About VLAN

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is used to logically divide a physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured through software instead of physically relocating devices or connections. Grouping devices with a common set of requirements regardless of their physical location can greatly simplify network design. VLANs can address issues such as scalability, security, and network management.

IEEE 802.1Q

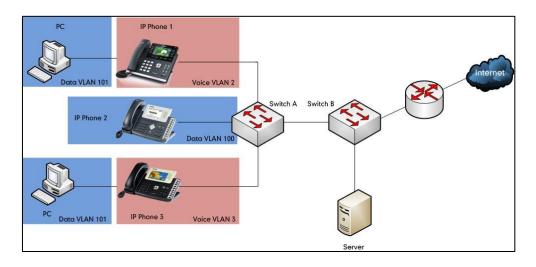
IEEE 802.1Q is the networking standard that supports VLANs on an Ethernet network. The specification defines a standard method for tagging Ethernet packets with VLAN membership information. A VLAN-aware device is the one which understands VLAN memberships and VLAN formats. When a packet from the IP phone enters the VLAN-aware portion of the network, a tag is added to represent the VLAN membership of the IP phone. Each packet must be distinguishable as being within exactly one VLAN. A packet in the VLAN-aware portion of the network that does not contain a VLAN tag is assumed to be flowing on the native (or default) VLAN.

802.1Q adds a 4-byte tag between the source MAC address and the Ethernet type fields of the Ethernet frame. Two bytes are used for the tag protocol identifier (TPID), the other two bytes for tag control information (TCI). The TCI field is further divided into PCP (Priority Code Point), CFI (Canonical Format Indicator), and VID (VLAN ID).

Voice VLAN

As voice traffic is delay and jitter sensitive for the IP phone, it requires higher priority over data traffic to reduce delay and packet loss during transmission. To simplify configuration procedures and better manage voice transmission policies, the connected switch can be configured to provide voice VLAN function and transmit the voice traffic of the IP phone in a dedicated VLAN, called voice VLAN.

Voice VLAN is a special access port feature of the switch which allows IP phones to be automatically configured and easily associated with a logically separate VLAN. This feature provides various benefits, but one particular benefit is that when voice VLAN is enabled on a switch port, this port is also enabled to allow simultaneous access for a PC. This feature allows a PC to be daisy chained to an IP phone and the connection for both PC and IP phone to be trunked through the same physical Ethernet cable. The purpose of VLAN configurations on the IP phone is to insert a tag with VLAN information to the packets generated by the IP phone. When VLAN is properly configured for the ports (Internet port and PC port) on the IP phone, the IP phone will tag all packets from these ports with the VLAN ID. The switch receives and forwards the tagged packets to the corresponding VLAN according to the VLAN ID in the tags described in IEEE Std 802.3.



Major Benefits of Using VLANs

VLANs offer many benefits that are not found in typical LANs. Major benefits of segregating IP phones into VLAN(s) are listed as below:

- Performance Enhancements: VLAN is used to minimize the broadcast domain. Creating a smaller domain for IP phone can reduce overhead and limit resource utilization. Additionally, less traffic will need to be routed, and the latency added by routers will be reduced.
- Ease of Administration: Much of the cost associated with network additions and relocations can be saved through the use of VLANs. IP phone can be shifted from one workgroup or department to another without installing new network cabling and reconfiguring hubs or routers.
- Security: VLANs can be used to create secure user groups and prevent others outside of the broadcast domain from receiving sensitive data of the IP phone. They can also be used to enhance firewall functions and restrict network access for one or more users. By segregating IP phones into VLANs, security filters can be implemented in the network to prevent the IP phones from receiving unnecessary traffic from other devices. This helps prevent disruption due to DoS attacks or attempts to compromise the devices. It also allows locking down access to configuration and signaling servers to only allow access from the IP phones.

Yealink IP Phones Compatible with VLAN Method

There are four ways to get VLAN ID for Internet (WAN) port, but the VLAN used is chosen by the priority of each method (from highest to lowest): LLDP/CDP>Manual>DHCP VLAN. There is only one way to get VLAN ID for PC port: Manual.

Yealink SIP VP-T49G IP phones support VLAN in the wireless network. The method that the phones use to obtain VLAN ID in the wireless network is the same as the one in the wired network.

Note LLDP and CDP methods have the same priority to get VLAN ID. Normally, the VLAN ID get for the IP phone by LLDP and CDP methods will be the same.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
LLDP	All IP phones	All Versions
Manual	All IP phones Note : The Manual method for PC port is not available on Yealink CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P, W53P, W56P, and CP930W-Base IP phones.	All Versions
	W52P	Firmware version 40 or later.
	T46G, T42G, T41P, and CP860	Firmware version 71 or later
	T48G	Firmware version 72 or later.
DHCP VLAN	T58A T49G, T40P, T29G, T23P/G, T21(P) E2, T19(P) E2, CP960, and W56P	Firmware version 80 or later
	T48S, T46S, T42S, T41S, T40G, T27G and CP920	Firmware version 81 or later
	VP59	Firmware version 83 or later
	T57W, T54W, T53W, T53, T48U, T46U and T43U	Firmware version 84 or later

The table below lists the methods supported by Yealink SIP IP phones with different versions.

Method	IP Phone Models	Firmware Version
	T58A and CP960	Firmware version 80 or later
CDP	T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T 42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40 P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P /T23G/T21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P	Firmware version 81 or later
	VP59, W53P, and CP930W-Base	Firmware version 83 or later
	T57W, T54W, T53W, T53, T48U, T46U and T43U	Firmware version 84 or later

VLAN Discovery Method on Yealink IP Phones

Automatic Discovery Method for VLAN

LLDP

Introduction

LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information that is learned about other devices. Information gathered with LLDP is stored in the device as a management information database (MIB) and can be queried with the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as specified in RFC 2922. LLDP transmits the information as packets called LLDP Data Units (LLDPDUs). An LLDPDU consists of a set of Type-Length-Value (TLV) elements, each of which contains a particular type of information about the device or port transmitting it.

Each of the TLV components has the following basic structure:

Туре	Type Length	
7 bits	9 bits	0-511 octets

LLDP supports advertising the following TLVs:

- Mandatory LLDP TLVs: Chassis ID, Port ID, and Time to Live (TTL) are included in an LLDPDU by default.
- **Optional LLDP TLVs**: System Name, System Description and so on, the phone sends the

optional TLVs along with the mandatory TLVs in an LLDPDU.

• **Organizationally Specific TLVs**: MAC/PHY Configuration/Status and Port VLAN ID, which are defined in IEEE Standard 802.3 and 802.1 respectively.

The LLDP frame ends with a special TLV, named **end of LLDPDU** in which both the **type** and **length** fields are 0.

LLDP-MED

LLDP-MED (Media Endpoint Discovery) is published by the Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA). It is an extension to LLDP that operates between endpoint devices and network connectivity devices. LLDP-MED specifically provides support for voice over IP (VoIP) applications and provides the following capabilities:

- Capabilities Discovery–allows LLDP-MED endpoints to determine the capabilities that the connected device supports and has enabled. It can be used to indicate whether the connected device is a phone, a switch, a repeater, etc.
- Voice VLAN Configuration-provides a mechanism for a switch to notify a device which VLAN to use, which enables "plug and play" networking.
- Power Management-provides information related to how the device is powered, power priority, and how much power the device needs.
- Inventory Management-provides a means to manage device and the attributes of the device such as model number, serial number, software revision, etc.
- Location Identification Discovery–provides location information from the switch to the device when placing an emergency call.

In addition to the TLVs advertised by LLDP, LLDP-MED also supports advertising the following TLVs:

- LLDP-MED capabilities TLV
- Network policy TLV
- Power management TLV
- Inventory management TLV
- Location identification TLV (not supported by IP phones)

It should be noted that either LLDP or LLDP-MED-but not both-can be used at any given time on an interface between two devices.

LLDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

LLDP provides exceptional interoperability benefits, IP telephony troubleshooting, automatic deployment of policies and advanced PoE (Power over Ethernet). When LLDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected LLDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive LLDP packets from the connected switch. When the application type is "voice", IP phones decide whether to update the

VLAN configurations obtained from the LLDP packets. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Supported TLVs of IP Phones

TLVs supported by IP phones are summarized in the following table:

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description					
	Chassis ID	Specifies the IP address of the IP phone.					
	Port ID	Specifies the MAC address of the IP phone.					
Mandato ry TLVs	Time to Live	Specifies the lifetime of the transmitted information on the IP phone. The default value is 180s.					
	End of LLDPDU	Marks the end of the TLV sequence in the LLDPDU. No further processing of TLVs after this is necessary. This is a mandatory TLV and therefore must be present at the end of the data stream.					
	System Name	Specifies the administratively-assigned name for the IP phone (per RFC3418). For more information, refer to Appendix B: System Names.					
Optional	System Description	Specifies the description of the IP phone.					
TLVs	System Capabilities	Specifies the supported and enabled capabilities of the IP phone. The supported capabilities are Telephone. The enabled capabilities are Telephone by default.					
	Port Description	Specifies the description of the sending port. The default value is "WAN PORT".					
IEEE Std 802.3 Organiza tionally Specific TLV	MAC/PHY Configurati on/Status	 Specifies duplex and bit rate settings of the IP phone. The Auto-Negotiation is supported and enabled by default. The advertised capabilities of PMD Auto-Negotiation are: 10BASE-T (half duplex mode) 10BASE-T (full duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (half duplex mode) 100BASE-TX (full duplex mode) 					
		 1000BASE-T (full duplex mode). Note: By default, all phones have the PMD Advertised Capability set for 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX. Yealink VP59/CP860/CP920/SIP 					

TLV Type	TLV Name	Description					
		VP-T49G/SIP-T58A/T57W/T54W/T53W/T53/T48U/T48G/T48S/T46 U/T46G/T46S/T43U/T42G/T42S/T29G/T27G/T23G phones that have Gigabit Ethernet support PMD Advertise Capability also contain set 1000BASE-T.					
	Media Capabilities	 Specifies the MED device type of the IP phone and the supported LLDP-MED TLV type can be encapsulated in LLDPDU. The supported LLDP-MED TLV types are: LLDP-MED Capabilities Network Policy Extended Power via MDI-PD Inventory 					
	Network Policy	Specifies the port VLAN ID, application type, L2 priority, and DSCP value.					
LLDP-ME	MDI	Specifies power type, source, priority, and value. For more information on power value, refer to Appendix D: Power Values.					
D TLVs	Inventory - Hardware Revision	Specifies the hardware revision of the IP phone.					
	Inventory - Firmware Revision	Specifies the firmware revision of the IP phone.					
	Inventory - Software Revision	Specifies the software revision of the IP phone.					
	Inventory - Serial Number	Specifies the serial number of IP phone.					
LLDP-ME	Inventory - Manufactur er Name	The manufacturer name of the IP phone. The default value is "Yealink".					
D TLVs	Inventory - Model Name	Specifies the model name of the IP phone. For more information, refer to Appendix C: Model Names.					
	Asset ID	Specifies the asset identifier of the IP phone.					

Configuring LLDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

LLDP is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure LLDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of the LLDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s.

Configuring LLDP via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

To configure LLDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the LLDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the **Packet Interval (1~3600s)** field.

					Log Out English(English) -
Yealink 1466					
	Status Account	Network DSS	Key Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
		Active	Enabled	•	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN
Advanced		Active	Disabled	•	membership can be configured through software instead of
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
		VID (1-4094)	1		configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0 •	•	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	It is a general term for techniques that establish and
		VID (1-4094)	1		maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN
		Priority	0 .	•	is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversal
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

Configuring LLDP Using Configuration Files

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T 21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later

- VP59, W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later
- SIP-T57W/T54W/T53W/T53/T48U/T46U/T43U IP phones running firmware version 84 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default								
network.lldp.enable	0 or 1	1								
Description:										
Enables or disables LLDP on the IP phone.										
0-Disabled										
1-Enabled										
network.lldp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60								
Description:										
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP physical	one to send the LLDP reque	est.								

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files:

```
network.lldp.enable = 1
```

network.lldp.packet_interval = 60

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2 Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure LLDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit LLDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default	
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Parameters	Permitted Values	Default							
static.network.lldp.enable	0 or 1	1							
Description:									
Enables or disables LLDP on the IP phone.									
0 -Disabled									
1-Enabled									
static.network.lldp.packet_interval Integer from 1 to 3600 60									
Description:									
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP p	hone to send the LLDP reque	est.							

The following shows an example of LLDP configuration in configuration files:

static.network.lldp.enable = 1

static.network.lldp.packet_interval = 60

2. Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- 4. Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to the latest Auto Provisioning Guide on Yealink Technical Support.

Verifying the Configuration

After the LLDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., hardware revision, firmware revision, serial number) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows LLDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Supports the MAC/PHY configuration (e.g., speed rate, duplex mode).
- Obtains VLAN info from the network policy, which takes precedence over manual settings.

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (before obtaining VLAN ID).

<pre>Def Edt Verv & Go Capture Analys Statutistis Telephony Tools Internal Heb Edt Werv & Go Capture Analys Statutistis Telephony Tools Internal Heb Edit Werv & Go Capture Analys Statutistis Telephony Tools Internal Heb Edit Werv & Go Capture Analys Statutistis Telephony Tools Internal Heb Time Source Destination Clear Apply Time Source Destination Cle</pre>							
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Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info 919 36: 0984308 X1 ameryc_41146100 LLDP_Juliticat LLDP 00 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 0001376014146100 TTL = 0 919 36: 0984308 X1 ameryc_41146100 LLDP_Juliticat LLDP 00 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 0001376014146100 TTL = 0 817.6672480 X1 ameryc_41146100 LLDP_Juliticat LLDP 222 Chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 001356314146100 TTL = 100 System Name = SIP-146C 316 35: 1000507C150.201742798 LLDP_Juliticat LDP 232 Chassis Id = 000125605142180 Port Id = FA1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cfs 319 91.0066400 cisco.5d142;98 LLDP_Juliticat LDP 543 Chassis Id = 0002156054142180 Port Id = FA1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cfs 322 40.1137510 Cisco.5d142;98 LLDP_Juliticat LDP 543 Chassis Id = 00062:06505412180 Port Id = FA1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cfs 708 63 63.475090 Cisco.5d142;98 LLDP_Juliticat LDP 543 Chassis Id = 00062:06505412:08 Port Id = FA1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealink-cfs 16 Tame 9281 221 bytes on wire (1768 bits) 221 bytes captured (1768 bits) Ethernet II, FSr: XNamery_41746:00 TTL = 00 Sistes X14146:00, DSr: LLDP_Juliticat Ethernet II, FSr: XNamery_41746:00 TTL = 00 Sistes X14146:00 17 The To Sistes Antine Sistes X1486400, DS	2 (8		🗟 🕷 🖻 🌠 🗶 🥰 🖴	🔍 🗢 🏟 🌍 7)	🔐 🗹 🥵 % 🔛
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314 37.0934890 x1amerys_414.65:dd LLOP_MUlticast LLOP 221 chassis 1d = 0.0.0.0 Port 1d = 0013565341465:dd TLL = 180 System Name = STP-T466 328 37.662480 x1amerys_414.65:dd LLOP_Multicast LLOP 343 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 0013565341465:dd TLL = 120 System Name = STP-T466 330 38.1000500 C150C_05142:98 LLDP_Multicast LLDP 343 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 0013565341465:dd TLL = 120 System Name = stP-T466 330 38.1000500 C150C_05142:98 LLDP_Multicast LDP 343 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 11/0/22 TL = 120 System Name = yealink-c158 372 40.1137510 C150C_05142:98 LLDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 11/0/22 TL = 120 System Name = yealink-c158 372 40.1137510 C150C_05142:98 LLDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 11/0/22 TL = 120 System Name = yealink-c158 372 40.1137510 C150C_05142:98 LDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 11/0/22 TL = 120 System Name = yealink-c158 374 40.12431020 c150C_05142:98 LDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0 Port 1d = 11/0/22 TL = 120 System Name = yealink-c158 374 40.2146100 d0 515654142:00, Dst: LLDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.0000e 374 40.2146100 d0 515654142:00, Dst: LLDP_Multicast LDP 545 chassis 1d = colo2.00.000e 374 40.2							
328 37.6762480 x1amery=.41:46:dd LLOP_MUlticast LLOP 221 chassis Id = 0.0.0.0 Port Id = 00:15:65:41:46:dd TTL = 180 system Name = sEP-r466 359 39.1069640 c1sco56:42:98 LLOP_Multicast LLOP 543 chassis Id = c0:02:05:05:04:21:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s 359 39.1069640 c1sco56:42:98 LLOP_Multicast LLOP 543 chassis Id = c0:02:05:05:04:21:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s 558 03.176909 c1sco56:42:98 LLOP_Multicast LLOP 543 chassis Id = c0:02:05:05:04:21:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s 78 03.21300 c1sco56:42:98 LLOP_Multicast LLOP 543 chassis Id = c0:02:05:05:04:21:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s 78 03.21300 c1sco56:42:98 LLOP_Multicast LLOP 543 chassis Id = c0:02:05:05:04:21:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s 78 03.21300 c1sco56:42:98 LOP_Multicast LLOP_Multicast LOP_Multicast LOP 80 12.01300 c1sco56:42:98 Dort Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 system Name = yealtrk-c1s multicast LOP_Multicast LOP 81 24.0200 c1sco56:42:88 Dort Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealtrk-c1s multicast soluticast multicast LOP 81 c1ket Augool c1sco56:42:88 Dort Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name =							
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<pre>568 63.4176990C1sco_5d:42:08 LLDP_Wulticast LLDP 545chassis Id = cof62:66b:5d:42:80 Port Id = Fa1/0/22 TTL = 120 System Name = yealInk-cis</pre>				LLDP_Multicast	LLDP		
<pre>788 83 424320 rcisco Sd:42:98</pre>					LLDP		
<pre>"" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "</pre>							
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The following figure shows the LLDP packet received by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (sent by the switch).

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4										_							•
		covery Protocol															
			, Id: c0:62:6b:5d:4	2:80													
		e = Interface name	, Id: Fa1/0/22														
	Time To Live																
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		= DSCP Value: 46															

The following figure shows the LLDP packet sent by the IP phone, the packet contains multiple TLVs (after obtaining VLAN ID).

Ele	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew (o <u>C</u> apture <u>A</u> nalyze <u>S</u> tatis	tics Telephony <u>T</u> ools	Internals Help											
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CDP

Introduction

CDP (Cisco Discovery Protocol) allows IP phones to receive and/or transmit device-related information from/to directly connected devices on the network that are also using the protocol, and store the information about other devices.

CDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

When CDP feature is enabled on IP phones, the IP phones periodically advertise their own information to the directly connected CDP-enabled switch. The IP phones can also receive CDP packets from the connected switch. When the VLAN configurations on the IP phones are different from the ones sent by the switch, the IP phones perform an update and reboot. This allows the IP phones to be plugged into any switch, obtain their VLAN IDs, and then start communications with the call control.

Configuring CDP Feature on Yealink IP Phones

CDP is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure CDP via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the sending frequency of the CDP packet. The default sending frequency is 60s.

Configuring CDP via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

To configure CDP feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the CDP block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of Active.
- 4. Enter the desired time (in seconds) in the Packet Interval (1~3600s) field.

ealink 1466	Status Accoun	t Network DS	Key Features	Settings	Log O English(English) Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
		Active	Enabled	•	
PC Port		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains, VLAN
A low of		Active	Enabled	-	membership can be configured
Advanced				-	through software instead of physically relocating devices or
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignmer
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
		VID (1-4094)	1		configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0	-	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	_	It is a general term for
	FCPUIL			•	techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
		VID (1-4094)	1		traversing NAT gateways. STU is one of the NAT traversal
		Priority	0	-	techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT travers
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

Configuring CDP Using Configuration Files

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T 21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later
- VP59, W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later
- SIP-T57W/T54W/T53W/T53/T48U/T46U/T43U IP phones running firmware version 84 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit CDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y0000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	1
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
Enables or disables CDP on the IP phone.		
0 -Disabled		
1-Enabled		
network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60
Description:		
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP pho	one to send the CDP reque	st.

The following shows an example of CDP configuration in configuration files:

```
network.cdp.enable = 1
```

network.cdp.packet_interval = 60

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2 Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure CDP feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit CDP parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
static.network.cdp.enable	0 or 1	1					
Description:							
Enables or disables CDP on the IP phone.							
0-Disabled							
1-Enabled							
static.network.cdp.packet_interval	Integer from 1 to 3600	60					
Description:							
Configures the interval (in seconds) for the IP phone to send the CDP request.							

The following shows an example of CDP configuration in configuration files:

static.network.cdp.enable = 1

static.network.cdp.packet_interval = 60

2. Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- **4.** Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to the latest Auto Provisioning Guide on Yealink Technical Support.

Verifying the Configuration

After the CDP feature is enabled, the IP phone performs the following:

- Periodically advertises information (e.g., software revision, device ID, power consumption) of the IP phone to a multicast address on the network.
- Allows CDP packets to be received from the Internet (WAN) port or WLAN port.
- Obtains VLAN ID of connecting ports.

The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID-with VLAN Query field).

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	9 103.395614 C		CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP							: FastEthernet1/0/22	
		iamenYe_41:46:dd						DD Port ID: W			
		iamenYe_41:46:dd						DD Port ID: W			
	9 119.409462 C		CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgF							: FastEthernet1/0/22	
	0 120.407969 X	iamenYe_41:46:dd	CDP/VTP/DTP/PAge CDP/VTP/DTP/PAge					DD Port ID: W		; FastEthernet1/0/22	
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	.6 181.419248 C		CDP/VTP/DTP/PAGE							: FastEthernet1/0/22	
	.0 101.415240 C	1300_30.42.30	CDF/VIF/DIF/FAgr	/0000		100	yearnik-croce	JJ/ JO. year mk. c	om Porcio	. Pascecherneci/0/22	
· 💷											
	me 1198: 124 b E 802.3 Ethern	ytes on wire (992	bits), 124 bytes	captured (9	92 bits)						
	ical-Link Cont										
	co Discovery P										
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	TL: 180 second	s									
E C	hecksum: 0xc24	1 [correct]									
E D	evice ID: T460	015654146DD									
± A	ddresses										
	ort ID: WAN PO	RT									
	apabilities										
	oftware Versio	n									
	latform: T46										
	uplex: Half ower Consumpti										
	OWER CONSUMPTI										
		AN Query (0x000f)									
	Length: 8	que: y (0x0001)									
	Data										
	Voice VLAN: 5	12									

The following figure shows the CDP packet received by the IP phone (with VLAN Reply field).

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No.	Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info	
	2 102.491507 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 116 Device ID: T460015654146DD PORT ID: WAN PORT	
	9 103.395614 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22	
	5 118.399333 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT	
	8 119.396632 XiamenYe_41:46:dd CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 124 Device ID: T460015654146DD Port ID: WAN PORT	
	9 119.409462 Cisco_5d:42:98 CDP/VTP/DTP/PAgP/UDCDP 517 Device ID: yealink-cisco3750.yealink.com Port ID: FastEthernet1/0/22	
1210	U 120.40/969X1amenYe_a1:46:dd CUP/VTP/DTP/PAQP/UUCDP 124 DEVICE DD: 1460015654146DD PORT ID: WAN PORT	
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	ical-Link Control	
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	Traver Version	
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	dresses	
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	apabilities	
🕀 Pr	otocol Hello: Cluster Management	
	rP Management Domain: yealink	
	ative VLAN: 5	
	iplex: Half	
	DIP VLAN Reply: 222	
	Type: VOIP VLAN Reply (0x000e)	
	Length: 7	
	Data	
	Voice VLAN: 222	
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	trusted port cos: 0x00 inagement Addresses	
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The following figure shows the CDP packet sent by the IP phone (after obtaining VLAN ID-without VLAN Query field).

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No. 50400 1052103 (335614 cisco.54:22:98 1155 118.39933 Xiamerve_41:46:dd 1159 119.39652 Xiamerve_41:46:dd 1199 119.409452 cisco.54:22:98 1210 120.409569 Xiamerve_41:46:dd 1225 121.41322 cisco.54:22:98 1210 120.407509 Xiamerve_41:46:dd	Destination Protocol LbP//IP/JUP/App/URLDP Length Info 130 Dev/tes 100 : yealInk-cisco3750, yealInk: com Port 10: FastEthernet1/0/22 CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLDP Length Info- 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015551460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLDP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015551460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLDP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLDP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLDP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLCP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLCP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLCP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP//TP/DTP/App/URLCP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: WAN PORT CDP/TP/DTP/App/URLCP 124 Dev/tes 10: TeSO015541460D Port 10: Satthernet1/0/22	
© Cisco Discovery Protocol Version: 2 TTL: 180 seconds © Checksum: Oxfa3d [correct] © Device ID: T4600156541460D = Addresses (Addresses: 1 © IP addresses: 10.10.222.19 © Fort ID: WAN PORT © Capabilities © Software Version © Platform: T46 © Duplex: Half © Power Consumption: 8000 mw		

DHCP VLAN

IP phones support VLAN discovery via DHCP. When the VLAN Discovery method is set to DHCP, the IP phone will detect DHCP option for a valid VLAN ID. The predefined option 132 is used to supply the VLAN ID by default. You can customize the DHCP option used to detect the VLAN ID.

Configuring DHCP Option on a DHCP Server

Before using DHCP VLAN feature on IP phones, you must make sure that the DHCP option on the DHCP server is configured properly. This section provides instructions on how to configure a DHCP option for windows using DHCP Turbo.

To configure DHCP option on a DHCP server:

- **1.** Start the DHCP Turbo application.
- 2. Right-click Option Types, and then select New Option Type.

🍇 DHCP Turbo on localhost (modifie	d)		
<u>File Edit View Bindings Tools H</u> elp			
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± Scopes Tag	∇	Option	<u> </u>
🗐 Option Type: 🚑 New Option T		SMTP servers POP3 servers	
		NNTP servers WWW servers	
	1	Finger servers IRC servers	
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Delete		Device FQDN	
Select <u>A</u> ll		Relay Agent Information Subnet Selection	
🔍 <u>F</u> ind		Subnet Selection SIP Server	
Properties		Cablelabs Client Configuration Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	
Descr	ription		_
Create a new option type			11

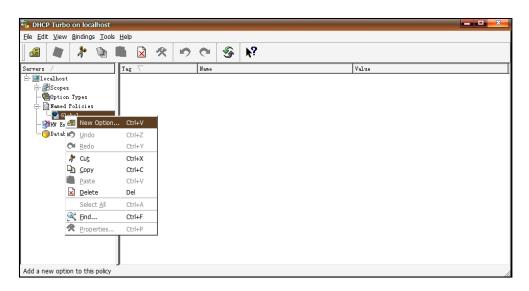
3. Enter the desired option in the Tag field.

The custom options range from 128 to 254.

- 4. Enter the desired name in the Name field.
- 5. Select string from the pull-down list of Type.

Option Properties	X
Tag 132 🚖	
Name Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	
Type string	-
🗖 Signed 🗖 Arrayed	
Description	
1	
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	

- 6. Click **OK** to finish setting the option properties.
- 7. Click 🔄 to accept the change.
- 8. Double click Named Policies.
- 9. Right-click Global, and then select New Option.



	Standard Options	•	
Tag 🗸	Name		
🖅 -6	Magic cookie		
/ 🖅5	Home directory		
···· / 🖅 – 1	Boot file		
/ 🖅 1	Subnet mask		
/ 🖅 🖉	Time offset		
/ 🖅 🖅	Gateways		
/ 🖅 4	Time servers		
/ 🖅 🖅	IEN116 name servers		
/ 🖅 🖉 🖉	Domain name servers		
/ 🖅 7	Log servers		
/ 🖅 🖉	Cookie/Quote servers		
⁄ 🖅 9	LPR servers		
/ 🖅 10	Impress servers		
/ 🖅 🖅 🖅	RLP servers		
/ 🖅 12	Hostname		
/ 🖅 13	Boot file size		
/ 🖅 14	Merit dump file		
/ 🖅 15	Domain name		
/ 🖅 16	Swap servers		
/ 🖅 17	Root path		
/ 🖅 18	Extensions path		
/ 🔁 19	IP forwarding		
escription			*
r			

The Option Selector screen displays as below:

- **10.** Scroll down and double click the option created above.
- **11.** Fill the VLAN ID to be assigned in the input field.

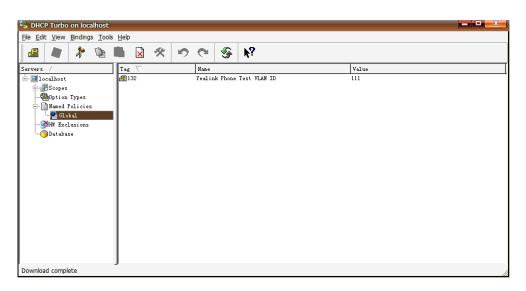
Three formats of valid values: VLAN-A= *VLANID*, *VLANID*, and VID= *VLANID*. VLAN ID ranges from 1 to 4094.

4 Yealink Phone Test VLAN ID	×
111 Expression	
	Build
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	\underline{A} dvanced >>

12. Click **OK** to finish setting a custom option.

13. Click 🔄 to accept the change.

Then you can find the configured option under **Global** option.



Configuring DHCP Option on Yealink IP Phones

DHCP VLAN is enabled on IP phones by default. You can configure DHCP VLAN via web user interface or using configuration files. You can also configure the DHCP option. The default DHCP option is 132.

Configuring DHCP Option via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

To configure DHCP VLAN feature via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of DHCP VLAN Active.
- 4. Enter the desired value in the **Option** field.

You can specify 5 options at most and separate options by commas. The default value is 132.

Yealink 1466					Log Out English(English) -
	Status	Network DSS	Key Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active Packet Interval (1~3600s)	Enabled 60	•	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured
Advanced		Active	Enabled	•	through software instead of
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		physically relocating devices or connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
		VID (1-4094)	1		configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	0	•	NAT Traversal
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	It is a general term for techniques that establish and
		VID (1-4094)	1		maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN
		Priority	0	•	is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversal
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

5. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

6. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

Configuring CDP Using Configuration Files

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T 21(P) E2/T19(P) E2, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P IP phones running firmware version 81 or later
- VP59, W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later
- SIP-T57W/T54W/T53W/T53/T48U/T46U/T43U IP phones running firmware version 84 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1					
Description:							
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature on the IP phone.							
0 -Disabled							
1-Enabled							
network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132					
Description:	Description:						
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the VL	AN ID.						
You can specify 5 options at most and separate of	options by commas.						

The following shows an example of the DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

```
network.vlan.dhcp_enable = 1
```

network.vlan.dhcp_option = 132

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2 Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure DHCP VLAN feature using configuration files:

1. Add/Edit DHCP VLAN parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
static.network.vlan.dhcp_enable	0 or 1	1					
Description:							
Enables or disables DHCP VLAN discovery feature	e on the IP phone.						
0-Disabled							
1-Enabled							
static.network.vlan.dhcp_option	Integer from 128 to 254	132					

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
Description:							
Specifies the DHCP option used to detect the VLAN ID.							
You can specify 5 options at most and separate options by commas.							

The following shows an example of DHCP VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.dhcp_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.dhcp_option = 132

5. Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).

Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 6. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- 7. Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to the latest Auto Provisioning Guide on Yealink Technical Support.

Verifying the Configuration

When the IP phone is configured to use DHCP for VLAN discovery, and the DHCP option is set to 132, the following processes occur:

- **1.** The IP phone broadcasts a DHCP Discover message to find out if there is a DHCP server available.
- 2. If the DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132, the phone will accept the Offer, send a DHCP Request, and save the VLAN ID provided by the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.
- **3.** After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, the phone will release the leased IP address and start a new DHCP Discover cycle with the now known Voice VLAN ID tag.

After this process, the phone will send all packets with the VLAN ID obtained from the DHCP server in the DHCP option 132.

The following figure shows the DHCP Discover message sent by the IP phone (before obtaining VLAN ID):

Ele E	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	Capture Analyze Sta	itistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools In	ternals <u>H</u> elp									
-		⊨ 🛃 🗙 😂 占	। 🔍 🗢 🔿 😽 🛓		ତ୍ତ୍ତ୍ 🖻	🔐 🗹 🕴	8 🐝	Ħ					
Filter:	bootp			Expression	. Clear Apply								
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info								
- F	3 0.110993	0.0.0.0	255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP		Discover	- Trar	saction	ID 0x83	952d00			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP		offer							
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP		Request							
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				ID 0xbda				
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP		Request							
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				ID 0x83				
	9 10.068604	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	594 DHCP 346 DHCP	Discover			ID 0xc41 ID 0xc41				
	L1 10.161676		255, 255, 255, 255	DHCP		Request							
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP				ID 0xc4				
	12 10.1050/0	10.10.111.234	10.10.111.2	brief	540 Bildi	- ACK	- II al	Juccion	10 0/04	5020			
· L			0 bits), 590 bytes cap										
€ S T	ource: Xiame ype: IP (0x0			Dc++ 355									
			t: bootpc (68), Dst Pc			:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
	tstrap Proto				. ()								
H H T	lardware type lardware addr lops: 0	ess length: 6 D: 0x83952d00) Click here to know mo	re informatio	n.								
⊞ B Y N R C	ootp flags: lient IP add our (client) ext server I telay agent I lient MAC ad lient hardwa	0x0000 (unicast) ress: 0.0.0.0 (0 IP address: 0.0 P address: 0.0.0 P address: 0.0.0 P address: 0.0.0 dress: XiamenYe_ re address paddi	.0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) .0 (0.0.0.0) 11:27:b1 (00:15:65:11: ng: 000000000000000000000000000000000000										
0020 0030 0040	2d 00 00 64	00 00 00 00 00	ea 01 01 06 00 83 95 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 27 b1 00 00 00 00	D.C., d.	e. '								

		0, 🗢 🔿 春 👱		0.0.0.0.0.0.000
ter: bootp			Expression.	Clear Apply
. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
3 0.110993				590 DHCP discover - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP Offer - Transaction ID 0x83952000
5 0.150004	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0xbdaa1562
6 0.154213	5.5.5.2	5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0xbdaa1562
7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0x83952d00
9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP	594 DHCP Discover - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
	0 10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP Offer - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
11 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP	594 DHCP Request - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
12 10.163676	5 10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP ACK - Transaction ID 0xc48e620
Client IP ac Your (client Next server Relay agent Client MAC a Client hardw Server host Boot file na Magic cookie	vare address paddir name not given ume not given e: DHCP	0.0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 0 (0.0.0.0) 1:27:b1 (00:15:65:11 g: 000000000000000000000000000000000000	000	

The following figure shows the DHCP Offer message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sends a DHCP Offer message with the Option 132):

Ele E	dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o		tistics Telephony <u>T</u> ools In 🔍 🗢 🐟 😜 🏹 🙅	ternals <u>H</u> el			8 % 3			
-						W 🙂 (😬 🎶 🕊			
Filter:	bootp			Expression	Clear Apply					
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info					
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP		- Transaction			
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP		- Transaction			
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP			- Transaction			
1	2 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Transaction	ID 0xc48e620		
Y(Re C C B B B B C B C B C B C B C B C B C	bur (client) ext server I elay agent I lient MAC ad lient hardwa erver host n bot file nam agic cookie: ption: (t=53 ption: (t=51 ption: (t=59 ption: (t=58 ption: (t=58) ption: (t=58)	re address paddin ame: mid0507-dc2a e not given DHCP ,l=1) DHCP Messag l=4) subnet Mask ,l=4) IP Address ,l=4) Rebinding T ,l=4) Renewal Tim	5.18 (5.5.5.18) 2 (5.5.5.2) 0 (0.0.0.0) 1:27:bl (00:15:65:11: g: 000000000000000000 398 e Type = DHCP Offer = 255.255.255.0 Lease Time = 6 hours ime value = 5 hours, e value = 3 hours	00	s					
		1=4) Router = 5.5	.5.1 fined (vendor specifi	c)						
EL EL EL	otion. (t=22 otion: (t=12	2,1=1) Unassigned 8,1=5) DOCSIS ful		[тово]						
0110 0120 0130	ff ff 00 33 04 00 00 2a	00 00 63 82 53 0 04 00 00 54 60 30 03 04 05 05 0	63 35 01 02 01 04 ff 3b 04 00 00 49 d4 3a 05 01 84 03 31 31 31 34 36 04 05 05 05 02		, șc5 T ; <u></u> d =40					

The following figure shows the DHCP message received by the IP phone (DHCP server sent the ACK message to the phone):

<u>File</u>	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>G</u> o	Capture Analyze Statist	ics Telephon <u>y T</u> ools <u>I</u> n	ternals <u>H</u> elp							
		🕒 🛃 🗶 🎜 🗏	् 🔶 🛸 🥥 7 👱		Q 🖭	🖬 🗹 🖠	8 % 1	1			
Filter:	bootp		•	Expression Clear	r Apply						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol Ler	ngth Info						
	3 0.110993	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Discover	- Trans	action I	0x83952d00		
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18		342 DHCP				0x83952d00		
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255) 0xbdaa1562		
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18		342 DHCP				0xbdaa1562		
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255						0x83952d00	-	
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP				0x83952d00		
	9 10.068604	0.0.0.0 10.10.111.254	255.255.255.255		346 DHCP				0 0xc48e620 0 0xc48e620	_	
	10 10.0/40/9		10.10.111.2 255.255.255.255						0 0xc48e620 0 0xc48e620		
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2		346 DHCP				0xc48e620		
	12 10.1030/0	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DITCH	JAO DICP	ACK	- 11 4113	accion in	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
<u> ا</u>		iress: 0.0.0.0 (0.0.									
	Next server 1 telay agent 1 Client MAC ac Client hardwa server host r Magic cookie: option: (t=53 option: (t=51 option: (t=55 option: (t=55 option: (t=55 option: (t=55 option: (t=54) option: (t=54) option: (t=14)	<pre>ure address padding: wame: mid0507-dc2a3; enot given DHCP :,l=1) DHCP Message 1-4) Subnet Mask = .,l=4) IP Address Le .,l=4) Rehinding Tim i,l=4) Renewal Time 1-4) Router = 5.5.5; (2,1=3) PKC = undefinder</pre>	(5.5.2) (0.0.0.0) 27:b1 (00:15:65:11: 0000000000000000000000000000000000	00 15 minutes							
⊕ C ⊕ C	ption: (t=12		security server IP dentifier = 5.5.5.2								

After obtaining the VLAN ID from DHCP server, the IP phone will release the leased IP address (5.5.5.18) and start a new DHCP Discover message with the VLAN-tag 111.

The following figure shows the DHCP messages received by the IP phone:

File F	dit View Go	Canture Analyze Statist	ics Telephony <u>T</u> ools Int	arnak Hala							
			_								
			् 🗢 🛸 😜 7 👱		Q Q 🗹	😹 🖄 🕇	5 % 🕰				
Filter:	bootp		-	Expression	Clear Apply						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info						
	3 0.110993	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255	DHCP	590 DHCP	Discover	- Transactio	n ID 0x83952d0	0		
	4 0.115183		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			n ID 0x83952d0			
	5 0.150004		255.255.255.255	DHCP				n ID Oxbdaa156			
	6 0.154213		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			n ID Oxbdaa156			
	7 0.200977		255.255.255.255	DHCP				n ID 0x83952d0			
	8 0.205328		5.5.5.18	DHCP	342 DHCP			n ID 0x83952d0			
	9 10.068604		255.255.255.255	DHCP				n ID 0xc48e620			
		10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP			n ID 0xc48e620			
	1 10.161676		255.255.255.255	DHCP				n ID 0xc48e620			
1	12 10.163676	10.10.111.254	10.10.111.2	DHCP	346 DHCP	ACK	- Transactio	n ID 0xc48e620			
<					m						- F
	Jource: cisco LAN tag: VLA Identifier: 000 00000 ype: IP (0x0 ype: IP (0x0 ype: IP (0x0 ernet Protoc r Datagram P proto essage type: ardware type ardware type ardware type ardware type identifies of the type ardware type identifies of the type identifies of		:5:3:42:c4) t: Effort (default) (0x8300) : Best Effort (defa tonical (0) 1 10.10.111.254 (10.1 bootps (67), Dst Po).111.254),		111.2 (10	.10.111.2)			 	
0030	06 00 0c 48	e6 20 00 00 00 00	00 00 00 00 0a 0a	H							
0040	6f 02 00 00	00 00 00 00 00 00	00 15 65 11 27 b1	0.							

After this process, the phone has obtained an IP address (10.10.111.2) from the DHCP server in the VLAN 111.

Manual Configuration for VLAN

VLAN is disabled on IP phones by default. You can configure VLAN via the web user interface or phone user interface or using configuration files. Before configuring VLAN on the IP phone, you need to obtain the VLAN ID from your network administrator. When you configure the VLAN feature, the most important issue is to confirm the type of the connected port (access, trunk, and hybrid) on the switch. This ensures that the traffics (tagged/untagged) from the IP phones can be transmitted properly. VLAN feature could affect the ability of the IP phones to function in the network. Contact your network administrator for more information before configuration.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the Internet (WAN) port and PC port respectively.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network via Web User Interface

The followings take configurations of a SIP-T46G IP phone running firmware version 81 as examples.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

2. Click on Network->Advanced.

- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of WAN Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

7 is the highest priority.

					Log Out English(English)
Yealink 1466	Status	Network DS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active Packet Interval (1~3600s)	Enabled 60	•	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜				physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured
Advanced		Active	Enabled	•	through software instead of physically relocating devices or
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment
	WAN Port	Active	Enabled	•	method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
		VID (1-4094)	77		configuration->DHCP VLAN
		Priority	5	•	NAT Traversal It is a general term for
	PC Port	Active	Disabled	•	techniques that establish and
		VID (1-4094)	1		maintain IP connections traversing NAT gateways. STUN
		Priority	0	•	is one of the NAT traversal techniques.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	You can configure NAT traversal
		Option (1-255)	132		for the IP phone.

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

To configure VLAN for PC port via web user interface:

1. Log into the web user interface with the administrator credential.

The default administrator user name and password are both "admin".

- 2. Click on Network->Advanced.
- 3. In the VLAN block, select the desired value from the pull-down list of PC Port Active.
- 4. Enter the VLAN ID in the VID (1-4094) field.
- 5. Select the desired value (0-7) from the pull-down list of **Priority**.

7 is the highest priority.

Yealink 1466					Log Out English(English) V
	Status Account	t Network DS	SKey Features	Settings	Directory Security
Basic	LLDP 🕜				NOTE
PC Port		Active Packet Interval (1~3600s)	Enabled 60	•	VLAN It is used to logically divide a
NAT	CDP 🕜	,			physical network into several broadcast domains. VLAN membership can be configured
Advanced		Active	Disabled	*	through software instead of physically relocating devices or
Wi-Fi		Packet Interval (1~3600s)	60		connections.
	VLAN 🕜				The priority of VLAN assignment method (from highest to lowest) :LLDP/CDP->manual
	WAN Port	Active	Disabled	•	configuration->DHCP VLAN
		VID (1-4094)	1		NAT Traversal It is a general term for
		Priority	0	¥	techniques that establish and maintain IP connections
	PC Port	Active	Enabled	•	traversing NAT gateways. STUN is one of the NAT traversal
		VID (1-4094)	76		techniques.
		Priority	3	•	You can configure NAT traversal for the IP phone.
	DHCP VLAN	Active	Enabled	•	Quality of Service (QoS)
		Option (1-255)	132		It is the ability to provide different priorities for different

6. Click **Confirm** to accept the change.

The web user interface prompts the warning "Some settings you changed take effect when you restart your machine! Do you want to reboot now?".

7. Click **OK** to reboot the IP phone.

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port via phone user interface:

- 1. Press Menu->Advanced (password: admin) ->Network->VLAN->WAN Port.
- 2. Press () or (), or the Switch soft key to select the desired value from VLAN Status field.
- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID Number field.
- 4. Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.

7 is the highest priority.

	WA	N Port	
1. VLAN Status	:	Enabled	$\triangleleft \triangleright$
2. VID Number	:	77	
3. Priority:		5	
Back	123	Delete	Save

5. Press the **Save** soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

To configure VLAN for PC port via phone user interface:

- 1. Press Menu->Advanced (password: admin) ->Network->VLAN->PC Port.
- 2. Press (\cdot) or (\cdot) , or the **Switch** soft key to select the desired value from **VLAN Status**

field.

- 3. Enter the VLAN ID (1-4094) in the VID Number field.
- 4. Enter the desired value (0 to 7) in the **Priority** field.

	PC	2 Port	
1. VLAN Statu	IS:	Enabled	$\triangleleft \triangleright$
2. VID Numbe	er:	76	
3. Priority:		3	
Back	123	Delete	Save

7 is the highest priority.

5. Press the Save soft key to accept the change.

The IP phone reboots automatically to make settings effective after a period of time.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wired Network Using Configuration Files

The following IP phones use the new auto provisioning mechanism:

- SIP-T58A/CP960 IP phones running firmware version 80 or later
- SIP-T48G/T48S/T46G/T46S/T42G/T42S/T41P/T41S/T40P/T40G/T29G/T27G/T23P/T23G/T 21(P) E2/T19(P) E2 IP, CP860, CP920, W60P, W52P and W56P phones running firmware version 81 or later
- VP59, W53P and CP930W-Base IP phones running firmware version 83 or later
- SIP-T57W/T54W/T53W/T53/T48U/T46U/T43U IP phones running firmware version 84 or later

Other IP phones or the IP phones listed above running old firmware version use the old auto provisioning mechanism.

For Old Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

 Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000028.cfg).

ParametersPermitted ValuesDefaultnetwork.vlan.internet_port_enable0 or 10

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default		
Description:				
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the In	ternet		
(WAN) port.				
0-Disabled				
1-Enabled				
network.vlan.internet_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1		
Description:				
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.			
Network.vlan.internet_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0		
Description:				
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN	packets.			
Network.vlan.pc_port_enable	0 or 1	0		
Description:				
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the PC	C port.		
0-Disabled				
1-Enabled				
network.vlan.pc_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1		
Description:				
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.			
Network.vlan.pc_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0		
Description:	1	L		
• * * * *				

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

network.vlan.internet_port_enable = 1

network.vlan.internet_port_vid = 77

network.vlan.internet_port_priority = 5

network.vlan.pc_port_enable = 1

network.vlan.pc_port_vid = 76

network.vlan.pc_port_priority = 3

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2 Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

For New Auto Provisioning Mechanism

To configure VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port using configuration file:

1. Add/Edit VLAN for Internet (WAN) port and PC port parameters in the configuration file (e.g., static.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default	
static.network.vlan.internet_port_enable	0 or 1	0	
Description:			
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the In	ternet	
(WAN) port.			
0 -Disabled			
1-Enabled			
static.network.vlan.internet_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1	
Description:			
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the	particular VLAN.		
Static.network.vlan.internet_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0	
Description:			
Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN	packets.		
Static.network.vlan.pc_port_enable	0 or 1	0	
Description:			
Enables or disables the IP phone to tag VLAN ID	in packets sent from the PC	C port.	
0 -Disabled			
1-Enabled			
static.network.vlan.pc_port_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1	
Description:	1	1	

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default				
Configures the VLAN ID that associates with the particular VLAN.						
Static.network.vlan.pc_port_priority	Integer from 0 to 7	0				
Description: Specifies the priority used for transmitting VLAN packets.						

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

static.network.vlan.internet_port_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.internet_port_vid = 77

static.network.vlan.internet_port_priority = 5

static.network.vlan.pc_port_enable = 1

static.network.vlan.pc_port_vid = 76

static.network.vlan.pc_port_priority = 3

Reference the configuration file in the boot file (e.g., y000000000000.boot).
 Example:

include:config "http://10.2.1.158/static.cfg"

- 3. Upload the boot file and configuration file to the root directory of the provisioning server.
- Trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for a configuration update.
 For more information on auto provisioning, refer to the latest Auto Provisioning Guide on Yealink Technical Support.

Configuring VLAN Feature in the Wireless Network

You can enable or disable VLAN, and set specific VLAN IDs and priorities for the wireless network. It is only applicable to SIP VP-T49G IP phones. VLAN feature in the wireless network can be configured using the configuration files only.

To configure the VLAN feature in the wireless network using the configuration file:

 Add/Edit VLAN for wireless network parameters in the configuration file (e.g., y00000000051.cfg).

The following table shows the information of parameters:

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default
wifi.vlan_enable	0 or 1	0
Description:		

Parameters	Permitted Values	Default					
Enables or disables VLAN discovery feature in the wireless network for the IP phone.							
0 -Disabled							
1-Enabled							
network.vlan.wifi_enable 0 or 1 0							
Description:							
Enables or disables manual configuration of VLA	N feature in the wireless netw	vork for the					
IP phone.							
0 -Disabled							
1-Enabled							
1-Enabled network.vlan.wifi_vid	Integer from 1 to 4094	1					
	Integer from 1 to 4094	1					
network.vlan.wifi_vid		1					
network.vlan.wifi_vid Description:		1					
network.vlan.wifi_vid Description: Configures VLAN ID in the wireless network for t	he IP phone.						

The following shows an example of VLAN configuration in configuration files:

```
wifi.vlan_enable = 1
network.vlan.wifi_enable = 1
network.vlan.wifi_vid = 77
network.vlan.wifi_priority = 3
```

2. Upload configuration files to the root directory of the provisioning server and trigger IP phones to perform an auto provisioning for configuration update.

For more information on auto provisioning, refer to *Yealink_SIP-T2 Series_T19(P) E2_T4_Series_CP860_W56P_IP_Phones_Auto_Provisioning_Guide*.

Verifying the Configuration

The IP phone reboots after VLAN feature has been enabled. After starting up, the IP phone will be assigned with a subnet address defined for VLAN 77.

The following figure shows the VLAN ID sent and received by the IP phone:

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		2.4				10.2					8.216												010	310.	2.8.	210	5:50	62,	wit	th	se	ssid	on c	escr	ipti	on
		2.4				10.2					1.199		SIP					100																		
		3.6				10.2					1.199		SIP					180																		
		3.6				10.2					11.216		SIP					180																		
		4.4				10.2					1.199			/SDP																						
		4.4				10.2					11.216			/SDP														ion								
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Appendix

Appendix A: Glossary

IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) –a professional association headquartered in New York City that is dedicated to advancing technological innovation and excellence.

TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association) –accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) to develop voluntary, consensus-based industry standards for a wide variety of ICT products.

IEEE 802.3 –a working group and a collection of IEEE standards produced by the working group defining the physical layer and data link layer's media access control (MAC) of wired Ethernet.

Port-based VLAN –a port-based VLAN is a group of ports on a Gigabit Ethernet Switch that form a logical Ethernet segment. Each port of a port-based VLAN can belong to only one VLAN at a time.

Port and Protocol-based VLAN –initially defined in IEEE 802.1v (currently amended as part of 802.1Q-2003) enables data frame classification and assignment to unique VLANs based on the received data frame type and the protocol information in its payload.

TPID (tag protocol identifier) –a 16-bit field set to a value of 0x8100 in order to identify the frame as an IEEE 802.1Q-tagged frame. It is used to distinguish the frame from untagged frames.

PCP (Priority Code Point) –a 3-bit field which refers to the IEEE 802.1p priority. It indicates the frame priority level. Values are from 0 (best effort) to 7 (highest); 1 represents the lowest priority.

CFI (Canonical Format Indicator) –used for compatibility reason between Ethernet type network and Token Ring type network. It is always set to zero for Ethernet switches. If a frame received at an Ethernet port has a CFI set to 1, then that frame should not be forwarded as it is to an untagged port.

Appendix B: System Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their system names:

Model	System Name
CP860	CP860
CP920	SIP-CP920
CP960	SIP-CP960
W52P/W56P	W52P
W60P/W53P/CP930W-Base	SIP-W60B
VP59	VP59
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58
SIP VP-T49G	SIP VP-T49G
SIP-T57W	SIP-T57W
SIP-T54W	SIP-T54W
SIP-T53W	SIP-T53W
SIP-T53	SIP-T53
SIP-T48U	SIP-T48U
SIP-T48G	SIP-T48G
SIP-T48S	SIP-T48S
SIP-T46U	SIP-T46U
SIP-T46G	SIP-T46G
SIP-T46S	SIP-T46S
SIP-T43U	SIP-T43U
SIP-T42G	SIP-T42G
SIP-T42S	SIP-T42S
SIP-T41P	SIP-T41P
SIP-T41S	SIP-T41S
SIP-T40P	SIP-T40P
SIP-T40G	SIP-T40G
SIP-T29G	SIP-T29G
SIP-T27G	SIP-T27G

Model	System Name
SIP-T23P	SIP-T23P
SIP-T23G	SIP-T23G
SIP-T21(P) E2	SIP-T21P_E2
SIP-T19(P) E2	SIP-T19P_E2

Appendix C: Model Names

The following table outlines the Yealink phone models and their model names:

Model	Model Name
CP860	CP860
CP920	CP920
CP960	SIP-CP960
W52P/W56P	W52P
W60P/W53P/CP930W-Base	W600
VP59	VP59
SIP-T58A	SIP-T58
SIP VP-T49G	T49
SIP-T57W	T57W
SIP-T54W	T54W
SIP-T53W	T53W
SIP-T53	Т53
SIP-T48U	T48U
SIP-T48G	T48
SIP-T48S	T48S
SIP-T46U	T46U
SIP-T46G	T46
SIP-T46S	T46S
SIP-T43U	T43U
SIP-T42G	T42
SIP-T42S	T42S

Model	Model Name
SIP-T41P	T41
SIP-T41S	T41S
SIP-T40P	T40
SIP-T40G	T40G
SIP-T29G	Т29
SIP-T27G	Т27
SIP-T23P/G	Т23
SIP-T21(P) E2	T21P_E2
SIP-T19(P) E2	T19P_E2

Appendix D: Power Values

The following table outlines the power value sent in LLDP-MED:

Model	Power Value
CP860	8100mW
CP920	7000mW
CP960	12000mW
W53P/W60P/CP930W-Base	4000mW
W52P/W56P	1500mW
VP59	12900mW
SIP-T58A	11400mW
SIP-T57W	10500mW
SIP-T54W	7000mW
SIP-T53W/T53	7000mW
SIP-T48U	10500mW
SIP-T48G	10600mW
SIP-T48S	10800mW
SIP-T46U	7000mW
SIP-T46G	8000mW
SIP-T46S	7600mW

Model	Power Value
SIP-T43U	7000mW
SIP-T42G	5900mW
SIP-T42S	6800mW
SIP-T41P	3200mW
SIP-T41S	12500mW
SIP-T40P	5300mW
SIP-T40G	6000mW
SIP-T29G	8100mW
SIP-T27G	7100mW
SIP-T23P	6500mW
SIP-T23G	8200mW
SIP-T21P E2	6500mW
SIP-T19P E2	5000mW

Appendix E: Normative References

IEEE 802.3: http://www.ieee802.org/3/

LLDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12.2_55_se/configuration/guide/swlldp.html

CDP on Cisco Switch:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/lan/catalyst3750/software/release/12-2_55_se/ configuration/guide/scg3750/swcdp.html

Customer Feedback

We are striving to improve our documentation quality and we appreciate your feedback. Email your opinions and comments to DocsFeedback@yealink.com.