### **About VLAN**

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is used to logically divide a physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or connections. Grouping devices with a common set of requirements regardless of their physical location can greatly simplify network design. VLANs can address issues such as scalability, security, and network management.

#### **IEEE 802.1Q**

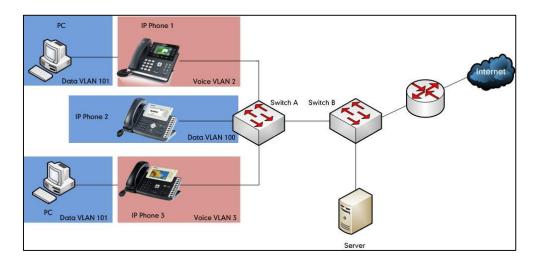
IEEE 802.1Q is the networking standard that supports VLANs on an Ethernet network. The specification defines a standard method for tagging Ethernet packets with VLAN membership information. A VLAN-aware device is the one which understands VLAN memberships and VLAN formats. When a packet from the IP phone enters the VLAN-aware portion of the network, a tag is added to represent the VLAN membership of the IP phone. Each packet must be distinguishable as being within exactly one VLAN. A packet in the VLAN-aware portion of the network that does not contain a VLAN tag is assumed to be flowing on the native (or default) VLAN.

802.1Q adds a 4-byte tag between the source MAC address and the Ethernet type fields of the Ethernet frame. Two bytes are used for the tag protocol identifier (TPID), the other two bytes for tag control information (TCI). The TCI field is further divided into PCP (Priority Code Point), CFI (Canonical Format Indicator), and VID (VLAN ID).

#### Voice VLAN

As voice traffic is delay and jitter sensitive for the IP phone, it requires higher priority over data traffic to reduce delay and packet loss during transmission. To simplify configuration procedures and better manage voice transmission policies, the connected switch can be configured to provide voice VLAN function and transmit the voice traffic of the IP phone in a dedicated VLAN, called voice VLAN.

Voice VLAN is a special access port feature of the switch which allows IP phones to be automatically configured and easily associated with a logically separate VLAN. This feature provides various benefits, but one particular benefit is that when voice VLAN is enabled on a switch port, this port is also enabled to allow simultaneous access for a PC. This feature allows a PC to be daisy chained to an IP phone and the connection for both PC and IP phone to be trunked through the same physical Ethernet cable. The purpose of VLAN configurations on the IP phone is to insert tag with VLAN information to the packets generated by the IP phone. When VLAN is properly configured for the ports (Internet port and PC port) on the IP phone, the IP phone will tag all packets from these ports with the VLAN ID. The switch receives and forwards the tagged packets to the corresponding VLAN according to the VLAN ID in the tags described in IEEE Std 802.3.



#### **Major Benefits of Using VLANs**

VLANs offer many benefits that are not found in typical LANs. Major benefits of segregating IP phones into VLAN(s) are listed as below:

- Performance Enhancements: VLAN is used to minimize the broadcast domain. Creating smaller domain for IP phone can reduce overhead and limit resource utilization.
   Additionally, less traffic will need to be routed, and the latency added by routers will be reduced.
- Ease of Administration: Much of the cost associated with network additions and relocations can be saved through the use of VLANs. IP phone can be shifted from one workgroup or department to another without installing new network cabling and reconfiguring hubs or routers.
- Security: VLANs can be used to create secure user groups and prevent others outside of the broadcast domain from receiving sensitive data of the IP phone. They can also be used to enhance firewall functions and restrict network access for one or more users. By segregating IP phones into VLANs, security filters can be implemented in the network to prevent the IP phones from receiving unnecessary traffic from other devices. This helps prevent disruption due to DoS attacks or attempts to compromise the devices. It also allows locking down access to configuration and signaling servers to only allow access from the IP phones.

## Yealink IP Phones Compatible with VLAN Method

There are four ways to get VLAN ID for Internet (WAN) port, but the VLAN used is chosen by the priority of each method (from highest to lowest): LLDP/CDP>Manual>DHCP VLAN. There is only one way to get VLAN ID for PC port: Manual.

Yealink SIP VP-T49G IP phones support VLAN in the wireless network. The method that the phones use to obtain VLAN ID in the wireless network is the same as the one in the wired network.

**Note** LLDP and CDP methods have the same priority to get VLAN ID. Normally, the VLAN ID get for the IP phone by LLDP and CDP methods will be the same.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
LLDP	All IP phones	All Versions
Manual	All IP phones <b>Note</b> : The Manual method for PC port is not available on Yealink CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P, W53P, W56P and CP930W-Base IP phones.	All Versions
	W52P	Firmware version 40 or later.
	T46G, T42G, T41P and CP860	Firmware version 71 or later
	T48G	Firmware version 72 or later.
DHCP VLAN	T58A T49G, T40P, T29G, T23P/G, T21(P) E2, T19(P) E2, CP960 and W56P	Firmware version 80 or later
	T54S, T52S, T48S, T46S, T42S, T41S, T40G, T27G and CP920	Firmware version 81 or later
	T58A and CP960	Firmware version 80 or later
CDP	SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48 S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/	Firmware version 81 or later

The table below lists the methods supported by Yealink SIP IP phones with different versions.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
	T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T2	
	9G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T21	
	(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860,	
	CP920, W60P, W52P and	
	W56P	
	W53P and CP930W-Base	Firmware version 83 or later

## **VLAN Discovery Method on Yealink IP Phones**

## **Automatic Discovery Method for VLAN**

### LLDP

### Introduction

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information that is learned about other devices. Information gathered with LLDP is stored in the device as a management information database (MIB) and can be queried with the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as specified in RFC 2922. LLDP transmits information as packets called LLDP Data Units (LLDPDUs). An LLDPDU consists of a set of Type-Length-Value (TLV) elements, each of which contains a particular type of information about the device or port transmitting it.

Each of the TLV components has the following basic structure:

Туре	Length	Value
7 bits	9 bits	0-511 octets

#### LLDP supports advertising the following TLVs:

- Mandatory LLDP TLVs: Chassis ID, Port ID, and Time to Live (TTL) are included in an LLDPDU by default.
- **Optional LLDP TLVs**: System Name, System Description and so on, the phone sends the optional TLVs along with the mandatory TLVs in an LLDPDU.
- **Organizationally Specific TLVs**: MAC/PHY Configuration/Status and Port VLAN ID, which are defined in IEEE Standard 802.3 and 802.1 respectively.

The LLDP frame ends with a special TLV, named **end of LLDPDU** in which both the **type** and **length** fields are 0.

#### LLDP-MED

LLDP-MED (Media Endpoint Discovery) is published by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA). It is an extension to LLDP that operates between endpoint devices and network connectivity devices. LLDP-MED specifically provides support for voice over IP (VoIP) applications and provides the following capabilities:

- Capabilities Discovery–allows LLDP-MED endpoints to determine the capabilities that the connected device supports and has enabled. It can be used to indicate whether the connected device is a phone, a switch, a repeater, etc.
- Voice VLAN Configuration-provides a mechanism for a switch to notify a device which VLAN to use, which enables "plug and play" networking.
- Power Management-provides information related to how the device is powered, power priority, and how much power the device needs.
- Inventory Management-provides a means to manage device and the attributes of the device such as model number, serial number, software revision, etc.
- Location Identification Discovery-provides location information from the switch to the device when placing an emergency call.

# In addition to the TLVs advertised by LLDP, LLDP-MED also supports advertising the following TLVs:

- LLDP-MED capabilities TLV
- Network policy TLV
- Power management TLV
- Inventory management TLV
- Location identification TLV (not supported by IP phones)

It should be noted that either LLDP or LLDP-MED-but not both-can be used at any given time on an interface between two devices.

### **LLDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones**

LLDP provides exceptional interoperability benefits, IP telephony troubleshooting, automatic deployment of policies and advanced PoE (Power over Ethernet). When LLDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected LLDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive LLDP packets from the connected switch. When the application type is "voice", IP phones decide whether to update the VLAN configurations obtained from the LLDP packets. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

## **Supported TLVs of IP Phones**

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description						
	Chassis ID	Specifies the IP address of the IP phone.						
	Port ID	Specifies the MAC address of the IP phone.						
Mandato ry TLVs	Time to Live	Specifies the lifetime of the transmitted information on the IP phone. The default value is 180s.						
	End of LLDPDU	Marks the end of the TLV sequence in the LLDPDU. No further processing of TLVs after this is necessary. This is a mandatory TLV and therefore must be present at the end of the data stream.						
	System Name	Specifies the administratively-assigned name for the IP phone (per RFC3418). For more information, refer to Appendix B: System Names on page 34.						
	System Description	Specifies the description of the IP phone.						
Optional TLVs	System	Specifies the supported and enabled capabilities of the IP phone. For Yealink CP860, CP960, CP920, CP930W-Base, W52P, W56P, W60P, W53P, SIP-T58A, SIP VP-T49G,						
	Capabilities	SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41 S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2:						
		The supported capabilities are Telephone.						
		The enabled capabilities are Telephone by default.						
	Port Description	Specifies the description of the sending port. The default value is "WAN PORT".						
		Specifies duplex and bit rate settings of the IP phone. The Auto-Negotiation is supported and enabled by default.						
IEEE Std 802.3 Organiza tionally Specific TLV	MAC/PHY Configurati on/Status	<ul> <li>The advertised capabilities of PMD Auto-Negotiation are:</li> <li>10BASE-T (half duplex mode)</li> <li>10BASE-T (full duplex mode)</li> <li>100BASE-TX (half duplex mode)</li> <li>100BASE-TX (full duplex mode)</li> </ul>						
		• 1000BASE-T (full duplex mode).						
		Note: By default, all phones have the PMD Advertised Capability						

TLVs supported by IP phones are summarized in the following table:

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description
		set for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX. Yealink CP860/CP920/SIP-T58A/SIP VP-T49G/SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/ T42S/T29G/T27G/T23G phones that have Gigabit Ethernet support PMD Advertise Capability also contain set 1000BASE-T.
	Media Capabilities	Specifies the MED device type of the IP phone and the supported LLDP-MED TLV type can be encapsulated in LLDPDU. The supported LLDP-MED TLV types are: LLDP-MED Capabilities Network Policy Extended Power via MDI-PD Inventory
	Network Policy	Specifies the port VLAN ID, application type, L2 priority and DSCP value.
LLDP-ME	Extended Power-via- MDI	Specifies power type, source, priority and value. For more information on power value, refer to Appendix D: Power Values.
D TLVs	Inventory - Hardware Revision	Specifies the hardware revision of IP phone.
	Inventory - Firmware Revision	Specifies the firmware revision of IP phone.
	Inventory - Software Revision	Specifies the software revision of IP phone.
	Inventory - Serial Number	Specifies the serial number of IP phone.
LLDP-ME	Inventory - Manufactur er Name	Manufacturer name of IP phone. The default value is "Yealink".
D TLVs	Inventory - Model Name	Specifies the model name of IP phone. For more information, refer to Appendix C: Model Names.
	Asset ID	Specifies the asset identifier of IP phone.

### **Configuring LLDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones**

LLDP is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure LLDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of LLDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s.

### **Configuring LLDP via Web User Interface**

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

#### To configure LLDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the LLDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the **Packet Interval (1~3600s)** field.

					Log Out
Yealink 1466					English(English) 👻
	Status Account	Network DSS	Key Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
		Active	Enabled	•	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN
Advanced		Active	Disabled	•	membership can be configured through software instead of
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
WITT	VLAN 🕜				
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
		VID (1-4094)	1		configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0	•	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	It is a general term for techniques that establish and
		VID (1-4094)	1		maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN
		Priority	0	•	is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversal
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

### **Configuring LLDP Using Configuration Files**

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T2
   3P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later

• W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

#### For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Permitted Values	Default
0 or 1	1
Integer from 1 to 3600	60
one to send the LLDP reque	est.
	0 or 1 Integer from 1 to 3600

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files:

network.lldp.enable = 1

network.lldp.packet\_interval = 60

**2.** Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink\_SIP-T2 Series\_T19(P) E2\_T4\_Series\_CP860\_W56P\_IP\_Phones\_Auto\_Provisioning\_Guide*.

#### For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
static.network.lldp.enable	0 or 1	1
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default									
Enables or disables LLDP on the IP phone.											
<b>0</b> -Disabled											
1-Enabled											
static.network.lldp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60									
Description:											
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP p	none to send the LLDP reque	est.									

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files:

static.network.lldp.enable = 1

static.network.lldp.packet\_interval = 60

**2.** Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.
   For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink SIP IP Phones Auto Provisioning Guide\_V81*.

### Verifying the Configuration

After LLDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., hardware revision, firmware revision, serial number) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows LLDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Supports the MAC/PHY configuration (e.g., speed rate, duplex mode).
- Obtains VLAN info from the network policy, which takes precedence over manual settings.

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (before obtaining VLAN ID).

Eie I	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>C</u> apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatisti	ics Telephon <u>y T</u> ools <u>I</u> n	nternals Help
i i	<b>H GH GH GH   E 17 X 27 2</b> 1 1	् 🗢 🔶 🐼 🕹	:   🗏 🗐 ( C, Q, Q, 🗹   🖉 🖄 %   💢
ilter:	lldp	-	Expression Clear Apply
			Protocol Length Info
			LDP 60 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 0 LDP 221 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = STP-T466
	37.0954890 XiamenYe 41:46:dd LL 37.6762480 XiamenYe 41:46:dd LL		LDP 221 chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = SIP-T46G LDP 221 chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 System Name = SIP-T46G
			LDP 545 Chassis Id = $C0:62:60:5d:42:80$ Port Id = $Fa1/0/22$ TL = $120$ System Name = yea ink-cis
359	39.1069640 cisco_5d:42:98 LL	.DP_Multicast LL	LLDP 545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cis
			LLDP 545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cis
			LLDP 545 Chassis Id = c0:62:6b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cise
798	93 4243020 cisco 5d+42+98 II	NP Multicast II	IDP 545 Chassis Td = c0:62:66:5d:42:80 Port Td = Ea1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = vealink-rise
	Time To Live = 180 sec System Name = SIP-T46G System Description = 28.80.208.7 capabilities Port Description = WAN PORT IEEE 802.3 - MAC/PHY Configurati TIA - NetWork Pollcy 1111 111 = TLV Type 	on/Status :: Organization Spec th: 8 (0x0012bb)	cific (127)
	Application Type: Voice (1) 1	NO 0	

The following figure shows the LLDP packet received by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (sent by the switch).

File	Edit View Go	Capture Analyze Sta	atistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools	Internals Help																		
			Q, ⇔ ⇒ ⇔ <b>⊼</b>		A A	0 2	54		<b>1</b> 2 - 4.2	1.578												
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Filter	: Ildp			<ul> <li>Expression</li> </ul>	. Clear	Apply																
	Time S	ource	Destination	Protocol L	ength	Info																
568	63.4176990 0	isco_5d:42:98	LLDP_Multicast	LLDP		Chassis																
		isco_5d:42:98	LLDP_Multicast	LLDP		chassis																
			LLDP_Multicast	LLDP		Chassis																
1125	123.3806550	isco_5d:42:98	LLDP_Multicast	LLDP	545	chassis		c0:	62:6b:	:5d:4	2:80	Port	Id	= Fa1	L/0/22	TTL	= 120	5ys1	cem Na	ame = )	/ealin	k-cisco
*								_		_		_	-			_		_				•
		scovery Protocol																				
			, Id: c0:62:6b:5d:4	2:80																		
		e = Interface name	, Id: Fa1/0/22																			
	Time To Liv	= 120 sec = vealink-cisco37	no constituito ener																			
			n = Cisco IOS Softw	ano 62750 s	ftwar	o (c275	0 700	C DV/T	CE EKO	м) ,	vorri	on 17		(55)er	6 00	EAST		MADE	(fc1)	) nTock	mical	Suppor
		otion = FastEthern		are, c5/50 50	or cwar	e (cs/s	0-1-1	ERVI	CESK9-	- (U	verst	011 12		()))3	10, KE	LEAD	E SOFI	WARE	((1))	Inteci	incar	Suppor
	Capabilitie		cc2/ 0/ 22																			
	Management /																					
	Management /																					
		Capabilities																				
		tory - Hardware Re																				
		tory - Software Re																				
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I .		ion Unique Code: T																				
		type: Network Poli																				
		on Type: Voice (1)																				
		= Polic																				
		= Tagge																				
		1011 110. = VLAN																				
		01 = L2 Pr = DSCP Value: 46	iority: 5																			
	10 1110	= DSCP value: 46																				

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (after obtaining VLAN ID).

Ele	Edit View	<u>Go</u> <u>Capture</u> <u>Analyze</u> <u>Statis</u>	tics Telephony <u>T</u> ools	Internals Help												
		🕷   🖻 🛃 🗙 😂 🔒	् 💠 🛸 😜 🚡 🛓		ପ୍ର୍ଷ୍ 🖭   i	¥ 🗹	8 %   🔀 👘									
Filt	er: Ildp			<ul> <li>Expression</li> </ul>	Clear Apply											
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info											
	336 38.10 359 39.10 372 40.11 568 63.41 798 39.42 845 97.41 798 39.42 845 97.41 798 39.42 845 97.41 798 45 97.41 798 45 97.41 798 45 97.41 9 Chassis 9 Chass	22480 Xiamerve_41:46:dd 30300 Cisco_5142:98 39640 Cisco_5142:98 39640 Cisco_5142:98 36990 Cisco_5142:98 38990 Xiamerve_41:46:dd 221 bytes on wire (176 ; src: xiamerve_41:46:dd 38990 Xiamerve_41:46:dd ; src: xiamerve_41:46	bits), 221 bytes           dd (00:15:65:41:46           ss           r8           ion/Status           e: organization Sp. thts           (0x00:2bb)           (0x02)           Defined           Yes           : 222	:dd), Dst: I	545 chassi 545 chassi 545 chassi 545 chassi 545 chassi 221 chassi 221 chassi 700 million (chassi 1766 bits)	Id = c Id = c	0.0.0.0 Port 1 0.0.0.0 Port 1 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06216b15d14 0.06210513d14 0.01022219	2:80 Port 2:80 Port 2:80 Port 2:80 Port 2:80 Port	t Id = Fa t Id = Fa t Id = Fa t Id = Fa t Id = Fa	1/0/22 1/0/22 1/0/22 1/0/22 1/0/22	TTL = 1 TTL = 1 TTL = 1 TTL = 1 TTL = 1	20 Sys 20 Sys 20 Sys 20 Sys 20 Sys 20 Sys	stem Na stem Na stem Na stem Na stem Na	ame = y ame = y ame = y ame = y ame = y	vealink vealink vealink vealink vealink	-ci -ci -ci -ci

### CDP

### Introduction

CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information from/to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information about other devices.

### **CDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones**

When CDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected CDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive CDP packets from the connected switch. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

### **Configuring CDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones**

CDP is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure CDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of CDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s.

### **Configuring CDP via Web User Interface**

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

#### To configure CDP feature via web user interface:

**1.** Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the CDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.

4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the **Packet Interval (1~3600s)** field.

ealink   1466	Status Accoun	t Network DS	5Key Features	Settings	Log Ou English(English)
Basic	LLDP 🍘				NOTE
		Active	Enabled	•	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains, VLAN
Advanced	Ĩ	Active	Enabled	-	membership can be configured through software instead of
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
WITT	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	method (from highest to
		VID (1-4094)	1		lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0	•	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	It is a general term for techniques that establish and
		VID (1-4094)	1		maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways, STU
		Priority	0	-	is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversa
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click OK to reboot the IP phone.

### **Configuring CDP Using Configuration Files**

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T2 3P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later
- W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

#### For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

**1.** Add/Edit CDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Enables or disables CDP on the IP phone.		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default	
<b>0</b> -Disabled			
1-Enabled			
network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60	
Description:			
Configures the interval (in seconds) for th	e IP phone to send the CDP reques	st.	

The following shows an example of CDP configuration in configuration files:

```
network.cdp.enable = 1
```

network.cdp.packet\_interval = 60

**2.** Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink\_SIP-T2 Series\_T19(P) E2\_T4\_Series\_CP860\_W56P\_IP\_Phones\_Auto\_Provisioning\_Guide*.

#### For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit CDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
static.network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		
Enables or disables CDP on the IP phone.		
<b>0</b> -Disabled		
1-Enabled		
static.network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60
Description:		
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP ph	one to send the CDP reque	st.

The following shows an example of CDP configuration in configuration files:

```
static.network.cdp.enable = 1
```

static.network.cdp.packet\_interval = 60

2. Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.
   For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink SIP IP Phones Auto Provisioning Guide\_V81*.

### Verifying the Configuration

After CDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., software revision, device ID, power consumption) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows CDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Obtains VLAN ID of connecting ports.

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID-with VLAN Query field).

<u>File</u>	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	<u>Capture</u> <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatist	ics Telephony <u>T</u> ools	Internals <u>H</u> elp						
e a		🖻 🔀 🗶 😂 🔺	Q 🗢 🔿 🐺 🖢		e e e r	•	1 🌆 💥 🕅			
Filter:	cdp			Expression	Clear Apply					
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
		)7 xiamenYe_41:46:dd					T460015654146DE			
		4 Cisco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/						: FastEthernet1/0/22	
		33 xiamenYe_41:46:dd					T460015654146DE			
		2 XiamenYe_41:46:dd					T460015654146DD		: FastEthernet1/0/22	
		52 C15C0_50:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/				7460015654146DE		: FastEthernet1/0/22	
		32 Cisco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGP/ CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGP/						: FastEthernet1/0/22	
		0 XiamenYe_41:46:dd					T460015654146DE		. Pastechernet1/0/22	
		8 cisco_5d:42:98	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGP/						: FastEthernet1/0/22	
<			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				,			
n Ers	mo 1108 · 12	4 bytes on wire (992	hits) 124 bytes	contured (	02 hits)					
	E 802.3 Eth		. 0103), 124 0ytes	capeureu (:	52 0103)					
. Loc	ical-Link C	ontrol								
🗉 cis	co Discover	y Protocol								
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	TL: 180 sec									
		c241 [correct]								
		460015654146DD								
	Addresses	0007								
	apabilities									
	oftware Ver									
	latform: T4									
	ouplex: Half									
I P	ower consum	ption: 8000 mW	_							
ΞV	OIP VLAN QU									
		VLAN Query (0x000f)								
	Length: 8									
	Data									
	Voice VLAN	1: 512								

The following figure shows the CDP packet received by the IP phone (with VLAN Reply field).

<u>File Edit View Go</u> Capture 2	analyze Statistics Telephony Tools	Internals <u>H</u> elp			
■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ = ■ = = = = = = = = = = = =	🕷 😂 📇   🔍 🗢 🌳 🥥 🐺 :	L   E B   Q Q Q 🛛	🖉 🖾 🍢 💥 🗮		
Filter: cdp		Expression Clear Apply			
No. Time Source	Destination	Protocol Length Info			
1052 102.491507 xiamenY	_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGE	/UDCDP 116 Devi	e ID: T460015654146DD	Port ID: WAN PORT	
1059 103. 395614 cisco_5	1:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgF	/UDCDP 517 Devi	e ID: yealink-cisco37	50.yealink.com Port ID:	FastEthernet1/0/22
1185 118. 399333 xiameny	41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP	/UDCDP 124 Devi	e ID: T460015654146DD	Port ID: WAN PORT	
	41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgF		e ID: T460015654146DD		
1199 119.409462 cisco_5	d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgF	/UDCDP 517 Devi	e ID: yealink-cisco37	50.yealink.com Port ID:	FastEthernet1/0/22
1210 120.407969 X1ameny	2_41:46:dd CDP/VIP/DIP/PAGE		e ID: 1460015654146DD	PORT ID: WAN PORT	
4					
H Logical-Link Control					
Cisco Discovery Protoco	1				
version: 2					
TTL: 180 seconds					
E Checksum: 0x3706 [cor					
Device ID: yealink-ci	sco3750.yealink.com				
Software Version					
	750V2-24T5				
Addresses					
Port ID: FastEthernet	1/0/22				
Capabilities					
Protocol Hello: Clust					
VTP Management Domain Native VLAN: 5	: yealink				
Duplex: Half					
■ Duplex: Hall VoIP VLAN Reply: 222					
Type: VOIP VLAN RepTy: 222	14 (02000)				
Length: 7	IY (0X000E)				
Data					
Voice VLAN: 222					
Trust Bitmap: 0x00					
Untrusted port Cos: 0	×00				
Management Addresses					
E Location: \003\002					
Dowor Available: 0 mb	4204067205 mid				

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (after obtaining VLAN ID-without VLAN Query field).

Eile Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statis	ics Telephony <u>T</u> ools Internals <u>H</u> elp	
	Q ⇔ ⇒ 37 2 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Filter: cdp	Expression Clear Apply	
No. Time Source 1052 102.4921/V.14188974_41:46:00 1059 103.395614 C15cc_54:42:98 1185 118.39633 X1amerve_41:46:00 1198 119.396632 X1amerve_41:46:00 1199 119.409462 C15cc_54:42:98 1210 120.409769 X1amerve_41:46:00 12705 181.067700 X1amerve_41:46:00	CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FAStEthernet1/0/22           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600155514460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600155514460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600155514460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600155414460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600156514460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T4600156514460D Port ID: WAN PORT           CDP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T460015651460D Port ID: WAN PORT           DCP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T460015651460D Port ID: WAN PORT           ST         Device ID: T460015651460D Port ID: WAN PORT           DCP/VTP/0TP/PAgP/UDCCP         124 Device ID: T460015651460D Port ID: WAN PORT	
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### **DHCP VLAN**

IP phones support VLAN discovery via DHCP. When the VLAN Discovery method is set to DHCP, the IP phone will detect DHCP option for a valid VLAN ID. The predefined option 132 is used to supply the VLAN ID by default. You can customize the DHCP option used to detect the VLAN ID.

### **Configuring DHCP Option on a DHCP Server**

Before using DHCP VLAN feature on IP phones, you must make sure that the DHCP option on the DHCP server is configured properly. This section provides instructions on how to configure a DHCP option for windows using DHCP Turbo.

#### To configure DHCP option on a DHCP server:

- **1.** Start the DHCP Turbo application.
- 2. Right click **Option Types**, and then select **New Option Type**.

🍇 DHCP Turbo on localhost (modified)			. <b>D</b> X
<u>File Edit View Bindings T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp			
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Servers / Filter Ste	ndard Options	T	
i - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I - I -		ption	<b></b>
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Select All		alay Agent Information	
🥰 <u>F</u> ind		ubnet Selection P Server	
Properties		abelabs Client Configuration	
ropercles	Yea Yea	alink Phone Test VLAN ID	•
Description			
Create a new option type			//

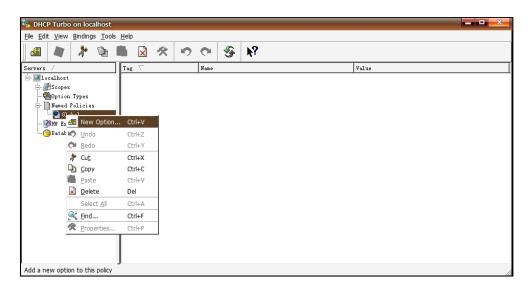
3. Enter the desired option in the Tag field.

The custom options range from 128 to 254.

- 4. Enter the desired name in the Name field.
- 5. Select string from the pull-down list of Type.

/ Opt	ion Properties
Tag	132
Name	Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID
Type	string 💌
🔲 Si	gned 🗌 Arrayed
Descri	ption
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

- 6. Click **OK** to finish setting the option properties.
- 7. Click 🔄 to accept the change.
- 8. Double click Named Policies.
- 9. Right click Global, and then select New Option.



	Standard Options	<b>•</b>	
Tag 🗸	Name		
🖅 -6	Magic cookie		
/ 🖅5	Home directory		
···· / 🖅 – 1	Boot file		
/ 🖅 1	Subnet mask		
/ 🖅 🖉	Time offset		
/ 🖅 🖅	Gateways		
/ 🖅 4	Time servers		
/ 🖅 🖅	IEN116 name servers		
/ 🖅 🖉 🖉	Domain name servers		
/ 🖅 7	Log servers		
/ 🖅 🖉	Cookie/Quote servers		
⁄ 🖅 9	LPR servers		
/ 🖅 10	Impress servers		
/ 🖅 🖅 🖅	RLP servers		
/ 🖅 12	Hostname		
/ 🖅 13	Boot file size		
/ 🖅 14	Merit dump file		
/ 🖅 15	Domain name		
/ 🖅 16	Swap servers		
/ 🖅 17	Root path		
/ 🖅 18	Extensions path		
/ 🔁 19	IP forwarding		
escription			*
<b>r</b>			

The Option Selector screen displays as below:

- **10.** Scroll down and double click the option created above.
- **11.** Fill the VLAN ID to be assigned in the input field.

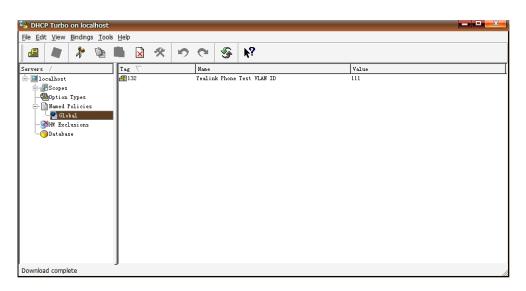
Three formats of valid values: VLAN-A= *VLANID*, *VLANID* and VID= *VLANID*. VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094.

🖅 Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	<b>X</b>
111	
Expression	Build
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	$\underline{A}$ dvanced $>>$

**12.** Click **OK** to finish setting a custom option.

**13.** Click 🔄 to accept the change.

Then you can find the configured option under **Global** option.



### **Configuring DHCP Option on Yealink IP Phones**

DHCP VLAN is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure DHCP VLAN via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the DHCP option. The default DHCP option is 132.

### **Configuring DHCP Option via Web User Interface**

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

#### To configure DHCP VLAN feature via web user interface:

**1.** Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of DHCP VLAN Active.
- 4. Enter the desired value in the **Option** field.

You can specify 5 options at most and separate options by commas. The default value is 132.

Yealink 1146g					Log Out English(English) 🗸
	Status Accour	nt Network DSS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active	Enabled	-	VIAN
PC POIL		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN
Advanced		Active	Enabled	•	membership can be configured through software instead of
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
WI-FI	VLAN 🕜				
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to
		VID (1-4094)	1		lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0	-	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled		It is a general term for
	PUPUL			•	techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
		VID (1-4094)	1		traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal
		Priority	0	<b>•</b>	techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversal
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

### **Configuring CDP Using Configuration Files**

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T2
   3P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later
- W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

#### For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature	e on the IP phone.	
0-Disabled		
1-Enabled		
network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132
Description:		
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the VL	AN ID.	
You can specify 5 options at most and separate of	ptions by commas.	

The following shows an example of DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

network.vlan.dhcp\_enable = 1

network.vlan.dhcp\_option = 132

**2.** Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink\_SIP-T2 Series\_T19(P) E2\_T4\_Series\_CP860\_W56P\_IP\_Phones\_Auto\_Provisioning\_Guide*.

#### For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
static.network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1
Description:		
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature	e on the IP phone.	
<b>0</b> -Disabled		
1-Enabled		
static.network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132
Description:		
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the VL	AN ID.	
You can specify 5 options at most and separate o	options by commas.	

The following shows an example of DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.dhcp\_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.dhcp\_option = 132

5. Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y00000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 6. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- 7. Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink SIP IP Phones Auto Provisioning Guide\_V81*.

### **Verifying the Configuration**

When the IP phone is configured to use DHCP for VLAN discovery, and the DHCP option is set to 132, the following processes occur:

- **1.** The IP phone broadcasts a DHCP Discover message to find out if there is a DHCP server available.
- If the DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132, the phone will accept the Offer, send a DHCP Request, and save the VLAN ID provided by the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.
- **3.** After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, the phone will release the leased IP address and start a new DHCP Discover cycle with the now known Voice VLAN ID tag.

After this process, the phone will send all packets with the VLAN ID obtained from the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.

The following figure shows the DHCP Discover message sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID):

<u>Ele</u>	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	Capture Analyze Stat	istics Telephony Tools In	ternals <u>H</u> elp								
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No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info							
_	3 0.110993		255.255.255.255	DHCP		Discover	Teans	action :	ID 0x83952d	00	 	 
	3 0.110993 4 0.115183		200.200.200.200	DHCP					LD 0X839520			
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP					ID 0x839320			
	6 0.154213		5. 5. 5. 18	DHCP	342 DHCP				ID 0xbdaa15			
	7 0.200977		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP					ID 0x83952d			
	8 0.205328	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP	ACK	- Trans	action :	ID 0x83952d	00		
	9 10.068604	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Trans	action :	ID 0xc48e62	0		
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP				ID 0xc48e62			
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP					ID 0xc48e62			
1	12 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Trans	action :	ID 0xc48e62	0		
C												
T Int Use	ype: IP (0x0 ernet Protoc	ol Version 4, Src rotocol, Src Port	: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.0.0), : bootpc (68), Dst Pc			55.255.2	5.255)					
M H H S ⊞ B C Y N	essage type: ardware type ardware addr ops: 0 ransaction I econds elaps ootp flags: lient IP add our (client) ext server I	Boot Request (1) : Ethernet ess length: 6 D: 0x83952d00	0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0)	re information								
C C 0020 0030	lient MAC ad lient hardwa ff ff 00 44 2d 00 00 64	dress: XiamenYe_1 re address paddin 00 43 02 2c b3 0	1:27:b1 (00:15:65:11: g: 00000000000000000000000000000000000									

<u>Eile E</u> o	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	<u>Capture</u> <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> t	atistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools Ir	ternals <u>H</u> el	p			
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Filter:	bootp		-	Expression	Clear Apply			
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info			
					590 DHCP Discover			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP Offer	- Transaction		
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP Request			
	6 0.154213 7 0.200977		5.5.5.18 255.255.255.255	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK 590 DHCP Request	- Transaction		
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK	- Transaction :		
	9 10.068604		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP	594 DHCP ACK			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP Offer	- Transaction :		
	1 10.161676		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP	594 DHCP Request			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP ACK	- Transaction		
<ul> <li>BC</li> <li>C1</li> <li>YC</li> <li>Ne</li> <li>Re</li> <li>C1</li> <li></li></ul>	lient IP add our (client) Elay agent I lient MAC ad priver host r bot file nam <u>agic cookie:</u> totion: (t=53 otion: (t=61 otion: (t=60 otion: (t=12 otion: (t=12)	0x0000 (unicast) lress: 0.0.0 (0 IP address: 0.0 P address: 0.0.0 ddress: xiamenve_ re address paddi tame not given b(CP D(CP D(CP D(CP D(CP) D(	0.0.0) 0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0.0 (0.0.0.0) 11:27:bl (00:15:65:11: ng: 0000000000000000000 the transformed the transformed the transformed the transformatic ter Phessage Size = 576	r p 1.10.3				
010	02 40 00 00	00 00 40 11 78	11 27 b1 08 00 45 00 ae 00 00 00 00 ff ff ea 01 01 06 00 83 95	.@@	. e.'E. 3. x			

The following figure shows the DHCP Offer message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132):

	bit <u>v</u> iew <u>G</u> o . @4 ⊛4 ⊛4	Capture Analyze Stat	istics Telephony <u>T</u> ools In   🔍 🗢 🚸 🤹 7 👱	temais <u>H</u> ei	କ୍ର୍ ହ୍ 🖻	i 🖬 🖬 🛉	8 %   🕱			
Filter:	bootp			Expression	Clear Apply					
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction	ID 0x83952d0	0	
	4 0.115183	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP		- Transaction			
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
1	2 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Transaction	ID 0xc48e620		
R C S B H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H	elay agent I lient MAC ad lient hardwa erver host n pot file nam agic cookie: otion: (t=53 otion: (t=51 otion: (t=51 otion: (t=59 otion: (t=58 otion: (t=3. otion: (t=3. otion: (t=13)	re address paddin ame: mid0507-dc2a e not given DHCP ]=1) DHCP Messag ]=4) Subnet Mask ,]=4) IP Address ,]=4) Rebinding T ,]=4) Renewal Tim ]=4) Router = 5.5 2,]=3) PX = unde	0 (0.0.0) 1:27:bl (00:15:65:11: g: 000000000000000000000 398 e Type = DHCP Offer = 255.255.255.0 Lease Time = 6 hours ime value = 5 hours, e value = 3 hours 5.1 fined (vendor specifi)	00 15 minute	s					
	ption: (t=12 ption: (t=54 nd option adding	,1=4) DHCP Server	l security server IP Identifier = 5.5.5.2							
0120 0130	ff ff 00 33 04 00 00 2a	04 00 00 54 60 30 03 04 05 05 0	53 35 01 02 01 04 ff 3b 04 00 00 49 d4 3a 55 01 84 03 31 31 31 34 36 04 05 05 05 02		. <pre>\$c5 T d =40</pre>					

The following figure shows the DHCP message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sent the ACK message to the phone):

<u>E</u> le <u>E</u>	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	<u>Capture</u> Analyze St	atistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools In	ternals <u>H</u> elp								
		🕒 🖬 🗙 😂 占	s   Q 🗢 🔿 🗿 🚡 👱		Q 🖸	¥	8 %	2 🕅				
Filter:	bootp		-	Expression Clea	ar Apply							
No.	Time	Source	Destination		ngth Info							
	3 0.110993 4 0.115183		255.255.255.255	DHCP	342 DHCP			ransaction ransaction				
	5 0.150004		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP				ransaction				
	6 0.154213		5. 5. 5. 18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ransaction				
_	7 0.200977	0.0.0.0	255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP			- TI	ransaction	ID 0x839	2d00		
	8 0.205328	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			ransaction				
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ransaction				
	LO 10.074079	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP			ransaction				
		10.10.111.254	255.255.255.255	DHCP	346 DHCP			ransaction ransaction				
	12 10.1050/0	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	SHO DHCP	ACK		ansaction	10 0XC40	1020		
` <u> </u>		iress: 0.0.0.0 (0										,
N R C S B M 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ext server 1 lealay agent 1 lient MAC ac lient hardwa erver host r oot file nan agic cookie: ption: (t=58 ption: (t=58 ption: (t=38 ption: (t=58 ption: (t=38	P address: 5.5. P address: 0.0.0 Midress: xiamenye, Ire address paddi mame: midoSO7-dc2 te not given DHCP DHCP J=1) DHCP Messa 1=4) Subnet Mass 1=4) Rehewal Ti 1=4) Renewal Ti 1=4) Renewal Ti	0.0 (0.0.0.0) 11:27:bl (00:15:65:11: ing: 000000000000000000000000000000000000	00 15 minutes								
⊕ 0 ⊕ 0 ⊕ 0 E	ption: (t=22 ption: (t=12	2,1=1) Unassigne 8,1=5) DOCSIS fu	defined (vendor specifi ed ull security server IP er Identifier = 5.5.5.2	[TODO]								

After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, IP phone will release the leased IP address (5.5.5.18) and start a new DHCP Discover message with the VLAN-tag 111.

The following figure shows the DHCP messages received by the IP phone:

File Edit View Co	Conturo Analizo Statist	ics Telephony <u>T</u> ools Int	ornals Hole						
		-				-bo ( <b>658</b>			
	🗏 🖬 🕷 😂 📇	् 🗢 🛸 😜 👍 🔽		20016	a 🗉 🥵	<b>%</b>   <b>B</b>			
Filter: bootp		-	Expression Clea	r Apply					
No. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol Ler	ngth Info					
3 0.110993		255.255.255.255					ID 0x83952d00		
4 0.115183		5.5.5.18		342 DHCP of			ID 0x83952d00		
5 0.150004		255.255.255.255					ID 0xbdaa1562		
6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP AC			ID 0xbdaa1562		
7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0x83952d00		
8 0.205328		5.5.5.18		342 DHCP AC			ID 0x83952d00		
9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0xc48e620		
	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP of			ID 0xc48e620		
11 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP				ID 0xc48e620	-	
12 10.1636/6	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP AC	ск -	Transaction	ID 0xc48e620		
<				m					- F
■ Source: ciscc ■ VLAN tag: VL Identifier 000 1.0000 ( 1.0000 ( 1.	<pre> = CFI: Car J110 1111 = vLAN: 11 J800J col version 4, Src: protocol, Src Port: scol soc Reply (2) a: Ethernet ress length: 6 tD: 0x0c48e620 sed: 0 0x0000 (Unicast) fress: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.</pre>	5:5d:42:c4) tt Effort (default) (0x800) : Best Effort (defa toon(al (0) 1 1,0.0.111.254 (10.1 bootps (67), Dst Po	0.111.254), Ds		11.2 (10.)	10.111.2)			
	e6 20 00 00 00 00 00								
0030 06 00 0C 48 0040 <u>6f 02</u> 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00 00	00 15 65 11 27 b1	H						

After this process, the phone has obtained an IP address (10.10.111.2) from the DHCP server in the VLAN 111.

### **Manual Configuration for VLAN**

VLAN is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure VLAN via web user interface or phone user interface or using configuration files. Before configuring VLAN on the IP phone, you need to obtain the VLAN ID from your network administrator. When you configure VLAN feature, the most important issue is to confirm the type of the connected port (access, trunk, and hybrid) on the switch. This ensures that the traffics (tagged/untagged) from the IP phones can be transmitted properly. VLAN feature could affect the ability of the IP phones to function in the network. Contact your network administrator for more information before configuration.

### **Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network**

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the Internet (WAN) port and PC port respectively.

### **Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network via Web User Interface**

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

#### To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via web user interface:

**1.** Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

2. Click on Network->Advanced.

- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of WAN Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

7 is the highest priority.

					Log Out English(English) -
Yealink 1466	Status Account	Network DS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active Packet Interval (1~3600s)	Enabled 60	•	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT Advanced	CDP 🕜	Active	Enabled	•	physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of
Wi-Fi	VLAN 🕜	Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
	WAN Port	Active VID (1-4094)	Enabled	•	The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	5	•	NAT Traversal It is a general term for
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
		VID (1-4094) Priority	0	•	traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active Option (1-255)	Enabled 132	•	You can configure NAT traversal for the IP phone.

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

#### To configure VLAN for PC port via web user interface:

**1.** Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of PC Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

7 is the highest priority.

Yealink 1466					Log Out English(English) 🔻
	Status Account	t Network DS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active	Enabled	•	VIAN
PCPOIL		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured
Advanced		Active	Disabled	•	through software instead of physically relocating devices or
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	¥	lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual configuration->DHCP VLAN
		VID (1-4094)	1		NAT Traversal
		Priority	0	¥	It is a general term for techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
	PC Port	Active	Enabled	•	traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal
		VID (1-4094)	76		techniques.
		Priority	3	•	You can configure NAT traversal for the IP phone.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	Quality of Service (QoS)
		Option (1-255)	132		It is the ability to provide different priorities for different

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via phone user interface:

- 1. Press Menu->Advanced (password: admin) ->Network->VLAN->WAN Port.
- 2. Press ( ) or ( ), or the Switch soft key to select the desired value from VLAN Status field.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID Number field.
- 4. Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.

7 is the highest priority.

	WA	N Port	
1. VLAN Statu	IS:	Enabled	$\triangleleft \triangleright$
2. VID Numbe	er:	77	
3. Priority:		5	
Back	123	Delete	Save

5. Press the Save soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

#### To configure VLAN for PC port via phone user interface:

- 1. Press Menu->Advanced (password: admin) ->Network->VLAN->PC Port.
- 2. Press  $(\cdot)$  or  $(\cdot)$ , or the **Switch** soft key to select the desired value from **VLAN Status**

field.

- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID Number field.
- **4.** Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.

	PC	Port	
1. VLAN Statu	ıs:	Enabled	$\triangleleft \triangleright$
2. VID Numbe	er:	76	
3. Priority:		3	
Back	123	Delete	Save

7 is the highest priority.

5. Press the Save soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

### **Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network Using Configuration Files**

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T54S/T52S/T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T2 3P/T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2 IP, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P phones running firmware version 81 or later
- W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

#### For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

 Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
network.vlan.internet_port_enable	0 or 1	0					
Description:							
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID in packets sent from the Internet							

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
(WAN) port.							
0-Disabled							
1-Enabled							
network.vlan.internet_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1					
Description:							
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.						
network.vlan.internet_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0					
Description:							
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN	packets.						
network.vlan.pc_port_enable	0 or 1	0					
Description:							
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the PC	C port.					
0-Disabled							
1-Enabled							
network.vlan.pc_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1					
Description:							
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.						
network.vlan.pc_port_priority Integer from 0 to 7 0							
Description:	1						
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN	packets.						

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

network.vlan.internet_port_enable = 1
network.vlan.internet_port_vid = 77

network.vlan.internet\_port\_priority = 5

network.vlan.pc\_port\_enable = 1

network.vlan.pc\_port\_vid = 76

network.vlan.pc\_port\_priority = 3

**2.** Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink\_SIP-T2 Series\_T19(P) E2\_T4\_Series\_CP860\_W56P\_IP\_Phones\_Auto\_Provisioning\_Guide*.

#### For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

#### To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

**1.** Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default						
static.network.vlan.internet_port_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the In	ternet						
(WAN) port.								
<b>0</b> -Disabled								
1-Enabled								
static.network.vlan.internet_port_vid Integer from 1 to 4094								
Description:								
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.							
static.network.vlan.internet_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0						
Description:								
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN	packets.							
static.network.vlan.pc_port_enable	0 or 1	0						
Description:								
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the PC	C port.						
<b>0</b> -Disabled								
1-Enabled								
static.network.vlan.pc_port_vid Integer from 1 to 4094 1								
Description:	·							
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.							

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
static.network.vlan.pc_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0					
Description:							
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN packets.							

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.internet\_port\_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.internet\_port\_vid = 77

static.network.vlan.internet\_port\_priority = 5

static.network.vlan.pc\_port\_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.pc\_port\_vid = 76

static.network.vlan.pc\_port\_priority = 3

Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).
 Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.
   For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink SIP IP Phones Auto Provisioning Guide\_V81*.

### **Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wireless Network**

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the wireless network. It is only applicable to SIP VP-T49G IP phones. VLAN feature in the wireless network can be configured using the configuration files only.

#### To configure VLAN feature in the wireless network using configuration file:

 Add/Edit VLAN for wireless network parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000051.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default				
wifi.vlan_enable	0 or 1	0				
Description:						
Enables or disables VLAN discovery feature in the wireless network for the IP phone. <b>0</b> -Disabled						

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default								
1-Enabled										
network.vlan.wifi_enable	0 or 1	0								
Description:										
Enables or disables manual configuration of VLA	N feature in the wireless netv	vork for the								
IP phone.										
<b>0</b> -Disabled										
1-Enabled	-									
network.vlan.wifi_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094 1									
Description:		·								
Configures VLAN ID in the wireless network for t	he IP phone.									
network.vlan.wifi_priority Integer from 0 to 7 0										
Description:										
Configures VLAN priority in the wireless network for the IP phone.										

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

wifi.vlan\_enable = 1

network.vlan.wifi\_enable = 1

network.vlan.wifi\_vid = 77

network.vlan.wifi\_priority = 3

**2.** Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink\_SIP-T2 Series\_T19(P) E2\_T4\_Series\_CP860\_W56P\_IP\_Phones\_Auto\_Provisioning\_Guide*.

### Verifying the Configuration

The IP phone reboots after VLAN feature has been enabled. After starting up, the IP phone will be assigned with a subnet address defined for VLAN 77.

The following figure shows the VLAN ID sent and received by the IP phone:

Eile	E	dit y	/jew	<u>G</u> 0	⊆apture	e <u>A</u> naly:	ze	<u>S</u> tatistics	Telephon <u>y</u>	Tools	Help																		
	ë	( 0	1 0	(			×	28	o, 4	•	<b>\$</b>	T I	<b>L</b>			(	Ð. (	Ð,	1	•	×.	¥		He a		đ			
Filter	n [	sip										• E	(pres	sion	Cle	ar	Apply												
No.	1	lime			Source			Destinati	ion	Proto	col [	Info																	
1.	1 3	2.44	9323	2	10.2.	11.210	5	10.2.	1.199	SIP	/SDP	Req	Jest	: IN	IVIT	ΈS	ip:2	2010	@10.	2.1.1	.99,	wit	h se	ssi	ion	des	cript	tion	
		2.45			10.2.				11.216	SIP				100															
		2.45			10.2.				8.216									2010	@10.3	2.8.2	16:	5062	, wi	th	se	ssio	n de:	scrip	cion
		2.48			10.2.				1.199					100															
		3.64			10.2.			10.2.						180															
		3.65			10.2.				11.216	SIP				180															
		4.41			10.2.				1.199		/SDP																		
		4.41			10.2.		_		11.216		/SDP												n						
		1.49				11.210		10.2.		SIP										216:									
2.	34	1.49	674	3	10.2.	11.216	5	10.2.	8.216	SIP		Req	lest	: AC	K S	1p:	2010	<b>31</b> 0	.2.8	.216:	506	52							
4																													
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= 8									), ID: 77		-																		
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								Port:	na-loca	inse i	(5062	۶,	ρετ	Port	:: s	пр	(508	60)											
H 21	es	STOP	i TU	101	ation	Proto	01																						

### **Appendix**

### **Appendix A: Glossary**

**IEEE** (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) –a professional association headquartered in New York City that is dedicated to advancing technological innovation and excellence.

**TIA** (Telecommunications Industry Association) –accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to develop voluntary, consensus-based industry standards for a wide variety of ICT products.

**IEEE 802.3** –a working group and a collection of IEEE standards produced by the working group defining the physical layer and data link layer's media access control (MAC) of wired Ethernet.

**Port-based VLAN** –a port-based VLAN is a group of ports on a Gigabit Ethernet Switch that form a logical Ethernet segment. Each port of a port-based VLAN can belong to only one VLAN at a time.

**Port and Protocol-based VLAN** –initially defined in IEEE 802.1v (currently amended as part of 802.1Q-2003) enables data frame classification and assignment to unique VLANs based on the received data frame type and the protocol information in its payload.

**TPID** (tag protocol identifier) –a 16-bit field set to a value of 0x8100 in order to identify the frame as an IEEE 802.1Q-tagged frame. It is used to distinguish the frame from untagged frames.

**PCP** (Priority Code Point) –a 3-bit field which refers to the IEEE 802.1p priority. It indicates the frame priority level. Values are from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest); 1 represents the lowest priority.

**CFI** (Canonical Format Indicator) –used for compatibility reason between Ethernet type network and Token Ring type network. It is always set to zero for Ethernet switches. If a frame received at an Ethernet port has a CFI set to 1, then that frame should not be forwarded as it is to an untagged port.

# **Appendix B: System Names**

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their system names:

Model	System Name					
CP860	CP860					
CP920	SIP-CP920					
CP960	SIP-CP960					
W52P/W56P	W52P					
W60P/W53P/CP930W-Base	SIP-W60B					
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58					
SIP VP-T49G	SIP VP-T49G					
SIP-T54S	SIP-T54S					
SIP-T52S	SIP-T52S					
SIP-T48G	SIP-T48G					
SIP-T48S	SIP-T48S					
SIP-T46G	SIP-T46G					
SIP-T46S	SIP-T46S					
SIP-T42G	SIP-T42G					
SIP-T42S	SIP-T42S					
SIP-T41P	SIP-T41P					
SIP-T41S	SIP-T41S					
SIP-T40P	SIP-T40P					
SIP-T40G	SIP-T40G					
SIP-T29G	SIP-T29G					
SIP-T27G	SIP-T27G					
SIP-T23P	SIP-T23P					
SIP-T23G	SIP-T23G					
SIP-T21(P) E2	SIP-T21P_E2					
SIP-T19(P) E2	SIP-T19P_E2					

# Appendix C: Model Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their model names:

Model	Model Name					
CP860	CP860					
CP920	SCP920					
CP960	SIP-CP960					
W52P/W56P	W52P					
W60P/W53P/CP930W-Base	W60B					
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58					
SIP VP-T49G	T49					
SIP-T54S	T54S					
SIP-T52S	T52S					
SIP-T48G	T48					
SIP-T48S	T48S					
SIP-T46G	T46					
SIP-T46S	T46S					
SIP-T42G	T42					
SIP-T42S	T42S					
SIP-T41P	T41					
SIP-T41S	T41S					
SIP-T40P	T40					
SIP-T40G	T40G					
SIP-T29G	Т29					
SIP-T27G	T27					
SIP-T23P/G	Т23					
SIP-T21(P) E2	T21P_E2					
SIP-T19(P) E2	T19P_E2					

## **Appendix D: Power Values**

The following table outlines the power value sent in LLDP-MED:

Model	Power Value
CP860	8100mW
CP920	7000mW
CP960	12000mW
W53P/W60P/CP930W-Base	4000mW
W52P/W56P	1500mW
SIP-T58A	11400mW
SIP-T54S	9500mW
SIP-T52S	9700mW
SIP-T48G	10600mW
SIP-T48S	10800mW
SIP-T46G	8000mW
SIP-T46S	7600mW
SIP-T42G	5900mW
SIP-T42S	6800mW
SIP-T41P	3200mW
SIP-T41S	12500mW
SIP-T40P	5300mW
SIP-T40G	6000mW
SIP-T29G	8100mW
SIP-T27G	7100mW
SIP-T23P	6500mW
SIP-T23G	8200mW
SIP-T21P E2	6500mW
SIP-T19P E2	5000mW

## **Appendix E: Normative References**

IEEE 802.3: http://www.ieee802.org/3/

LLDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12.2\_55\_se/configuration/guide/swlldp.html

CDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12-2\_55\_se/ configuration/guide/scg3750/swcdp.html

## **Customer Feedback**

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