

Yealink Device Management Platform Quick Start Guide

Applies to version 3.5.0.20 or late

Overview

Yealink Device Management Platform (YDMP) allows administrators to realize centralized management for Yealink IP phones, Skype for Business HD T4XS IP phones, video conferencing systems, MVC series and others in the same enterprise.

Getting Started

Hardware and Software Requirements

YDMP supports the stand-alone installation and the cluster installation since version 3.5.0.20. Different installation methods has different hardware and software requirements.

For virtual machine, we support VMware ESXi in version 6.5 or later. For Linux operating system, we support CentOS7.5 and CentOS8.1 (supported since version 3.5.0.20).

Requirements for stand-alone installation:

Device Quantity	CPU	RAM	Hard Drive
0~6000	8-core	16G	At least 250G, and the capacity of the hard drive increases by 30G with every 1000 devices added.
6000~15000	16-core	32G	
15000~30000	32-core	64G	351.333 3333.

Requirements for each server in cluster installation:

(3 servers are required and the requirements for each server are the same):

Device Quantity	CPU	RAM	Hard Drive
0~30000	8-core	16G	At least 250G for 6000 devices, and the capacity of the hard drive should be increased by 30G with every 1000 devices added.
30000~50000	8-core	24G	
50000~100000	16-core	24G	

Port Requirements

You need open five ports for YDMP: 443, 8446, 9989, 9090, and 80. We do not recommend that you modify those ports.

Installing YDMP

Before you begin

- One device running CentOS.
- Your hardware, software and ports should meet the requirements.
- Obtain the latest installation package of YDMP from the Yealink distributor or SE and then save it at the path /usr/local.

Note: If you want to upgrade YDMP to the version later than 3.5.0.20 (including 3.5.0.20), you can install it directly.

Procedure

- 1. Log into CentOS as the root user and open the terminal.
- 2. Run the command below:

cd /usr/local

tar zxvf DM-release-3.5.0.20.tar.gz

cd yealink_install/

tar zxvf install.tar.gz

./install

##This is the single NIC deployment, for more information, refer to the administrator guide.##

- 3. For the stand-alone installation, select A. If you do not select one within 30 seconds, the system will select A automatically. Enter the IP address according to the prompts. If the server has only one IP address, enter it. If the server has several IP addresses, enter the internal IP address.
- 4. For the cluster deployment, select B and edit the configuration template usr/local/yealink/data/install.conf.
 - If it is the deployment of single NIC (the internal or external network), you only need to edit the ip=x.x.x.x in the master node.
 - If it is the deployment of dual NIC (the internal and the external network), you need to edit ip=x.x.x.x as the internal IP address and wan_ip=x.x.x.x as the external IP address. You need to edit the internal and external IP address in the corresponding field.
 - After editing the parameter, you need to delete the comment symbol # in front of the parameter.
 - You need to employ the domain name for the following configuration:

```
microdm tcp server address
```

microdm_mail_web_domain

microdm domain

```
[global]
 ansible_ssh_user = root #The default value is root user. It is used to log into the back-end server.

ansible_ssh_pass = xxxxxxxxxx #The login password of the user. We recommend that you set the same password for all
  ansible_ssh_private_key_file=nodes to edit them together in the global settings.
ansible_become = true
                                                                 #The non-root user should configure these two items. The
  ansible_become_pass = XXXXXXX
                                                                     vord is same with the above one.
  nginx_http_listen_port = 80
  nginx_https_listen_port = 443
 # nginx_http_redirect_https = false
microdm_tcp_server_address = itsptcp.yealinkops.com connect to YDMP through TCP connection.
# microdm_service_default_domain = https://dm.domain.com
 microdm_service_deradit_domain = https://itspdm.yealinkops.com<sub>#Edit it as the domain name</sub>
 microdm_domain = itspdm.yealinkops.com
                                                                                             for accessing YDMP.
  common_ipv6_disable = true
[manager-master]
ip=192.168.102.13
wan_ip=10.200.112.27
                                      #Master node
# ansible_ssh_user=root
                                                    The same as microdm_mail_web_domain.
                                                                                       #You do not need to edit
[manager-slave-1]
 ip=192.168.102.8
                                                                                       use among cluster servers.
 wan_ip=10.200.112.34
                                                  #Sub-master node
[manager-slave-2]
 ip=192.168.102.15
 wan_ip=10.200.112.93
[business-1]
# ip=x.x.x.x
[business-2]
  ip=x.x.x.x
[business-3]
# ip=x.x.x.x
[dfs-server-1]
  ip=x.x.x.x
[dfs-server-2]
  ip=x.x.x.x
[dfs-server-3]
```

The installation starts and takes some time to finish. For the cluster deployment, you can use the domain name to log into YDMP if your installation successes.

Logging into YDMP

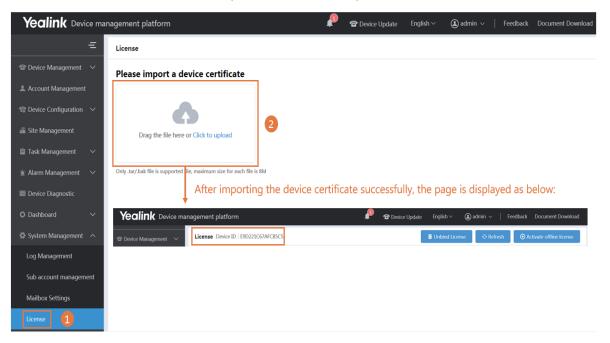
- 1. Open a web browser.
- 2. Enter https://<IP address>/ (for example: https://10.2.62.12/) in the address box.
- 3. Optional: select a desired language.
- 4. Enter your username (default: admin) and the password (default: v123456789), and click Login.
- 5. If it is the first time you log into the platform, the system will remind you to change the password. After that, you can go to the Home page of YDMP.

Activating the License

After activating the license, you can manage your devices via YDMP.

Step1: Importing the Device Certificate

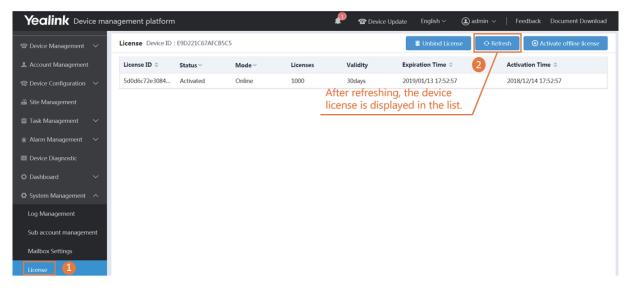
- 1. Obtain the device certificate from your service provider by submitting the company name, the distributor name and the country.
- 2. Follow the instructions in the picture below to upload the certificate.



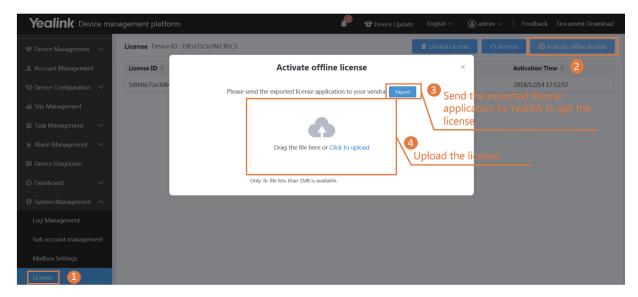
Step2: Activating the License

- 1. You need purchase the corresponding service and obtain the authorization for the device management.
- 2. If the server can access the public network, you can activate the license online. Otherwise, you can activate the license offline.

X Online



X Offline



Importing the Lastest Parameter Configuration File

If your YDMP is upgraded from a lower version, you must import the lastest parameter configuration file. Otherwise, you cannot use some device models. You can update the configuration by downloading the latest configuration file from Yealink official website. If the configuration is updated, the parameters in the template will be updated synchronously. You can download the latest configuration file from http://support.yealink.com/documentFront/forwardToDocumentDetailPage?documentId=243



Importing the HTTPS Certificate

For the cluster deployment, you need to import HTTPS certificate. Otherwise, it will affect the mutual authentication between the phone and the server and cause the failure of pushing the configuration and firmware.

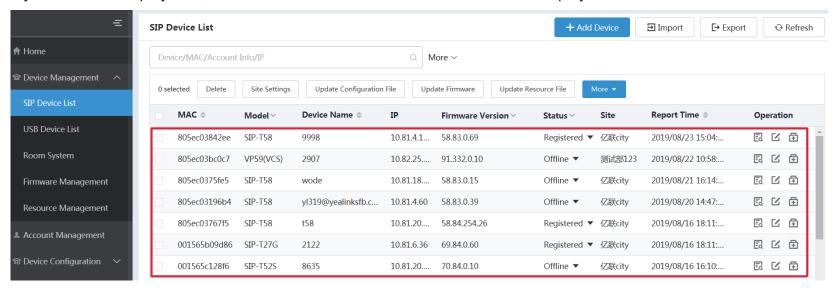
- 1. Run command: cd /usr/local/yealink/nginx/conf/ssl/.
- 2. Replace the content in the nginx.pem file with the one in HTTPS certificate.
- 3. Run command: systemctl restart nginx

Deploying the SIP Device

- 1. Connect the device to the network.
- 2. The device and the server perform mutual TLS authentication using default certificates.
- 3. Obtain the server address:
 - With a running provisioning server, you need to configure the corresponding Common.cfg file (for example, <y0000000000xx>.cfg).
 In the corresponding Common.cfg file, do the following:
 - ① If the firmware does not support YMDP, you need configure the parameters.
 - ② Configure the provisioning URL to connect the device to YDMP.
 - Without a running provisioning server, you can obtain the server address via the DHCP option 66, 43, 160 or 161.

The DHCP option value must meet this format: https://<IP address>/dm.cfg (for example: https://10.2.62.12/dm.cfg).

After you finish the deployment, the device will be connected to YDMP and be displayed in the Device List.



Deploying the MVC Series

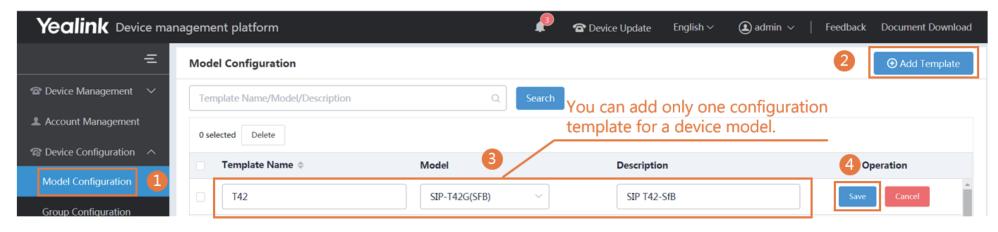
On your MTouch, open Yealink Room Connect, go to **Remote Management**, and configure the related parameters. After that, the MVC series will be connected to YDMP automatically.

Deploying the USB Devices

Open USB Device Manager client, go to **Config DM Server**, and complete the corresponding configuration. The USB Device will be connected to the device management platform automatically.

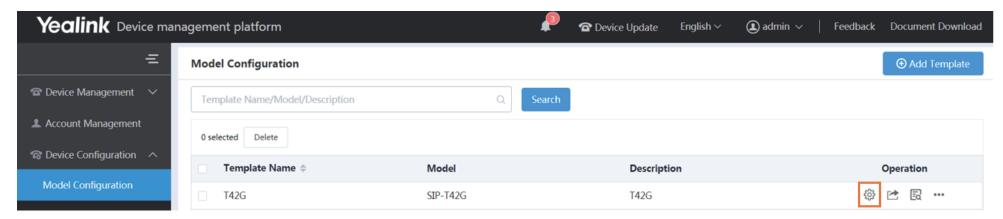
Managing the Configuration

X Adding the Configuration Template

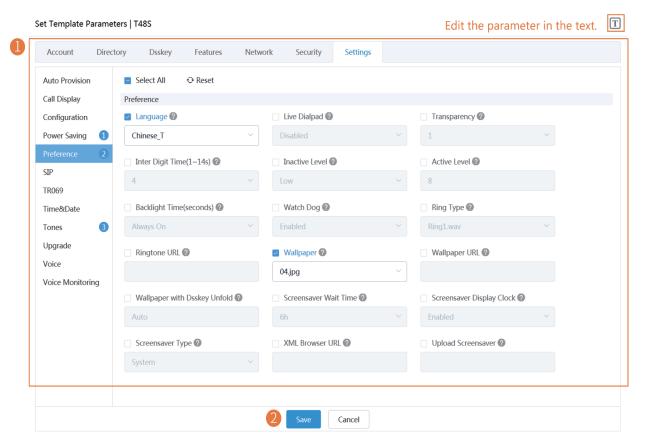


X Configuring and Updating the Parameter to the Device

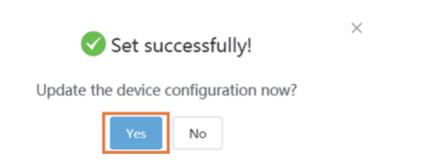
Step 1: click to go to the Set Template Parameters page.



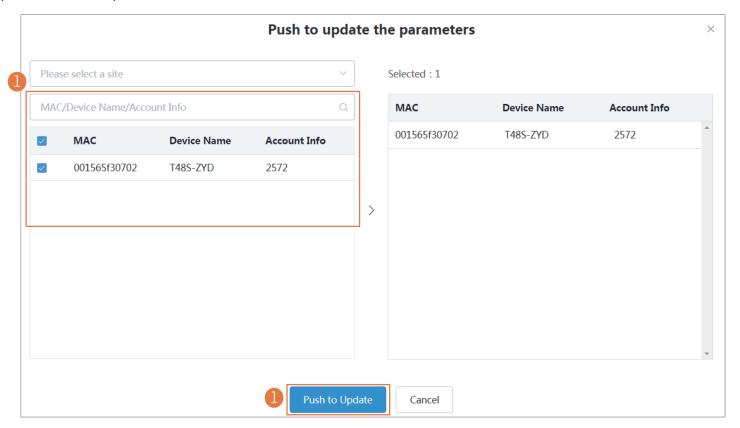
Step 2: Configure the parameters.



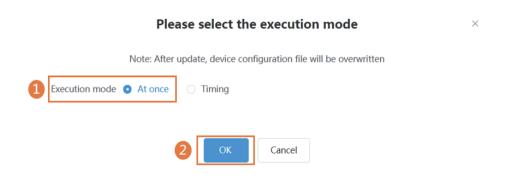
Step3: Update the device configuration file immediately.



Step 4: Push the parameters to update it.

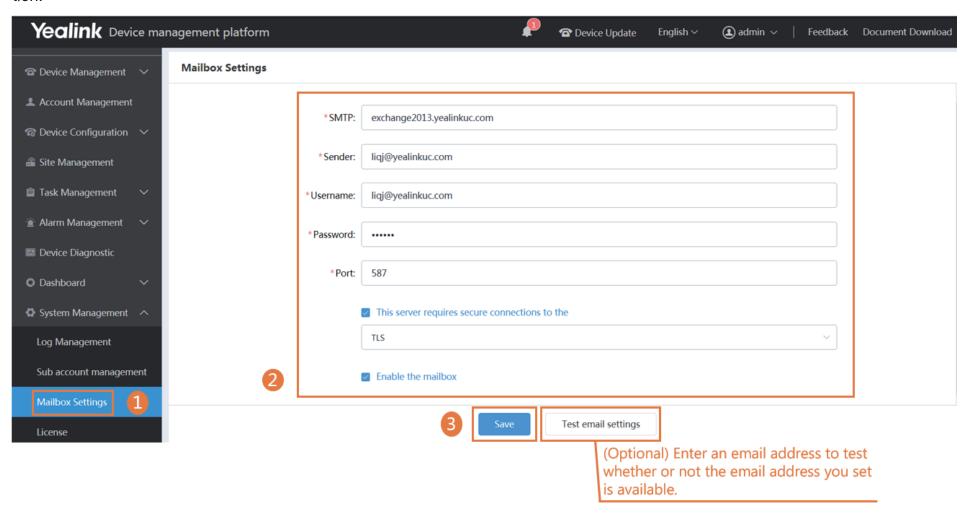


Step 5: Select the execution mode.



Setting the SMTP Mailbox

SMTP mailbox can be used to send the related information to the users or the administrators, such as the alarm and the account information.



Managing the Alarm

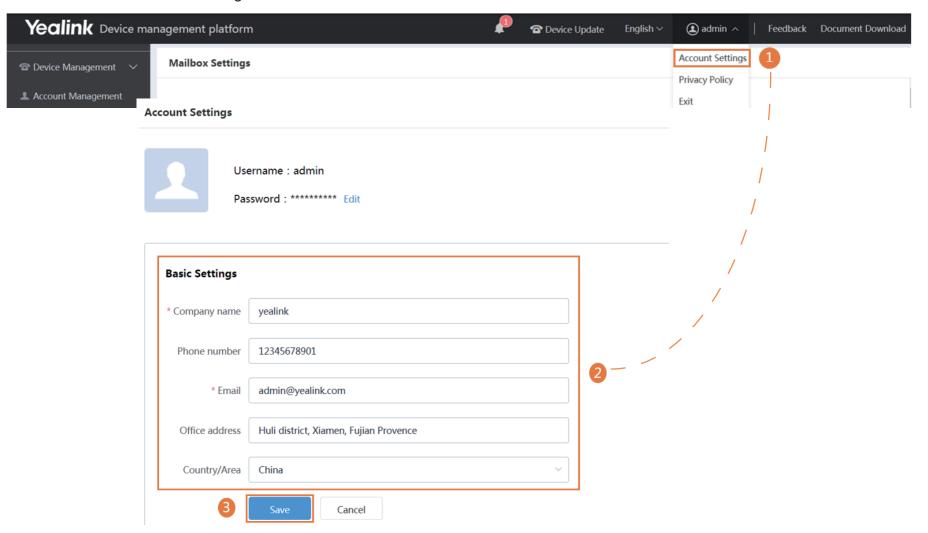
When the devices are abnormal, they will send alarms to the platform. You can solve the problem by managing the alarms.

Before you begin

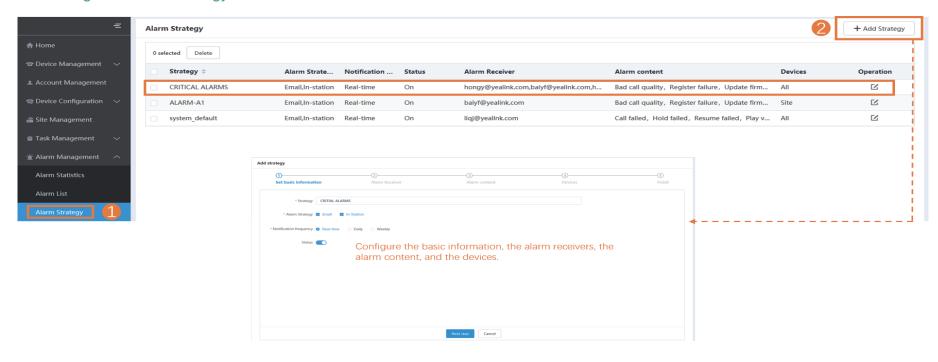
You set the SMTP mailbox (on page 9).

Editing the Mailbox

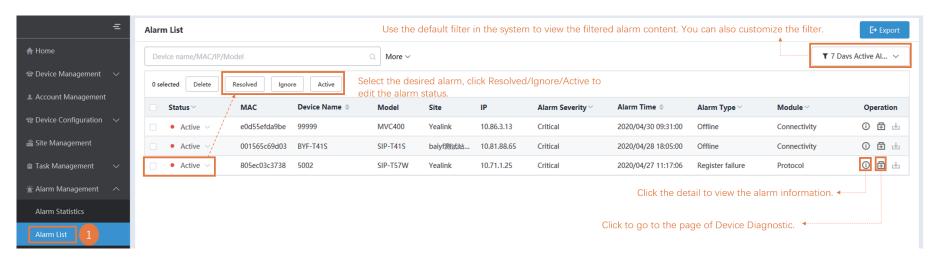
This mailbox is used for receiving the alarm and the account information.



Adding the Alarm Strategy



X Viewing the Alarm



More Information

For more information about YDMP, refer to http://support.yealink.com/.