTR/SRV/A records. The following details the configuration parameters of the static DNS cache for the IP phone to resolve the domain name of the server.

You can specify the preference of the records used by IP phones. To use static DNS cache preferentially, set the following parameter to 1.

(For SIP-T58A/SIP VP-T49G/SIP-T54S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T29G: X ranges from 1 to 16;

For SIP-T52S/T42G/T42S: X ranges from 1 to 12;

For W53P/W60P/CP930W-Base: X ranges from 1 to 8;

For SIP-T41P/T41S/T27G: X ranges from 1 to 6;

For W52P/W56P: X ranges from 1 to 5;

For SIP-T40P/T40G/T23P/T23G: X ranges from 1 to 3;

For SIP-T21(P) E2: X ranges from 1 to 2;

For SIP-T19(P) E2/CP860/CP960: X is equal to 1)

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default			
account.X.dns_cache_type	0, 1 or 2	1			
Description:					
Configures whether the IP phone uses the DNS cach server and caches the additional DNS records for a s		n of the			
0 -Perform real-time DNS query rather than using DN	IS cache.				
1 -Use DNS cache, but do not cache the additional DNS records.					
2 -Use DNS cache and cache the additional DNS records.					
Web User Interface:					
None					
Phone User Interface:					
None					
account.X.static_cache_pri 0 or 1 0					
Description:					
Configures whether preferentially to use the static DNS cache for domain name resolution of					

the server for a specific account.

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
0 -Use domain name resolution from server preferen	tially	
1-Use static DNS cache preferentially		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		

Specifying DNS A Parameters

The following table lists the configuration parameters for specifying the domain name, IP address, and Time to Live (TTL) for A record (X ranges from 1 to 12):

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
dns_cache_a.X.name	Domain name	Blank
Description:		
Configures the domain name in A record X.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_a.X.ip	String	Blank
Description:		
Configures the IP address that the domain name in A	A record X maps to.	
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_a.X.ttl	Integer from 30 to 2147483647	300
Description:		
Configures the time interval (in seconds) that A reco should be consulted again.	rd X may be cached before th	ne record
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
None		

Specify DNS SRV Parameters

The following table lists the configuration parameters for specifying the domain name, port, priority, target, weight and Time to Live (TTL) for SRV record (X ranges from 1 to 12):

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
dns_cache_srv.X.name	Domain name	Blank
Description:		
Configures the domain name in SRV record X.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_srv.X.port	Integer from 0 to 65535	0
Description:		
Configures the port to be used in SRV record X.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_srv.X.priority	Integer from 0 to 65535	0
Description:		
Configures the priority for the target host in SRV rec	ord X.	
Lower priority is more preferred. For example, SRV re	ecord with the priority value () is more
preferred than that with the priority value 1 because 0 is lower than 1.		
Note: For more information, refer to RFC 2782.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_srv.X.target	Domain name	Blank
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Configures the domain name of the target host for a	n A query in SRV record X.	
Note : For more information, refer to RFC 2782.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_srv.X.weight	Integer from 0 to 65535	0
Description:		
Configures the weight of the target host in SRV reco	rd X.	
When priorities are equal, weight is used to different is more preferred.	iate the preference. Higher w	eight value
Note: For more information, refer to RFC 2782.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_srv.X.ttl	Integer from 30 to 2147483647	300
Description:		
Configures the time interval (in seconds) that SRV re- should be consulted again.	cord X may be cached before	the record
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
account.X.naptr_build	0 or 1	0
account.X.naptr_build Description:	0 or 1	0
		-
Description:		-
Description: Configures the way of SRV query for the IP phone to		-
Description: Configures the way of SRV query for the IP phone to returned from NAPTR query for a specific account.		-
Description: Configures the way of SRV query for the IP phone to returned from NAPTR query for a specific account. 0 -SRV query using UDP only		-
Description: Configures the way of SRV query for the IP phone to returned from NAPTR query for a specific account. 0-SRV query using UDP only 1-SRV query using UDP, TCP and TLS		-

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
None		

Specify DNS NAPTR Parameters

The following table lists the configuration parameters for specifying the domain name, order, flags, preference, replacement, service and Time to Live (TTL) for NAPTR record (X ranges from 1 to 12):

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
dns_cache_naptr.X.name	Domain Name	Blank
Description:		
Configures the domain name to which NAPTR record X refers.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_naptr.X.flags	S, A, U or P	Blank
Description:		
Configures the flag of NAPTR record X. (Always "S" for SIP, which means to do an SRV lookup on whatever is in the replacement field).		
S -Do an SRV lookup next.		
A -Do an A lookup next.		
U -No need to do a DNS query next.		
P-Service customized by the user		
Note: For more details of the permitted flags, refer t	o RFC 2915.	
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_naptr.X.order	Integer from 0 to 65535	0

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default	
Description:			
Configures the order of NAPTR record X.			
NAPTR record with lower order is more preferred. For example, NAPTR record with the order			
90 has the higher priority than that with the order 100 because 90 is lower than 100.			
Web User Interface:			
None			
Phone User Interface:			
None			
dns_cache_naptr.X.preference	Integer from 0 to 65535	0	
Description:			
Configures the preference of NAPTR record X.			
NAPTR record with lower value is more preferred wh	en the multiple NAPTR recor	ds have the	
same order value.			
Web User Interface:			
None			
Phone User Interface:			
None			
dne eacha nante V ranlass			
dns_cache_naptr.X.replace	Domain name	Blank	
Description:	Domain name	Blank	
	<u> </u>		
Description:	<u> </u>		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S	<u> </u>		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface:	<u> </u>		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None	<u> </u>		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface:	<u> </u>		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None	RV query in NAPTR record X		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service Description:	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service Description: Configures the transport protocol available for the s	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service Description: Configures the transport protocol available for the s SIP+D2U: SIP over UDP	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service Description: Configures the transport protocol available for the s SIP+D2U: SIP over UDP SIP+D2T: SIP over TCP	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		
Description: Configures a domain name to be used for the next S Web User Interface: None Phone User Interface: None dns_cache_naptr.X.service Description: Configures the transport protocol available for the s SIP+D2U: SIP over UDP SIP+D2T: SIP over TCP SIP+D2S: SIP over SCTP	RV query in NAPTR record X String within 32 characters		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		
dns_cache_naptr.X.ttl	Integer from 30 to 2147483647	300
Description:		
Configures the time interval (in seconds) that NAPTR record X may be cached before the		
record should be consulted again.		
Web User Interface:		
None		
Phone User Interface:		
None		

Example Configuration

The following three examples show you how to configure the static DNS cache.

Example 1

This example shows how to configure static DNS cache when your DNS server does not return A records. In this case, the static DNS cache on the phone provides A records.

When the static DNS cache is used, the configurations would look as below:

account.1.sip_server.1.address = yealink.pbx.com account.1.sip_server.1.port = 5060 account.1.sip_server.1.transport_type = 3 dns_cache_a.1.name = yealink.pbx.com dns_cache_a.1.ip = 192.168.1.13 dns_cache_a.1.ttl = 3600 dns_cache_a.2.ip = 192.168.1.14 dns_cache_a.2.ttl = 3600

Example 2

This example shows how to configure static DNS cache when your DNS server returns A records but not SRV records. In this case, the static DNS cache on the phone provides SRV records.

When the static DNS cache is used, the configurations would look as below:

account.1.sip_server.1.address = yealink.pbx.com

```
account.1.sip_server.1.port = 0
account.1.sip_server.1.transport_type = 3
dns_cache_srv.1.name = _sip._tcp.yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_srv.1.port = 5060
dns_cache_srv.1.priority = 0
dns_cache_srv.1.target = server1.yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_srv.1.weight = 1
dns_cache_srv.1.ttl = 3600
dns_cache_srv.2.name = _sip._tcp.yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_srv.2.port = 5060
dns_cache_srv.2.priority = 0
dns_cache_srv.2.target = server2.yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_srv.2.weight = 2
dns_cache_srv.2.ttl = 3600
```

Note

The parameter "account.1.sip_server.1.port" is set to 0 to force SRV query.

Example 3

This example shows how to configure static DNS cache when your DNS server returns A and SRV records but not NAPTR records. In this case, the static DNS cache on the phone provides NAPTR records.

When the static DNS cache is used, the configurations would look as below:

account.1.sip_server.1.address = yealink.pbx.com

account.1.sip_server.1.port = 0

account.1.sip_server.1.transport_type = 3

dns_cache_naptr.1.name = yealink.pbx.com

dns_cache_naptr.1.flags = S

dns_cache_naptr.1.order = 90

dns_cache_naptr.1.preference = 50

dns_cache_naptr.1.replace = _sip._tcp.yealink.pbx.com

dns_cache_naptr.1.service = SIP+D2T

dns_cache_naptr.1.ttl = 3600

dns_cache_naptr.2.name = yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_naptr.2.flags = S

dns_cache_naptr.2.order = 100
dns_cache_naptr.2.preference = 50
dns_cache_naptr.2.replace = _sip._udp.yealink.pbx.com
dns_cache_naptr.2.service = SIP+D2U
dns_cache_naptr.2.ttl = 3600

Note The parameter "account.1.sip_server.1.port" is set to 0 to force NAPTR query.

Customer Feedback

We are striving to improve our documentation quality and we appreciate your feedback. Email your opinions and comments to DocsFeedback@yealink.com.